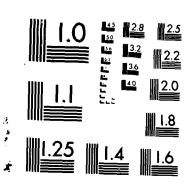
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TECHNICAL REPORT BRL-TR-2759

AN AUTOMATED SYSTEM FOR THE CONTROL OF, AND DATA ACQUISITION FROM MULTIPHOTON IONIZATION AND FLUORESCENCE LIFETIME MEASUREMENTS

Mark A. DeWilde

September 1986

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An automated system for data acquisition and o						
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taken with the system on a multiphoton ionization s						
shown, and all necessary additional control systems						
believed by the author that the IEEE-488 control sy						
work represents a superior interface for the Dec PI						
available from the manufacturer. The software pack						
easily altered to support a wide range of IEEE-488	bus controllable devices.					

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I. INTRODUCTION

In a previous report, a general purpose laboratory data acquisition and control system was described. The systems addressed in this work build upon that system, to provide the means to take fast transient pulse measurements in laboratory optical experiments. In the case of the fluorescence lifetime measurements, a chemical species is excited with a short (20 nanosecond) pulse of laser light at various wavelengths, and the radiative lifetime is measured by observing the fluorescence with a fast photomultiplier tube. The voltage pulse is amplified and sent to a Tektronix model 7912AD transient digitizer, which digitizes and stores the signal. In order to use this data, a computer is required to control the 7912AD and to take the stored waveform and make the data available to the user in numerical form. The 7912AD uses the IEEE-488 standard interface as its means of communications with the host computer. For complete information on the 7912AD, the reader is referred to Reference 2.

The multiphoton ionization experiments consist of using a single pulse, or two simultaneous pulses, of laser light to pump atomic species through excited levels to ionization. The energy required for ionization is supplied in these cases by more than one photon of light, unlike the lifetime work. The signals to be detected fall into two categories: light pulses, as in the fluorescence work, and electrical signals from direct ion pickup. Both signals again take the form of very fast transient electrical pulses and are acquired via the 7912AD digitizer. In addition, due to the nature of the measurements, other features of the experimental setup were automated. The scanning of laser wavelength, the opening and closing of a shutter, the movement of a burner system, and the switching of a high voltage power supply were automated in order to do various types of experiments, and to subtract noise from the useful signal.

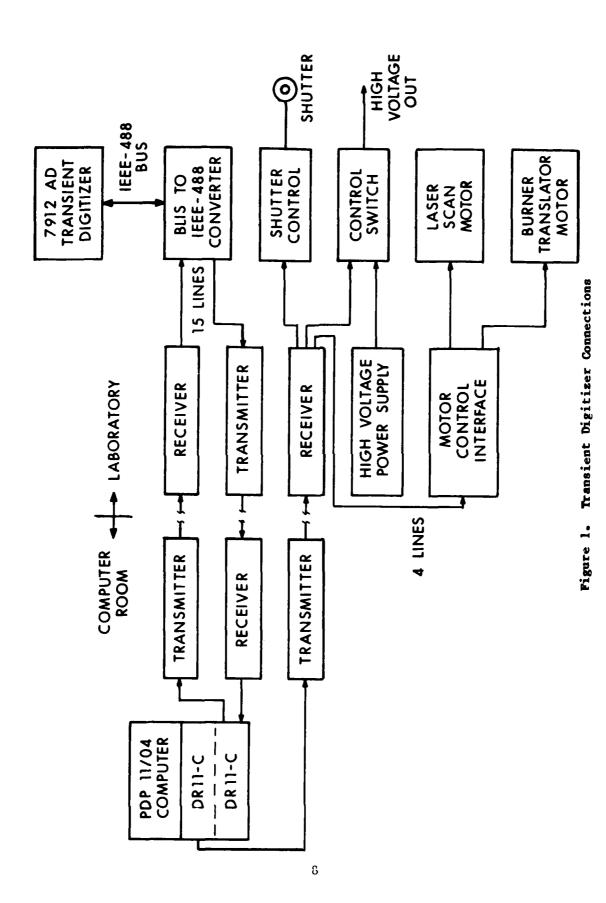
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The remainder of this report will be devoted to the description of the hardware and software systems that were developed in order to fill the needs of these two experimental studies, and to the philosophy of the data acquisition and control programs. These adhere to most of the rules that are laid down in Reference 3, departing only where pragmatism demanded. As the hardware and software is built upon the systems described in Reference 1, the reader is assumed to be familiar with the content of that report. This report is broken into three main sections: the hardware interfaces, the hardware drivers, and the user software systems.

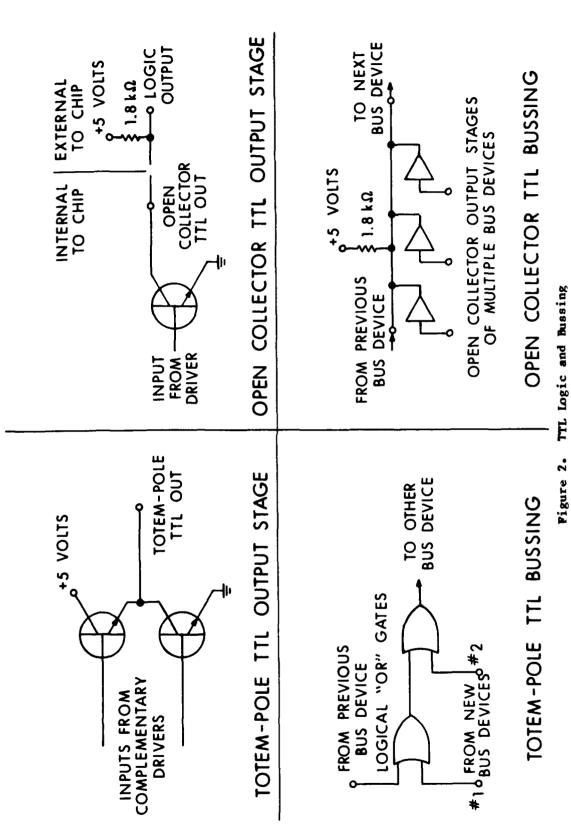
II. THE HARDWARE INTERFACES

The overall configuration of the connections of the 7912AD transient digitizer to the computer systems is shown in Figure 1. The computer and the Binary Laboratory Interface System (BLIS) are described in Reference 1.

Basically, the BLIS units provide 2 sets of totem pole TTL logic signals at the laboratory: 18 input lines, and 18 output lines. These lines appear to the software as individual bits in registers and are programmed as such. In this interfacing, only 15 of the 18 bits are actually used. A transmitter receiver pair of boards are used since the IEEE-488 interface uses open collector inverted logic. In this scheme, a logical "0" is indicated on a line when the voltage on that line is above 3.5 volts. A logical "1" is indicated by a voltage of less than 0.8 volts. The term "open collector" refers to the internal arrangement of components in the logic gate. Figure 2



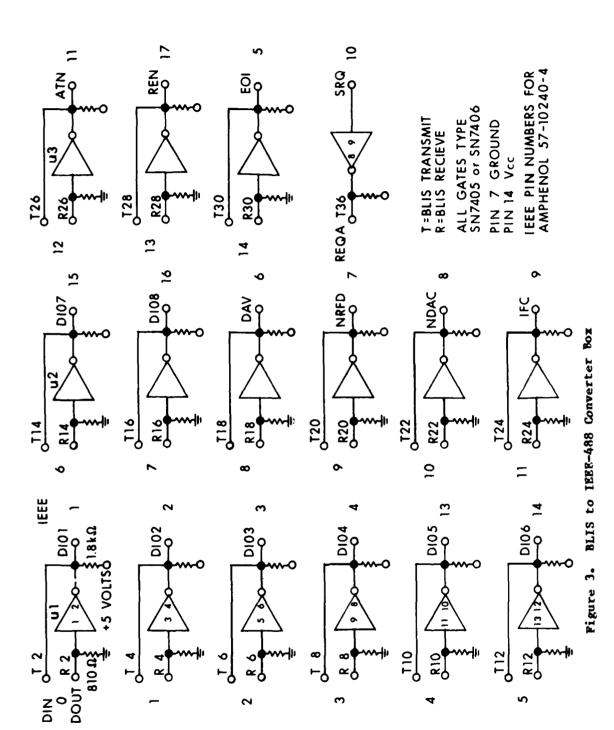
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shows the two types of TTL logic and the means of establishing bus structures. In totem-pole TTL, a transistor is used to actively supply current from the circuit's +5 volt supply to the external logic elements on a gate. The low output voltage level is produced by using another transistor to actively clamp the output to the circuit's ground level, sinking any current necessary to do so. In general, a logic gate can source about 0.6 milliamps, and can sink about 16 milliamps. In many cases, it is desirable to be able to allow any one of many gates to assert a logic level on a single line. The logic operation that describes this is the logical "OR". This is particularly useful when dealing with bus structures that are expandable- that is, they may have a variable number of devices connected to the same bus, on the same set of wires in the bus (the IEEE-488 bus is such a structure). In order to do this in totem-pole TTL logic for a bus of 16 lines width, 16 two-input "OR" gates are required for each new device added; one input is for the incoming logic signals from all previous devices, and the other is the logic input from the new device. The output then goes to the next device. This form of bussing is highly undesirable from cost, reliability, complexity, and speed considerations, and is never used in any real systems. The answer to the problem lies in the use of open-collector TTL logic.

The primary difference between totem-pole TTL and open collector TTL is that the pull-up transistor that sources the current in totem pole logic is left out, and the source current is supplied externally to the logic chip by a resistor. This is necessary in order to connect the logic outputs of the gates directly together in a "wired OR" connection. If the output of one totem-pole TTL gate were at a "high" level, and the output of another at a "low" level, and the two wired together, the result would be that the current sourcing transistor would burn out. If, however, the outputs of two open collector gates were connected together, and a pull-up resistor to +5 volts supplied, either could pull the combined output to ground, independent of the other--one OR the other asserts the low condition. This connection, when using inverted logic, is the so-called "wired-OR" connection, and is expandable without adding additional logic. Three, four, five or more gates' outputs may be wired together in such an "OR" connection to form a bus structure. The IEEE-488 bus has 15 different lines, all of which are "wired-OR" connections to the various instruments that are put on the bus, and the bus controller.

As mentioned previously, BLIS is a totem pole TTL logic system. This was done for the purposes of electronic noise immunity. When a TTL line is clamped to ground by a transistor, it is highly immune to electrical noise. Similarly, when clamped to +5 volts by another transistor, it is also highly immune to noise. The IEEE-488 bus is open-collector TTL, and so a box was built that would convert the totem pole signals of BLIS to open collector for the IEEE-488 bus. When a line is clamped to +5 volts through an 1800 ohm resistor, as it is in the IEE-488 bus, noise immunity is greatly reduced and noise induced errors in signals become a problem. For this reason, the IEEE-488 bus must be extremely well shielded, and kept as short as possible. In order to do this, the transient digitizer was either located as close as possible to the BLIS, or the totem pole TTL signals were run to the digitizer, and connected to the converter box, there, so as to minimize the length of IEEE-488 bus. The circuitry of the converter box is shown in Figure 3. Each line from the BLIS receiver board drives a single open collector TTL inverter gate. The output from the gate is looped back to the BLIS driver so that the



level of the IEEE-488 line may be read. Pull-up resistors are provided in the box as current sources, and to facilitate repair and testing. The computer bus addresses for the input and output registers corresponding to this box are 167754 and 167752 respectively (both addresses given in octal). The bit assignments are as follows:

Output Register: Address 167752 octal

															_
15	14	13	12	10	09	08	07	06	05	04	03	02	01	00	

BIT	Signal N	lame .
15	Not Used	l
14	EOI - F	nd or Identify
13		Remote ENable
12	ATN - A	ttention
11	IFC - I	InterFace Clear
10	NDAC - N	lot Data ACcepted
09	NRFD - N	lot Ready For Data
08	DAV - T	ata AVailable
07	DI07 - I	ata In bit 07
06	DI07 - I	ata In bit 06
05	DI07 - I	ata In bit 05
04	DI07 - I	ata In bit 04
03	DI07 - I	ata In bit 03
02	DI07 - I	ata In bit 02
01	DIO7 - I	ata In bit 01
00	DIO7 - I	ata In bit 00

Input Register: Address 167754 octal

Ī	15	14	1	12	10	09	08	07	06	05	04	03	02	01	00	_

BIT	Signal Name
15	Not Used
14	EOI* - End or Identify return, inverted
13	REN* - Remote ENable return, inverted
12	ATN* - Attention return, inverted
11	IFC* - InterFace Clear return, inverted
10	NDAC* - Not Data Accepted return, inverted
09	NRFD* - Not Ready For Data return, inverted
08	DAV* - Data AVailable return, inverted
07	DIO7* - Data In bit 07 return, inverted
06	DIO7* - Data In bit 06 return, inverted
05	DIO7* - Data In bit 05 return, inverted
04	DIO7* - Data In bit 04 return, inverted
03	DIO7* - Data In bit 03 return, inverted
02	DIO7* - Data In bit 02 return, inverted
01	DIO7* - Data In bit Ol return, inverted
00	DIO7* - Data In bit 00 return, inverted

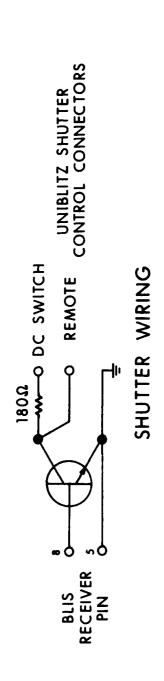
When the IEEE-488 devices are disconnected from the converter box, the turn-around of the output lines to the input lines provides a quick check and convenient means of testing and trouble shooting. The registers can be written and read directly from the computer's console, and if any signals are faulty, they show up in a few seconds. A typical test would be to write all the bits in the output register to zero, and then check the low 15 bits in the return to be all ones. Next, the output register would be written to all ones, and the input low 15 bits checked to be all zeros. Any deviation from this indicates hardware failure. Additional tests on single bits may also be performed. For details on the functions of these signals, the reader is referred to Reference 2.

The additional connections to operate the various other devices in the multiphoton ionization experiment are shown in Figures 4 and 5. The high voltage relay is a coaxial cable relay from Danbury-Knudsen, type CR 72. coil is for 115 V.A.C., so that a small TTL-drivable relay is used to switch the coil control voltage. This relay is driven directly from the BLIS. The shutter is from D.A. Vincent Associates and goes under the trade name "Uniblitz". The single transistor shown acts as an inverter so that the shutter is normally open when the system is first turned on. The burner position stepper motor and laser scanning stepper motor were both controlled by the same control unit. This control unit is a model MCI-1 from the Quanta-Ray company, which also supplied the laser used for the multiphoton work. The burner was mounted on a translator stage from Velmex, Inc, model B2500, with a Slo-Syn type SS25-1134 stepping motor attached. The stepper motor and cabling in the dye laser are supplied as a normal part of that unit. The wiring of the cables and connection of the motors is shown in Figure 5. The reader is referred to Reference 4 for details concerning the laser control unit not covered here. In order to control all of these additional devices an additional BLIS receiver was used. The bit assignments follow:

Output Register: Address 167742 octal

															_
15	14	13	12	10	09	08	07	06	05	04	03	02	01	00	_
1		!				., -	, ,,	""	1	, ,		0.2	` -	1 33 1	

BIT	Signal Name
15	Not Used
14	Not Used
13	Not Used
12	Not Used
11	Not Used
10	Not Used
09	Not Used
08	Not Used
07	Not Used
06	Not Used
05	Not Used
04	High Voltage Relay. 0 = turn on H.V., 1 = turn off H.V.
03	Motor Data. 1 = move motor on NDR, 0 = No motor movement
02	Shutter bit. $0 = \text{open shutter}, 1 = \text{close shutter}$
01	Motor address. 1 = Burner motor moves, 0 = Laser
	scanning motor moves
00	Motor Sign. Clockwise or counterclockwise depending on motor wiring.



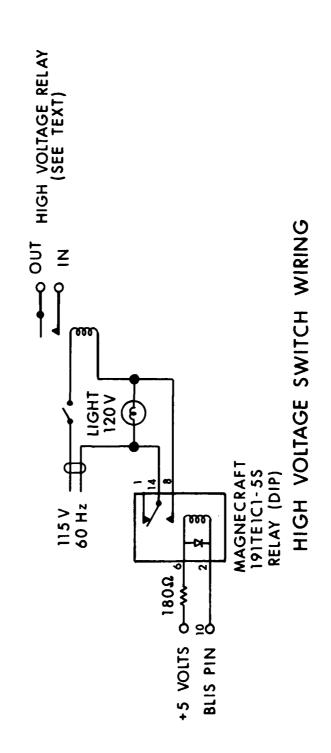
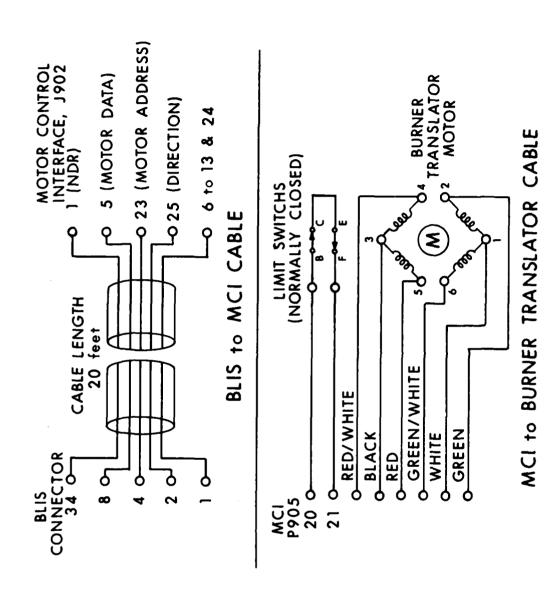


Figure 4. Auxiliary Control Connections



KEESEL KEELLEKE SYSSERSE SYNNONE BEKEKKEENSKESSYNNE KASKESSE AAKKONG VERYASSE DIGGERIEK VERKENDE VERKENDE VAN DE VERKENDE VERKEND

Figure 5. The Stepper Motor Connections

As can be easily seen, there is much room for additional expansion in this system with 12 bits available for further control functions. At the time of writing, these other bits are unused. The operation of the high voltage relay and shutter are straightforward enough not to require explanation, but such is not the case with the motor stepping. The nature of the BLIS is that whenever the output register is loaded by the computer, a special signal line called "New Data Ready" (NDR) has a pulse placed upon it. This is used by the motor controller to initiate the stepping of a motor. In order to inhibit the stepping of a motor when either the shutter or high voltage relay is operated, a motor data line is provided. If the motor data is zero, then zero steps are initiated in any motor. If the motor data is 1, then one step will be initiated when the NDR signal is received from BLIS by the controller. The motor direction and address are then self explanatory. The pinouts of the cables are given in the Figures.

III. THE HARDWARE DRIVER ROUTINES

The hardware driver routines for the system were written in MACRO-11, the available assembly language on the PDP-11 computer systems in use, under the RT-11 operating system. They were written to support the standard calling protocol for the FORTRAN compiler on that same system, so that all are FORTRAN callable as subroutines. The simplest routines to present are those to operate the shutter, high voltage relay, laser scanner, and burner movement stepper motor. These are named "SHUTTR", "JOLTS", "LASER", and "MOVBUR" respectively. It is possible to connect any other devices that can be controlled by TTL voltage levels to these lines and use the same software to drive them. The source code follows.

```
SHUTTR.MAC THE SHUTTER CONTROLLER FOR MULTIP.MIZ. CALLED BY:
        CALL SHUTTR(IARG)
                IARG = 0 TO OPEN SHUTTER
                IARG = 1 TO CLOSE SHUTTER
        .TITLE
                SHUTTR
        .GLOBL
                SHUTTR
        .MCALL
                .REGDEF
        .REGDEF
SHUTTR: BIC
                #14,@#167762
                                 ; OPEN SHUTTER, TURN OFF MOTOR DATA BIT
        TST
                (R5)+
                                 ; INC R5 BY 2
                @(R5)+
                                 GET ARGUMENT IARG
        TST
                DONE
                                 ;GO TO DONE IF ZERO
        BEQ
                #4,@#167762
        BIS
                                 ;CLOSE THE SHUTTER
                PC
DONE:
        RTS
        .END
   JOLTS.MAC THE HIGH VOLTAGE ION COLLECTOR CONTROLLER FOR MULTIP.MIZ.
   CALLED BY:
        CALL JOLTS(IARG)
                IARG = 0 TO TURN ON ION COLLECTOR H.V
                IARG = 1 TO TURN OFF ION COLLECTOR H.V
        .TITLE JOLTS
        •GLOBL
                JOLTS
                .REGDEF
        .MCALL
        .REGDEF
JOLTS:
        BIC
                #30,0#167762
                                 ;TURN ON H.V. ON ION COLLECTOR
        TST
                (R5)+
                                 ; INC R5 BY 2
        TST
                @(R5)+
                                 GET ARGUMENT LARG
                                 ;GO TO DONE IF ZERO
        BEQ
                DONE
                                 ; TURN ON H.V. TO ION COLLECTOR
        BIS
                #20,0#167762
DONE:
                                 ; SET UP DELAY LOOP TO ALLOW RELAY TO SETTLE
        MOV
                #77777,RO
LOOP:
        DEC
                RO
                LOOP
        BNE
                PC
        RTS
```

.END

```
THE ROUTINE FOR SCANNING THE PULSED DYE LASER OF THE
                MULTIPHOTON IONIZATION EXPERIMENT. THE FORM OF THE CALL
                         CALL LASER(NSTEPS)
                WHERE NSTEPS IS A POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE NUMBER OF .012
                NANOMETER WAVELENGTH STEPS.
        .TITLE LASER
        .GLOBL
                LASER
                . REGDEF
        .MCALL
        . REGDEF
        .ENABL LSB
LASER:
        BIC
                #13,0#167762
                                 ; CLR SIGN, MOTOR ADDRESS, AND MOTOR DATA BITS
        TST
                (R5)+
                                 ; INC R5 BY 2
        MOV
                0(R5)+R0
                                 GET NUMBER OF STEPS, NSTEPS
        NEG
                RO
                                 ; NEGATE FOR PROPER DIRECTION
        BPL
                3$
                                 ;GO TO 3$ IF POSITIVE NUMBER
        NEG
                RO
                                 ; MAKE IT POSITIVE
        BIS
                #1,@#167762
                                 ;SET SIGN(DIRECTION) BIT
3$:
        BIS
                #10,0#167762
                                 STEP THE MOTOR ON THE LASER
        MOV
                #77777,R1
                                 ; SET UP DELAY SO WE DON'T STEP TOO FAST
2$:
        DEC
                R1
        BNE
                2$
        DEC
                RO.
                                 COUNT DOWN NUMBER OF STEPS
        BGE
                3$
                                 ; AND DO MORE STEPS IF NOT ZERO
                #13,@#167772
        BIC
                                 ;TURN OFF THE LINES
        RTS
        .END
  MOVBUR.MAC
                THE ROUTINE THAT MOVES THE STEPPER MOTOR CONNECTED TO THE
                TRANSLATION STAGE THAT THE BURNER SYSTEM IS MOUNTED UPON.
                THE FORM OF THE CALL IS:
                                 CALL MOVBUR(ISTEP)
                WHERE ISTEP IS A POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE NUMBER OF STEPS OF
                THE MOTOR. ONE STEP = 0.00025 INCHES MOVEMENT
        .TITLE MOVBUR
        .GLOBL
                MOVBUR
                .REGDEF
        .MCALL
        . REGDEF
        . ENABL
MOVBUR: BIC
                #13,0#167762
                                 ; CLR SIGN, MOTOR ADDR, DATA BITS
                (R5)+
                                 ; INC R5 BY 2
        TST
        MOV
                @(R5)+.R0
                                 :GET NUMBER OF STEPS
        BPL
                1$
                                 GO TO 1$ IF POSITIVE NUMBER
        NEG
                                 ;MAKE IT POSITIVE
```

```
#1,0#167762
        BIS
                                   :SET SIGN(DIRECTION) BIT
                 RO
1$:
        ASL
                                   :MULTIPLY BY TWO(SINCE 200 STEPS=400 PULSES)
        BIS
                 #12,0#167762
3$:
                                   ;STEP THE MOTOR ON THE BURNER
        MOV
                 #3000,R1
                                   ;SET UP DELAY
                 R1
2$:
        DEC
        BNE
                 2$
        DEC
                 R<sub>0</sub>
                                   ; COUNT DOWN NUMBER OF STEPS
        BGE
                 38
                                   ;AND DO MORE STEPS IF NOT ZERO
                 #13,0#167772
        BIC
                                   TUPN OFF THE LINES
        RTS
         .END
```

At this point it is appropriate to explain the decision of not using the commercially available IEEE-488 to PDP-11 computer interface, instead of the custom one used in this work. It is our philosophy to keep computers (being rather electrically sensitive pieces of equipment) away from hostile and electrically noisy environments. The pulsed lasers in use are notorious generators of intense wide spectrum electronic noise. In addition, the burner systems are sources of corrosive gasses. In order to use the commercial interface, the computer must be within a few meters of the experiment in order not to exceed the transmission range of IEEE-488 within this noisy environment. By going to our BLIS units for the long distance driving of signals, the computers could be placed in a safe environment and higher noise immunity gained. In addition, since the central site contains four equivalent machines and patching systems, it is possible for one machine to break down and another take over with a trivial change of patch cords.

In this paragraph we begin discussion of the IEEE-488 control system and transient digitizer command package. These two software packages are not treated as a single unit because there is a general portion, and a device specific portion. The general portion consists of a routine to provide the necessary manipulation of control signals in order to transmit information to devices on the IEEE-488 bus, another to provide the manipulation of control signals for receiving information from the bus, and a third to provide a programming language for hus operations. The names of these three routines are "TALKIT", "LSNR", and "CIF" respectively. The device specific portion of the package consists of a series of so-called "Operation Pefinition Blocks" which define the character strings that represent commands to a given instrument, and "Procedure Definition Blocks" which are lists of ODB's that, when sent in the order given, make the instrument perform complete tasks. These PDB's are sent to the CIF routine as arguments of the subroutine CIF call. Figure 6 illustrates the overall architecture of the system. The reason for building the system in this manner is to provide as general as possible a method for interfacing any IEEE-488 instrument to the system, not simply a 7912AD transient digitizer. The only things that need be changed to implement another instrument are the ODB's and PDB's, both of which have the simplest of formats, as will be shown.

In order to begin the description of the LSNR routine and TALKIT routine, it is well to review the IEEE-488 protocol for communication. To begin, the sender (computer) asserts REN (low), asserts ATN, and places the listening device's listening address on the data lines. This listening address is unique to each instrument on the IEEE bus, and is hardware set prior to connection to the bus. When the device sees its address in this way, it comes

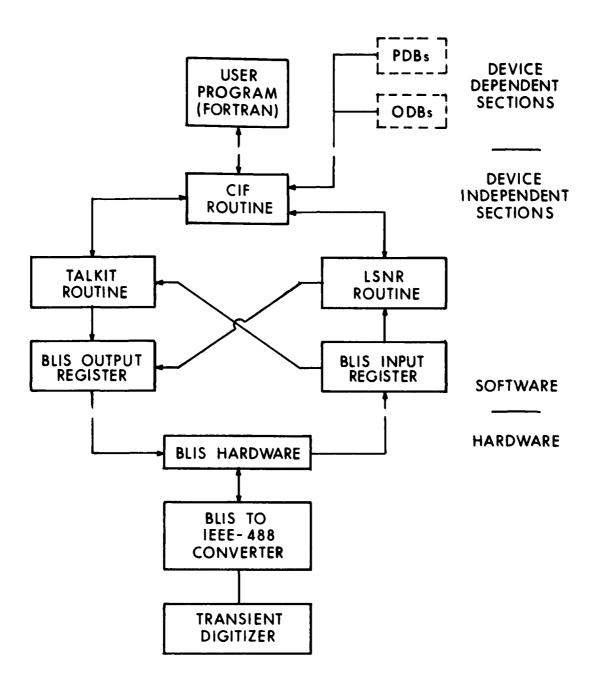


Figure 6. The Architecture of the IERE-488 Control System

on line as a listener by asserting the two lines NRFD and NPAC. When the sender sees this, it releases the ATN line and the data lines but leaves REN asserted. Releasing REN at any time causes all devices on the bus to go off line. The second step of the handshake begins by the sender placing the data byte on the data lines. At this point, the listening device indicates that it is ready to accept the data releasing the NPFD line. The sender then continues the handshake by asserting DAV, which indicates to the listener that the data is valid and is to be accepted. The listener then asserts NRFD while it accepts the data byte, after which it releases NDAC to indicate it is done accepting the data. The sender then releases DAV, which causes the listener to assert NDAC, and the initial condition is re-established for the next transmission. When the LSNR routine is active, the computer takes on the task of the listener, and the remote instrument becomes the sender ("talker" in the IEEE-488 jargon). The protocol is unchanged in this mode. The actual source codes, again in MACRO-11, for the listener and talker routines follow:

```
.TITLE
                LSNR
                 LSNR, DWA, ENDDEL, BYTCHT, EOIFLG, CKSUMF
                                                           ; see routine
                                                           ;"CIF" for definitions
        .MCALL
                 .REGDEF, .PRINT
        . REGDEF
        .ENABL AMA
         .ENABL LSB
         EOI = 40000
         NDAC = 2000
         NRFD = 1000
         DAV = 400
         DRIN = 167754
         DROUT = 167752
LSNR:
        CLR
                 NOSTOR
        CMP
                 #177777, DWA
                                  ;SEE IF NOT GOING TO STORE DATA
        BNE
                 1$
                                  ;GO TO 1$ IF GOING TO STORE
        MOV
                 #1, NOSTOR
                                  ;SET NO STORE FLAG
                 DWA,R1
        MOV
1$:
                                  GET LOCAL COPY OF ADDRESS FOR DATA
        INC
                 R1
                                  ;SINCE 7912 SENDS HIGH BYTE FIRST
        CMP
                 #177777, ENDDEL
                                  ; SEE IF INPUT DELIMITER IS FLAG
        BNE
                 INPDEL
                                  ;AND INPUT UNTIL DELIMITER IS REACHED
        TST
                 BYTCNT
                                  ; SEE IF NO BYTES TO GET
        BEQ
                 ERROR
                                  ; ERROR IF SO..
        MOV
                 BYTCNT, R2
                                  GET LOCAL COPY OF BYTE COUNT
2$:
        JSR
                 PC, INAWRD
                                  GET AN INPUT WORD
        TST
                 EOIFLG
                                  ;WE GOING TO LOOK FOR UNEXPECTED EOI?
        BNE
                                  ; NO. GO TO 7$
        BIT
                 #EOI, INWORD
                                  ; SEE IF EOI IS SET
        BEO
                 ENDERR
                                  ; IF SO, UNEXPECTED END OF MESSAGE ERROR
7$:
        TST
                 NOSTOR
                                  ;WE GOING TO STORE IT?
                                  ;GO TO 3$ IF NOT
        BNE
                 3$
                                  STORE IT OTHERWISE
        JSR
                 PC, STOR
3$:
        DEC
                 R2
                                  COUNT DOWN BYTECOUNT
                                  ; AND CONTINUE MORE INPUT 'TIL DONE
        BNE
                 2$
        BR
                 DONE
                                  ; RETURN IF DONE
INPDEL: JSR
                 PC, INAWRD
                                  GET AN INPUT WORD
        CMPB
                 ENDDEL, INWORD
                                  ;SEE IF WE'VE REACHED THE END DELIMITER
        BNE
                                  ;GO TO 4$ IF NOT
```

```
DONE
        BR
                                  ; ELSE, RETURN
        TST
                 EOIFLG
48:
                                  GOING TO IGNORE EOI?
                 8$
        BNE
                                  ; YES? THEN GO TO 8$
                 #EOI, INWORD
                                  ; CHECK FOR BAD EOI
        BIT
        BEO
                 ENDERR
                                  ; DO ERROR THING IF SO
8$:
        TST
                 NOSTOR
                                  ; SEE IF GOING TO STORE DATA
        BNE
                 INPDEL
                                  GET NEXT ONE IF NOT
        JSR
                 PC, STOR
                                  ; ELSE, STORE IT
                 INPDEL
        BR
                                  ; AND GO GET THE NEXT ONE
******* SUBROUTINE STOR SINCE HIGH BYTE IS SENT FIRST BY 7912 ********
STOR:
        MOVB
                 INWORD,@R1
                                  ; SOCK AWAY THE BYTE
        MOVB
                 INWORD, R3
                                  GET THE DATA BYTE INTO R3
        BIC
                 #100000,R3
                                  GET RID OF ANY SIGN EXTENDING
                 R3,CKSUMF
        ADD
                                  ; AND ADD IT TO THE CHECKSUM FOUND
        CMP
                 R1,DWA
                                  ; SEE IF LOWBYTE IS STORED YET
        BEQ
                 5$
                                  ;GO TO 5$ IF YES
        DEC
                 R1
                                  POINT AT LOW BYTE STORE LOCATION IF NOT
                 6$
        BR
                                  ;GO TO 6$
5$:
        ADD
                 #2,DWA
                                  : POINT DWA AT NEXT WORD LOCATION
        MOV
                 DWA, R1
                                  GET COPY IN RI
        INC
                 R1
                                  : POINT R1 AT HIGH BYTE
        RTS
                 PC
6$:
                                  ; AND RETURN
   ERROR STUFF....
        .PRINT #BADRED
ERROR:
                                  : ERROR ON BYTECOUNT
         BR
                 DONE
                /ERROR..BYTECOUNT=0 ON READ/
BADRED: .ASCIZ
        .EVEN
ENDERR: .PRINT
                 #BADERR
                  DONE
         BR
BADERR: .ASCIZ
                 /ERROR..UNEXPECTED EOI ON READ/
        .EVEN
INWORD: .WORD
                0
NOSTOR: .WORD
                 0
DONE:
         MOV
                  #20000, DROUT
                                   ; LEAVE REN SET, AND THEN RETURN
         JSR
                  PC, DELY
                                   ; ALLOW TO SETTLE
         CLR
                  NOSTOR
         RTS
                  PC
        .DSABL
                LSB
   SUBROUTINE INAWRD
                       ....THIS IS THE LISTENER HANDSHAKE ROUTINE
        .ENABL
                LSB
INAWRD: BIS
                 #NRFD, DROUT
                                  ; SET NRFD
        BIS
                 #NDAC, DROUT
                                  ; ASSERT NDAC
        BIC
                 #NRFD, DROUT
                                  ;CLEAR NRFD
        JSR
                 PC, DELY
                                  ; ALLOW TO SETTLE
18:
        BIT
                 #DAV.DRIN
                                  ; CHECK DAV
        BNE
                 1$
                                  ;LOOP UNTIL ASSERTED
        BIS
                 #NRFD.DROUT
                                  ; SET NRFD
        JSR
                 PC,DELY
                                  ; ALLOW TO SETTLE
        MOV
                 DRIN, INWORD
                                  GET THE INPUT WORD
                                  ; IEEE STUFF IS SENT INVERTED, SO COMPLEMENT.
        COMB
                 INWORD
        BIC
                 #NDAC.DROUT
                                  :CLEAR NDAC
```

```
#DAV, DRIN
2$:
        BIT
                                   ; LOOK AT DAV
         BEQ
                 2$
                                   ; LOOP UNTIL NOT ASSERTED(HIGH)
                 #NDAC, DROUT
        BIS
                                   ;ASSERT NDAC
                 PC,DELY
        JSR
                                   ; ALLOW TO SETTLE
        RTS
                 PC
                                   ; RETURN
DELY:
        MOV
                 R1,S1
                 #10,R1
        MOV
LP:
        DEC
                 R1
        BNE
                 LP
        MOV
                 S1,R1
        RTS
                 PC
                                   ; SUPER-SHORT DELAY FOR BLIS SETTLING
         . WORD
                 0
S1:
         . END
The code for the talking routine to send data to the IEEE device from the
computer is:
         .TITLE
                 TALKIT
         .GLOBL
                 TALKIT, OUTWRD, WAITFL
         .MCALL
                 .REGDEF, .PRINT
         .REGDEF
         .ENABL LSB
         .ENABL AMA
        DROUT = 167752
        DRIN = 167754
        REN
                 20000
                                  These are the bits corresponding to the lines
        ATN
               = 10000
        NDAC
              = 2000
        NRFD
              = 1000
        DAV
               = 400
        EOI
               = 40000
TALKIT: MOV
                 RO, -(SP)
                                   ; PUSH RO
        MOV
                 @#OUTWRD.DROUT
                                  ;OUTPUT THE WORD
        JSR
                 PC, DELY
                                  ; ALLOW TO SETTLE
                 #177777,RO
        MOV
                                  ; LOAD COUNTER
1$:
        BIT
                 #NRFD, DRIN
                                  ; CHECK FOR NRFD
        BNE
                 2$
                                  GO TO 2$ IF NRFD HIGH
        TST
                 WAITFL
                                  ;SEE IF NOT GOING TO TIME OUT
        BNE
                 1$
                                   ; AND LOOP IF SO
        DEC
                 R0
                                   ; DECREMENT COUNTER
        BEQ
                 ERR1$
                                   ; NEVER DID GO HIGH TIME OUT
        BR
                                  ;GO BACK AND WAIT SOME MORE
                 1$
2$:
        MOV
                 #177777,RO
                                   ; LOAD COUNTER AGAIN
3$:
        BIT
                 #NDAC, DRIN
                                   ; CHECK NDAC
        BEQ
                 4$
                                   ;GO TO 4$ IF LOW
        DEC
                                   ; COUNT DOWN
                 RO
        BEQ
                 ERR3$
                                   ;TIMEOUT WAITING FOR ACRS..ERROR!
        BR
                 3$
                                   ;WAIT SOME MORE UNTIL TIMEOUT
4$:
        BIS
                 #DAV, DROUT
                                  ; SET DAV LINE
        JSR
                 PC, DELY
                                  ; ALLOW TO SETTLE
6$:
        MOV
                 #177777,RO
                                  ; LOAD COUNTER
9$:
        BIT
                 #NDAC, DRIN
                                   :CHECK NDAC
```

```
BNE
                 5$
                                   ;CONTINUE TO 5
        DEC
                 R0
                                   COUNT DOWN COUNTER
                 9$
        BNE
                                   ; LOOP UNTIL HIGH OR TIMEOUT
                 ERROUT
        BR
                                   :TIMEOUT ERROR
5$:
        BIC
                 #DAV, DROUT
                                   :TURN OFF DAV
                 PC, DELY
        JSR
                                   ;ALLOW TO SETTLE
                 #ATN, DROUT
                                   ;AND ATN IF ASSERTED
10$:
        BIC
        JSR
                 PC, DELY
                                   ;ALLOW TO SETTLE
        BIC
                 #EOI, DROUT
                                   AND ALSO EOI.
                 PC, DELY
        JSR
                                   :ALLOW TO SETTLE
                                   ; DON'T LEAVE GARBAGE IN DROUT LOW BYTE EITHER
        CLRB
                 DROUT
                 PC.DELY
                                   ;ALLOW TO SETTLE
        JSR
        BR
                 8$
                                   ;AND LEAVE....
ERROUT: .PRINT
                 #ERRMSG
                                   ; HERE'S THAT ERROR THING
                 (SP)+,RO
        MOV
8$:
                                   :RESTORE RO!
        RTS
                                   ;AND RETURN TO CALLER
ERRMSG: .ASCIZ
                 /TALKIT ERPOR...NO LISTENER/
        .EVEN
ERR15:
        .PRINT
                 #ER1
         BR
                  8S
                 /ERROR TALKIT 18/
ER1:
        .ASCIZ
        .EVEN
        .PRINT
                 #ER3$
ERR3$:
                  8$
         BR
ER3S:
        .ASCIZ
                 /ERROR TALKIT 3$/
        .EVEN
                  PC
         RTS
DELY:
                                    ;SUPER-SHORT SETTLING DELAY
         .END
```

Both of the above routines form the lowest level of the software between the user and the hardware instrumentation. Essentially, they allow the relatively simple hardware interface to appear as a more sophisticated one to the next higher level of software, the "CIF" routine. The function of the CIF (for Control InterFace) routine is to provide an "assembly" language to drive and manipulate the hardware in such a way as to require minimum memory to store the routines, and provide device independence, so as to be general for any IEEE instrument. As IEEE-488 instruments accept commands in the form of alphanumeric characters, this routine parses strings of these characters and checks for embedded control sequences to perform special functions. All other characters are sent as ASCII strings to the devices on the bus as commands. The format of these strings is defined by the PDBs and the ODBs. An ODB consists of a globally named starting point that contains the first character in that operation string, followed by the remaining characters in the string, and terminated by a null byte. A PDB consists of a list of those global ODB names, terminated by a null word. The PDB is also given a global name, as was the ODB. The reason for this structure is that if 4 or 5 PDBs all refer to a single ODB, that ODB need appear in memory only once under this scheme. If, instead, all procedures were defined as complete strings, multiple copies of a given sub-string would appear in memory and waste valuable memory space.

In order to get a single character from a procedure, first the PDB is referenced to get the first ODB name. Next, the ODB is read byte by byte until a null byte is detected. Upon detecting a null byte, the next ODB name is read from the PDB. If this name is not the null word signifying the end of

ななったのでは、これであるなが、自然はははない。他でもなっている。

the PDB, the next ODB is opened, and the reading continues. If the end of the PDB is found, a return to the calling routine from the CIF routine is initiated. When a character is read in from an ODB, it first is checked to see if it is a special control character (see the program listing for the meanings and definitions of the control characters). If it is a control character, appropriate action is taken. If it is not a control character, it is sent to the "TALKIT" routine to be output to the devices on the IEEE bus. As a special case, the control character " < " causes the computer to become a listener by invoking the "LSNR" routine. The source code for the CIF routine follows:

```
* CIF.MAC
             THIS IS THE CONTROL INTERFACE SUBROUTINE FOR THE TEKTRONIX
               7912AD TRANSIENT DIGITIZER CONTROL PACKAGE. THIS FORTRAN *
               CALLABLE ROUTINE ACCEPTS A LIST OF NAMES(I.E. ADDRESSES)
               OF PROCEDURE DEFINITION BLOCKS (PDB'S) THAT CONSIST OF
               NAMES(ADDRESSES) OF OPERATION DEFINITION BLOCKS(ODB'S).
               THE CIF ROUTINE THEN READS, BYTE BY BYTE, THE ODB, AND
               CHECKS FOR CONTROL CHARACTERS. THE ROUTINE THEN EITHER
               SETS OR CLEARS CONTROL BITS IN AN OUTPUT WORD, OR CALLS
               THE TALKER ROUTINE TO OUTPUT THE ASSEMBLED OUTPUT WORD.
               THE CONTROL CHARACTERS ARE:
                       BECOME LISTENER, GET INPUT STRING FROM 7912AD
                       TURN OFF LINE REPRESENTED BY NEXT CHARACTER
                       INTERPRET NEXT CHARACTER AS AN OPERATION CODE
                       SET LISTENER ACTIVE FLAG
                       TURN ON OR OFF REN LINE (OFF IF PRECEDED BY ~)
               Ŝ
                       TURN ON OR OFF ATN LINE (OFF IF PRECEDED BY ~
                       DO AN INTERFACE CLEAR
                       TURN ON EOI LINE (OFF IF PRECEDED BY ~)
                  OPERATION CODES, IF PRECEDED BY
               В
                       LOAD BYTECOUNT WORD WITH NEXT ONE BYTE
                       LOAD DATA ARRAY ADDRESS WORD WITH NEXT 2 BYTES
               D
               Ε
                       LOAD END DELIMITER WORD WITH NEXT 2 BYTES
                       DO CHECKSUM TEST, PRINT ERROR MESSAGE IF FAIL
                       ENABLE/DISABLE INTERRUPT ON SRQ (~_I=DISABLE)
               T
                       REDUCE BYTECOUNT WORD BY 1
                       FLAG(IGNORE) EOI CONCURRENT WITH INPUT
                       WAIT FOR NRFD TO CLEAR, DO NOT TIME OUT ERROR
       .TITLE
       .GLOBL
               CIF, TALKIT, LSNR, OUTWRD, BYTCNT, ENDDEL, DWA, CKSUMR, CKSUMF, EOIFLG
        .GLOBL WAITFL
        .MCALL
               .REGDEF, .PRINT
        . REGDEF
       CSR = 167750
       DROUT = 167752
       .ENABL LSB
                               ; ENABLE THE USE OF LOCAL SYMBOLS
CIF:
       MOV
               (R5)+NARG
                               FETCH THE NUMBER OF PDB'S TO PROCESS
       JSR
               PC.FPPDB
                               ; FETCH THE POINTER TO THE PDB
```

```
PC, FPODB
        JSR
                                   ; FETCH THE POINTER TO THE ODB
                 PC.GETBYT
        JSR
                                   ; GET A BYTE FROM ODB, STUFF IN RO
BEGIN:
        TST
                 DONFLG
                                   ; DONE?
                 1$
        BEQ
                                   ; NO? THEN CONTINUE
                 PC
                                   ; DONE? THEN RETURN.
        RTS
                 #74,RO
                                   ; IS THE BYTE A "<" ?
1$:
        CMPB
                 2$
        BNE
                                   ; IF NOT, GO TO 2$
        JSR
                 PC,LSNR
                                   ; IF SO, THEN CALL THE LISTEN SUBROUTINE
                 BEGIN
        BR
                                   ; AND THEN BEGIN AGAIN
        CMPB
                 #176,RO
                                   ; IS IT A "~" ?
2$:
        BNE
                 3$
                                   ; NO? GO TO 3$
                 #1, OFFLAG
                                   ;SET THE "OFF FLAG"
        MOV
                 BEGIN
        BR
                                   ; AND RESTART
        CMP B
                 #134,RO
                                   ; IS IT A "_ " ?
3$:
        BNE
                 4$
                                   ; NO? GO TO 4$
        MOV
                 #1,OPFLAG
                                   ;SET THE OPERATION FLAG
        BR
                 BEGIN
                                   GO TO BEGIN
        CMP B
                 #76,R0
                                   ; IS IT A ">" ?
48:
        BNE
                 5$
                                   ; NO? GO TO 5$
        MOV
                 #1,@#LAF
                                   ;SET THE LISTENER ACTIVE FLAG
        TST
                 OFFLAG
                                   ; IS OFF FLAG SET?
        BEO
                 BEGIN
                                   ; GO TO BEGIN IF NOT
        CLR
                 OFFLAG
                                   ;TURN OFF OFF FLAG IF SET
        CLR
                 LAF
                                   ;TURN OFF LISTENER ACTIVE FLAG
        JMP
                 BEGIN
                                   ; GO TO BEGIN
5$:
        CMPB
                 #41,RO
                                   ; IS IT A "!" ?
        BNE
                 6$
                                   ; NO? GO TO 6$
        TST
                 OFFLAG
                                   ; IS OFF FLAG SET?
        BEQ
                 7$
                                   ;NO? GO TO 7$
        BIC
                 #20000,OUTWRD
                                   ; CLEAR THE REN LINE IN THE OUT WORD
        JMP
                 BEGIN
                                   ; AND GO TO BEGIN
        BIS
                 #20000,OUTWRD
7$:
                                   ; SET THE REN LINE IN THE OUT WORD
        JMP
                 BEGIN
                                   ; AND GO TO BEGIN
                                   ; IS IT A "$" ?
6$:
        CMP B
                 #44,RO
                 8$
        BNE
                                   ; NO? GO TO 8$
        TST
                 OFFLAG
                                   ; IS OFF FLAG SET?
        BNE
                 9$
                                   ;YES? GO TO 9$
        BIS
                 #10000,0UTWRD
                                   ; NO? THEN SET THE ATN BIT IN OUTWRD
        JMP
                 BEGIN
                                   GO TO BEGIN
9$:
        BIC
                 #10000,0UTWRD
                                   COME HERE IF OFF FLAG SET AND CLEAR ATN
        CLR
                 OFFLAG
                                   :TURN OFF THE OFF FLAG
        JMP
                 BEGIN
                                   GO TO BEGIN
8$:
        CMPB
                 #56,R0
                                   ; IS IT A "."
        BNE
                 11$
                                   ; NO? GO TO 11$
                 OFFLAG
        TST
                                   ; IS OFF FLAG SET?
        BNE
                 10$
                                   :YES? GO TO 10$
        BIS
                 #40000,0UTWRD
                                   SET EOI LINE IN OUTWORD
        JMP
                                   ; GO TO BEGIN
                 BEGIN
10$:
        BIC
                 #40000,0UTWRD
                                   ;CLEAR EOI IN OUTWORD
                                   ;CLEAR THE OFF FLAG
        CLR
                 OFFLAG
        JMP
                 BEGIN
                                   GO TO BEGIN
                                   ; IS IT A "*" ?
11$:
        CMP B
                 #52,R0
        BNE
                 12$
                                   :NO? GO TO 12$
        MOV
                                   ;SET UP TIMING CONSTANT FOR LOOP
                 #1000,R1
```

```
#4000.0#DROUT
        BIS
                                  ;TURN ON IFC LINE IN DROUT DIRECTLY
        DEC
                 Rl
13$:
                                   ; BEGIN TIMING LOOP
        BNE
                 13$
                                   ;AND LOOP TIL R1=0
                 #4000, DROUT
        BIC
                                  :TURN OFF IFC LINE IN DROUT
                 BEGIN
        JMP
                                  GO TO BEGIN
                 OPFLAG
12$:
        TST
                                  ; IS THE OPERATION FLAG SET?
                 14$
        BNE
                                  ; NO? THEN GO TO 14$
                 #20000, OUTWRD
        BIT
                                  ; IS REN SET?
        BEO
                 ERR1
                                   ; IF NOT, THEN PRINT THE ERROR STUFF
                                  ; IS THERE AN ACTIVE LISTENER ?
        TST
                 LAF
                 ERR1
        BEO
                                  ; ERROR IF NO ACTIVE LISTENER
        MOVB
                 RO .OUTWRD
                                  ; PUT THE BYTE IN OUT WORD FOR OUTPUT
        JSR
                 PC, TALKIT
                                   ; TALK THE OUT WORD
        JMP
                 BEGIN
                                  GO TO BEGIN
ERR1:
         .PRINT
                 #ERRMSG
                                   ; TYPE THE ERROR MESSAGE
        RTS
                 PC
                                   ; RETURN TO CALLER
ERRMSG: .ASCIZ /ERROR! NO LISTENERS!!/
         .EVEN
                 #102,R0
145:
        CMP B
                                  ; IS IT A "B" ?
                 15$
        BNE
                                  ; NO? GO TO 15$
        MOV
                 #BYTCNT,R1
                                  ; LOAD POINTER WITH ADDRESS OF BYTECOUNT
        JSR
                 PC, GETBYT
                                  GET ONE BYTE
                 R0,(R1)+
        MOV B
                                  ; PUT IT IN LOWBYTE OF BYTECOUNT
        CLRB
                 (RI)+
                                  ; AND CLEAR THE UPPER BYTE
                 21$
        BR
                                   ;CLEAN UP AND RETURN
                                  ; IS IT A "D" ?
15$:
        CMPB
                 #104,R0
        BNE
                 16$
                                   ; NO? GO TO 16$
        MOV
                 #DWA,R1
                                  ; LOAD POINTER WITH DATA WORD ADDRESS WORD AD.
        BR
                 17$
                                  :GO TO 17$
                 #105,R0
16$:
        CMPB
                                  :IS IT AN "E"
        BNE
                 18$
                                  :NO? GO TO 18$
        MOV
                 #ENDDEL,R1
                                  ; ADDRESS OF END DELIMITER TO RI
17$:
                 PC.GETBYT
                                  :GET A BYTE FROM CURRENT ODB
        JSR
        MOVB
                 R0,(R1)+
                                  STORE THE LOW BYTE IN THE APPROPRIATE LOCA-
                                  ; TION FOR THE DWA, ENDDEL, OR BYTCHT
        JSR
                 PC, GETBYT
                                  ; DO THE PREVIOUS 2 STEPS AGAIN
        MOVB
                 RO,(RI)+
                                  FOR THE HIGH BYTE
                 21$
        BR
                                  ; DONE WITH OPERATION, GO TO 21$
                 #103,R0
18$:
        CMP B
                                  :IS IT A "C" ?
                                  ; NO? GO TO 19$
        BNE
                 198
        ADD
                 CKSUMR, CKSUMF
                                   ;ADD THE RECEIVED CHECKSUM TO THE SENT ONE
        TSTB
                 CKSUMF
                                   :LOWBYTE = 0 ?
        BEQ
                 21$
                                  ;GO TO 21$ IF O.K.
         .PRINT
                 #ERR2
                                  ; ELSE PRINT ERROR MESSAGE
                                  ; DONE WITH THIS OPERATION
218:
        CLR
                 OPFLAG
        JMP
                                  ;GO TO BEGIN
                 BEGIN
                 /ERROR!! CHECKSUM ERROR!/
ERR2:
         .ASCIZ
         .EVEN
195:
        CMPB
                 #111,R0
                                  ; IS IT AN "I" ?
                 20$
        BNE
                                   ; NO ? GO TO 20$
        TST
                 OFFLAG
                                   ; IS OFF FLAG SET?
        BNE
                 22$
                                  ; YES? GO TO 22$
        BIS
                 #100,CSR
                                  ; TURN ON THE INTERRUPT ENABLE IN THE DRILC
        BR
                 21$
                                  ; DONE, SO CLEAN UP AND GO..
```

```
#100,CSR
22$:
        BIC
                                  ;CLEAR THE I.E. BIT IN THE DRILC
                 OFFLAG
        CLR
                                  :CLEAR THE OFF FLAG
        BR
                 21$
                                  ; DONE, SO CLEAN UP AND GO..
                                  ; IS IT AN "R" ?
20$:
        CMPB
                 #122,RO
                 23$
        BNE
                                  ; NO? GO TO 23$
                 BYTCNT
        DEC
                                  ; SUBTRACT 1 FROM THE BYTE COUNT
                 21$
        BR
                                  ;CLEAN UP AND GO...
                 #106,RO
23$:
        CMPB
                                  ; IS IT A "F"?
                 24$
        BNE
                                  ; NO? GO TO 24$
                 #1,EOIFLG
        MOV
                                  ; SET THE EOI FLAG TO IGNORE EOI'S
                 OFFLAG
        TST
                                  ON OR OFF THE EOIFLG
                 21$
        BEQ
                                  ; IF OFFFLAG ISN'T SET, CLEAN UP AND GO
                 OFFLAG
        CLR
                                  ; ELSE, CLEAR THE OFFLAG
                 EOIFLG
        CLR
                                  ;CLEAR THE EOI FLAG
                 21$
        BR
                                 ;CLEAN UP AND GO
                                 ; IS IT A "W" ??
245:
                 #127,RO
        CMPB
                 21$
        BNE
                                  :NO??? UNDEFINED OPERATION, SO RETURN
        MOV
                 #1.WAITFL
                                  ; SET THE WAIT FLAG
        TST
                 OFFLAG
                                  ; IS THE OFF FLAG SET?
                 21$
        BEQ
                                  ;GO TO 21$ IF NOT
                                  ;STOP WAIT FOR NRFD
        CLR
                 WAITFL
                 OFFLAG
        CLR
                                  ; AND OFF FLAG
                                  ; AND DONE
                 21$
        RR
        .DSABL
                LSB
                                  ; NO MORE LOCAL SYMBOLS
    SUBROUTINE GETBYT
GETBYT: MOV
                                  GET POINTER TO ODB INTO RO
                 PODB, RO
        INC
                 PODB
                                  ; UPDATE PODB
        MOVB
                 (RO), RO
                                  GOT BYTE IN RO NOW
        BNE
                 DONE
                                  ; DONE IF IT'S NOT A ZERO
        JSR
                 PC, FPODB
                                  ; IF ZERO, WE NEED A NEW PODB, SO GET IT
        TST
                 DONFLG
                                  ; SEE IF NO MORE PODB'S TO BE HAD
                 GETBYT
        BEQ
                                  ; IF WE GOT A GOOD PODB, THEN GET A BYTE
DONE:
        RTS
                 PC
                                  ; RETURN
    SUBROUTINE FPODB... FETCH POINTER TO OPERATION DEFINITION BLOCK
                PPDB, RO
                                 GET POINTER TO PROCEDURE DEFINITION BLOCK
FPODB:
        MOV
                 #2,PPDB
        ADD
                                  ; UPDATE PPDB
        MOV
                 (RO),@#PODB
                                  GET NEW PODB FROM PDB
        BNE
                 DONE1
                                  ; IF NOT ZERO, WE'RE DONE
        JSR
                 PC, FPPDB
                                  ; IF ZERO WE NEED A NEW PPDB, SO GET IT.
                 DONFLG
        TST
                                  ; BUT ARE THERE ANY MORE?
        BNE
                 FPODB
                                  ; IF O.K., THEN GET THE PODB WE STARTED FOR
DONE1:
        RTS
                 PC
                                  ; DONE, SO RETURN
    SUBROUTINE FPPDB... FETCH POINTER TO PROCEDURE DEFINITION BLOCK (WHEW!)
FPPDB:
        INC
                 DONFLG
                                  :INITIALIZE DONE FLAG TO 1
        TST
                 NARG
                                  ;SEE IF ANY MORE PPDB'S LEFT TO GET
                 DONE2
        BEO
                                 GO TO DONE2 IF NONE LEFT TO GET
                                 ; IF MORE, THEN CLEAR THE DONE FLAG
        CLR
                 DONFLG
                                 GET THE PPDB FROM THE FORTRAN CALLING THING
        MOV
                 (R5)+,PPDB
                                  ; THERE'S OBVIOUSLY ONE LESS NOW.
        DEC
                 NARG
DONE2:
        RTS
                 PC
                                  ; RETURN.
```

```
THIS JUNK IS ALL THE VARIOUS POINTERS, FLAGS, BELLS AND WHISTLES THE
    SUBROUTINES NEED TO BE HAPPY.....
BYTCNT: .WORD
                                 ; THE BYTE COUNT FOR INPUT OF DATA
CKSUMR: .WORD
                                 :THE CHECKSUM READ FROM THE 7912AD
                                 ; THE CHECKSUM COMPUTED DURING INPUT
CKSUMF: .WORD
OFFLAG: .WORD
                                 ; A FLAG TO TELL CIF TO TURN OFF SOMETHING
OPFLAG: .WORD
                0
                                 ; A FLAG TO TELL CIF TO DO AN OPERATION
LAF:
        .WORD
                0
                                 ; SET WHEN A LISTENER EXISTS SOMEWHERE
OUTWRD: .WORD
                                 ;THIS WORD IS SENT TO THE DRIIC FOR OUTPUT
        .WORD
                0
                                 ; THIS IS A POINTER TO THE INPUT DATA ARRAY
DWA:
DONFLG: .WORD
                0
                                 ; THIS IS ON WHEN NO MORE BYTES TO PROCESS
        .WORD
                0
                                 ; THIS CONTAINS THE NUMBER OF PPDB'S LEFT TO DO
NARG:
PODB:
        . WORD
                                 ; POINTER TO OPERATION DEFINITION BLOCK
        .WORD
                0
                                 ; POINTER TO PROCEDURE DEFINITION BLOCK
PPDB:
ENDDEL: .WORD
                0
                                 ;THIS CONTAINS THE END DELIMITER TO BE USED
EOIFLG: .WORD
                                 ; THIS IS SET WHEN EOI IS TO BE IGNORED
                                 ON INPUT
WAITFL: .WORD
                                 ; THIS FLAG IS SET TO STOP THE TIMOUT OF
                                 ;TALKIT WHEN NRFD IS SLOW GOING HIGH
        . END
```

The next level of the software is the device-dependent level, consisting of some data blocks in order to make FORTRAN arrays accessible to the low level software, the PDBs, and the ODBs. The following four packages are overlaid by the system linker program with FORTRAN named common blocks. In this way, the entry points into these common blocks become globally named for use in the PDBs and ODBs. The source code follows:

```
FORTRAN: COMMON /NUMSA/ NUMSA(4)
```

MACRO:

.TITLE NUMSA
.GLOBL NUMSA

.PSECT NUMSA, RW, D, GBL, REL, OVR

NUMSA: .WORD 0

.END

FORTRAN: COMMON /VSCALF/ YSCALS(20)

MACRO:

.TITLE VSCALF .GLOBL VSCALF

.PSECT VSCALF, RW, D, GBL, REL, OVR

VSCALF: .WORD

.END

FORTRAN: COMMON / HSCALF / HSCALS(20)

MACRO:

.TITLE HSCALF

```
.PSECT HSCALF, RW, D, GBL, REL, OVR
```

HSCALF: .WORD

.END

FORTRAN: COMMON /DATA/ DATA(512)

MACRO:

.TITLE DATA
.GLOBL DATA

.PSECT DATA, RW, D, GBL, REL, OVR

DATA: .WORD

.END

The next series is a list of operation definition blocks (ODBs) that are used to drive the various functions of the 7912AD digitizer. While not all listed here, one was developed for every possible function of the instrument, so that for future development of PDBs, most of the work has already been done. The source code follows:

```
.TITLE SEMIGO ;sends terminator and end of message to 7912
```

.GLOBL SEMIGO

SEMIGO: .ASCIZ /_W.;~./ ;SET WAIT FLAG, EOI, SEND ";", CANCEL EOI

.EVEN

•TITLE NOWAIT ;sets flag not to wait for handshake signal •GLOBL NOWAIT ;this is used for setting up to do input

NOWAIT: .ASCIZ /~_W/ ;from 7912

.EVEN

.TITLE RATC ;command to read average-to-center data from

•GLOBL RATC ; 7912AD

RATC: .ASCIZ /REA ATC.;~./

.EVEN

.TITLE RSCF ; READ SCALE FACTORS

.GLOBL RSCF, VSCALF, HSCALF

RSCF: .ASCII /_D/ ;LOAD DWA

.WORD VSCALF ;WITH ADDRESS OF VERTICAL SCALE FACTOR APRAY

.ASCII /_E;/ ;LOAD END DELIMITER

BYTE 377; WITH 377 IN HIGH, ";" IN LOW BYTE

.ASCII /<~_I/ ;LISTEN TO THE ";"

.ASCII /_D/ ;LOAD DWA

.WORD HSCALF ;ADDRESS OF HORIZONTAL SCALE FACTOR ARRAY
.ASCIZ /_F<-_F/ ;DISABLE EOI EFFECT, LISTEN TIL ";", AND

;RE-ENABLE EOI RESPONSE

.EVEN

```
.TITLE SEMICO
                                      ; command to send intra-message delimiter
        .GLOBL SEMICO
SEMICO: .ASCIZ /;/
        .EVEN
        .END
        .TITLE DIGDAT
                                      ; command to digitize data
        .GLOBL DIGDAT
DIGDAT: .ASCIZ /DIG DAT:/
        .EVEN
        .END
        .TITLE UNTL
                                      ; command to untalk-unlisten 7912AD
        .GLOBL
               UNTL
        .ASCIZ /$_?_?~$/
UNTL:
        .EVEN
        .END
        .TITLE ENDIT
                                      ; command to terminate message to 7912
        .GLOBL ENDIT
ENDIT:
        .ASCIZ /.;~./
        .EVEN
        .END
        .TITLE MAKLSN
                                      ; command to make 7912 a listener
        .GLOBL MAKLSN
MAKLSN: .ASCIZ/>!$ ~$/
        .EVEN
        .END
        .TITLE MODDIG
                                      ; command to put 7912 in digital mode
        .GLOBL MODDIG
MODDIG: .ASCIZ /MOD DIG;/
        .EVEN
        .END
        .TITLE ATC
                                       ; command to 7912 to average-to-center
        .GLOBL ATC
                                       ;data held in its memory
ATC:
        .ASCIZ /ATC;/
        .EVEN
        . END
        .TITLE MAKTLK
                                      ; command to make 7912 a talker
        .GLOBL MAKTLK
MAKTLK: .ASCIZ /!$@ ~$/
        .EVEN
        .END
        .TITLE LLO
                                       ; command to 7912 to lock out local
        .GLOBL LLO
                                       ; controls of instrument. Used to
LLO:
        .ASCII /$/
                                       ;prevent pushbutton-happy users from
        . BYTE
                21
                                       ;interfering with computer control
        •ASCIZ /~$/
```

のこれではない。これでは、これでは、これではないは、これではないできょうないないが、これではないないない。これではないないとのでは、「一方ないないないは、これではないない。」

.EVEN

```
.END
        .TITLE
                GTL
                                        command to 7912 to go to
        .GLOBL
                GTL
                                        ;local control
GTL:
        .ASCII
                /$/
        .BYTE
                /~$/
        .ASCIZ
        .EVEN
        .END
                MODTV
        .TITLE
                                        ; command to put 7912 into T.V. mode
                MODTV
        .GLOBL
        .ASCIZ
                /MOD TV;/
MODTV:
        .EVEN
        .END
        .TITLE GRATOF
                                        command to turn off graticule on 7912
        .GLOBL
                GRATOF
GRATOF: .ASCIZ
                /GRAT OFF:/
        .EVEN
        .END
        .TITLE
                 REDSA
                                        ; command to send signal-averaged data
        .GLOBL
                REDSA
                                        ;from 7912 to computer
REDSA:
        .ASCIZ
                /REA SA.; ~./
        .EVEN
        .END
        .TITLE RBB
                                        ; command to read "block binary" data
                                        ;from 7912 to computer. See user's
                                        ; manual for data format.
        .GLOBL RBB, ENDDEL, BYTCHT, CKSUMR, DATA
RBB:
                                  ; LOAD DWA
        .ASCII
                177777
        . WORD
                                  ; WITH NOSTOR FLAG
                /_E/
/%/
        .ASCII
                                  ; LOAD END DELIMITER
        .ASCII
                                  ;WITH % IN LOWBYTE
                                  ; AND FILL UPPER BYTE(NOT USED)
        . BYTE
                 177
        .ASCII
                /!</
                                 ;LISTEN UNTIL INPUT DELIMITER
        .ASCII
                / D/
                                 ; LOAD DWA
                                 ; WITH ADDRESS OF BYTECOUNT VARIABLE
                 BYTCNT
        . WORD
                                  ; LOAD END DELIMITER
        .ASCII
                / E/
                 177777
                                  :WITH READ TO BYTECOUNT FLAG
        .WORD
        .ASCII
                                  ; LOAD BYTECOUNT
               /_B/
        • BYTE
                                  ;WITH 2
                /</
                                  ; LISTEN FOR TWO BYTES
        .ASCII
        .ASCII
                /_R_D/
                                 ; DECREMENT BYTECOUNT, THEN LOAD DWA
                                  ; WITH ADDRESS OF DATA ARRAY
        . WORD
                 DATA
                                  ; AND READ TO BYTECOUNT
                /!</
        .ASCII
        •ASCII
                / D/
                                  ; LOAD DWA
        . WORD
                 CKSUMR
                                  ; WITH ADDRESS OF CHECKSUM READ
                /_E/
        .ASCII
                                  ; LOAD END DELIMITER
                 177777
                                  ; WITH FLAG TO READ TO BYTECOUNT
        .WORD
        .ASCII
                 /_B/
                                  ; LOAD BYTECOUNT
```

```
. BY TE
                              :WITH 1
              /</
       .ASCII
                              ; READ 1 BYTE TO CKSUMR
              /_F/
       .ASCII
                              ;SET FLAG TO IGNORE EOI ON INPUT
              / D/
       .ASCII
                              : LOAD DWA
       .WORD
               177777
                              ;WITH FLAG TO NOSTORE
                              ; LOAD END DELIMITER WITH ";"
       .ASCII
              /_E;/
               377
       . BY TE
                              ;UPPER BYTE(NOT USED)
       .ASCII
              /</
                              ; INPUT TO DELIMITER, IGNORE EOI
       .ASC17 /~_F/
                              ;TURN OFF EOI FLAG
       .EVEN
       .END
       .TITLE REASC1
                              ;routine to read scale factors from first
       .GLOBL REASC1
                              ;plug in. If dual trace, returns upper trace
REASC1: .ASCIZ /REA SC1.;~./
                              ;only
       .EVEN
       .END
       .TITLE
              DIGSA
                              ; command to digitize ans signal average
                              "numsa" number of sequential transients.
       .GLOBL
              DIGSA, NUMSA
       .ASCIZ /DIG SA, /
DIGSA:
                              ;see user's manual for format of numsa
       .EVEN
       .END
       .TITLE OFFLIN
                              ; turns off REN line to make all IEEE devices
       .GLOBL OFFLIN
                              :go off line
OFFLIN: .ASCIZ /~!~$~.:/
       .EVEN
       .END
    The final section of device dependent code consists of the PDBs. At the
time of this writing, relatively few were actually written and used. The code
for these follows:
;* PDB to get the scale factors from the first set of plug-ins. Both a
     horizontal and vertical scale factor are returned.
.TITLE GETSCF
       •GLOBL
              GETSCF, MAKLSN, UNTL, MAKTLK, FNDIT, LLO, GTL, RSCF, REASC1, OFFLIN
GETSCF: .WORD
               MAKLSN
                              :MAKE 7912 A LISTENER
       .WORD
               LLO
                              :DISABLE USER INTERFERENCE
       .WORD
               REASC1
                              ; SEND COMMAND TO READ SCALE FACTORS 1
       .WORD
               UNTL
                              ;UNLISTEN 7912
       .WORD
               MAKTLK
                              ;ALLOW THE 7912 TO TALK
       .WORD
               RSCF
                              :READ SCALE FACTORS
       .WORD
               UNTL
                              ;UNTALK/UNLISTEN THE 7912
       .WORD
               MAKLSN
                              :LISTEN THE 7912
       .WORD
               GTL
                              GO TO LOCAL MODE
       .WORD
               UNTL
       . WORD
               0
                              ; END OF PROCEDURE DEFINITION BLOCK
       .END
```

```
PDB to digitize the number of transient pulses contained in "NUMSA"
      averaging the data to center of scan, and dump the data into the
      data array.
***************
        .TITLE
               DUMPSA
        .GLOBL
                DUMPSA, MAKLSN, MODDIG, DIGSA, REDSA, SEMIGO
        .GLOBL
                UNTL, MAKTLK, RBB, ENDIT, LLO, GTL, NUMSA, NOWAIT
DUMPSA: .WORD
                MAKLSN
                                ; MAKE 7912 A LISTENER
        .WORD
                LLO
                                ; DISABLE USER INTERFERENCE
        .WORD
                MODDIG
                                GO TO DIGITAL MODE
                                ; DIGITIZE DATA ON TRIGGER
        .WORD
                DIGSA
        . WORD
                NUMSA
                                ;ADDRESS OF THE ENCODED NUMBER OF SCANS
        .WORD
                SEMIGO
                                ; A SEMICOLON AND GO TO FOLLOW THE NUMBER
                                ; READ THE SA DATA
        . WORD
                REDSA
        .WORD
                NOWAIT
                                ; UNDO THE WAIT FLAG SET BY SEMIGO
        . WORD
                UNTL
                                ;UNTALK/UNLISTEN THE 7912
        .WORD
                MAKTLK
                                ; MAKE THE 7912 A TALKER
        . WORD
                                ; READ IN THE BLOCK BINARY ATC DATA
                RBB
        .WORD
                UNTL
                                ;UNTALK THE 7912
        . WORD
                MAKLSN
                                ; MAKE 7912 LISTENER
        .WORD
                GTL
                                GO TO LOCAL MODE
        . WORD
                UNTL
        . WORD
                                ; END OF PROCEDURE DEFINITION BLOCK
        . END
****************
    PDB to digitize a single transient, average it to center of sweep
      and dump it to the data array.
        .TITLE
        .GLOBL
                DUMP, MAKLSN, MODDIG, DIGDAT, ATC, RATC, NOWAIT
        .GLOBL
                UNTL, MAKTLK, RBB, ENDIT, LLO, GTL, OFFLIN, SEMIGO
DUMP:
        .WORD
                MAKLSN
                                :MAKE 7912 A LISTENER
        . WORD
                LLO
                                ; DISABLE USER INTERFERENCE
                                ; GO TO DIGITAL MODE
        . WORD
                MODDIG
        .WORD
                DIGDAT
                                ; DIGITIZE DATA ON TRIGGER
        . WORD
                ATC
                                :AVERAGE THE DATA TO CENTER
        .WORD
                SEMIGO
                                ; EXECUTE AND SET WAIT FLAG
                                ; READ THE ATC DATA
        . WORD
                RATC
        .WORD
                NOWAIT
                                ; CLEAR WAIT FLAG
        . WORD
                                ;UNTALK/UNLISTEN THE 7912
                UNTL
        .WORD
                                ; MAKE THE 7912 A TALKER
                MAKTLK
        . WORD
                RBB
                                ; READ IN THE BLOCK BINARY ATC DATA
        .WORD
                UNTL
                                ;UNTALK THE 7912
        .WORD
                MAKLSN
        .WORD
                GTL
        . WORD
                UNTL
        . WORD
                                END OF PROCEDURE DEFINITION BLOCK
        . END
```

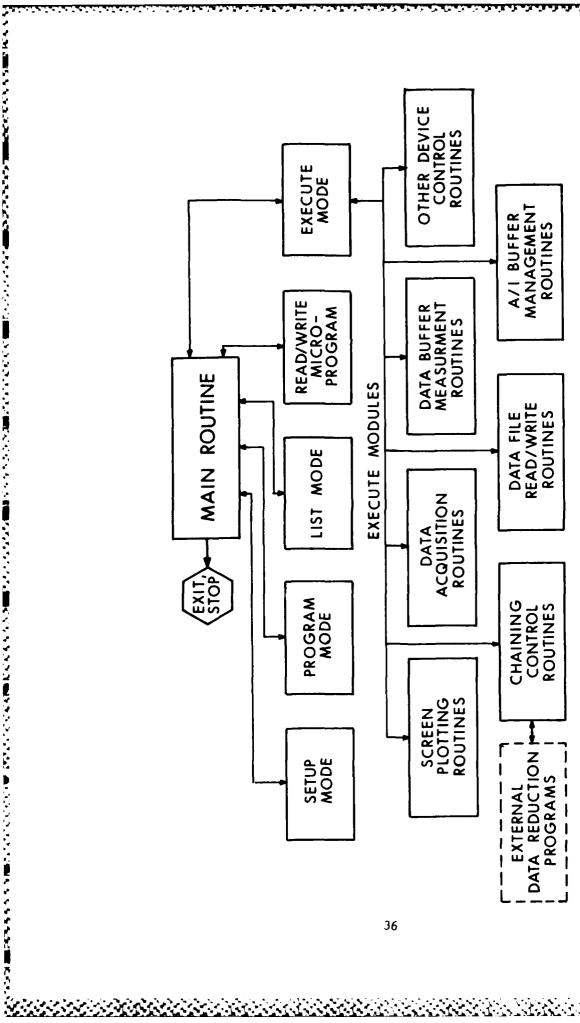
IV. THE USER SOFTWARE SYSTEMS

At this point it is suitable to present the user level software packages that the two experiments use. There are routines that are common to both programs, and those that are different. To minimize the amount of text, where differences are minor, only one version of the routine will be given, and differences noted. If sufficient differences exist, then both versions of a routine will be presented. While both follow approximately the same flow, differences in hardware have forced certain software differences. The system that supports the multiphoton work is equipped with a raster scan display processor and graphics display unit. Therefore, the graphics package for the multiphoton program utilizes this hardware. For the lifetime program, a Tektronix 4014 look-alike terminal was assumed to be the graphics output device, and all graphics code written for it. As mentioned previously, the multiphoton program also operated a shutter, two stepper motors, and a high voltage switch, so that there are differences in the programs due to this. Finally, in the lifetime program, it was deemed necessary to be able to do some on-line curve fitting to an exponential function, so that in this program a means was implemented to store all relevant data about the current context of the program in a disc file, and then start up a user fitting program which would then access that file in order to do this additional processing. While this second program is running, the first has been completely halted and no longer exists as a process in the system. When the user analysis program has completed, the lifetime program is again automatically re-started. A program may make a system call to detect being started in this fashion. If automatic start is detected, the lifetime program reads the disc context file, restores the program context, and continues on as if the intervening program had never been executed. This so called "chaining" of programs provides a way of implementing multi-tasking and process-to-process communications in a simple way.

The programs are written in the top-down structure of modern structured programming, even though FORTRAN is not a structured language. In addition, the programs are microprogrammable, i.e., they may have sequences of operations defined, and then executed repetitively as microprograms. In this way, as day to day use of the program changes, only the user defined microprograms need to change, not the main routines. In order to accomplish this, a particular architecture was used, and is shown in Figure 7. Both of the programs have this structure. They differ primarily in data structures and extra features caused by hardware differences. The operation of the software was designed to simulate the classic Von Neuman cycle that most computers use:

- 1. Fetch an instruction from memory
- Increment the program counter to point to the next one in memory
- 3. Decode the instruction
- 4. Fetch any additional required operands, updating the program counter as necessary
- 5. Execute the instruction

When this cycle is repeated, a program consisting of a list of instructions and operands stored in memory is executed. It is due to this method of operation that computers do not have to be re-wired for every new program, and



The Architecture of the User Level Programs Figure 7.

the user programs described here do not have to be re-written for every new sequence of operations they are to perform. The programs all have the same parts: the setup section, a programming section, an execution section, and a main routine. The programs both have an instruction array to hold the instructions to be executed, both have a program counter to point to the next item in the instruction array to be fetched, and both have manual and automatic modes of operation. In the automatic mode, the user begins in the main routine, and selects to go to the programming mode. In this mode, a series of menus are displayed listing the options available. The user selects those operations desired, and the programming mode places the corresponding opcodes and arguments in the instruction array. When this microprogram is complete, and the sequence of operations that the user desires is defined, the user specifies that a return to the main routine is desired. In the main routine, the user may review his microprogram via a listing option, may store the microprogram on disc for future use, may read in a microprogram from disk that was stored previously, or may go to the execution mode. In the execution mode, the user is queried for an execution count (N). The microprogram will then be completely executed N times, after which a return to the main routine is done. The manual mode is a degenerate case of the automatic mode. When the manual mode is selected, a flag is set, and the execution count set to 1. Next, automatic entry is done to the programming mode. In this mode, whenever a complete instruction is entered into the instruction array, the manual flag is tested. If set, a return is made to the main routine where the flag is again tested. If set, an automatic entry is made to the execution routine and the microprogram (consisting of the single instruction) executed. Since the execution count was 1, a return to main routine is done, the manual flag tested, and the automatic entry into programming mode done again. In this way, the user can give single commands which are executed immediately. This mode is useful in experiments where considerable "poking around" must be done prior to being able to define a set sequence of operations for automatic data acquisition and control. In keeping with the top-down approach in program design, the same approach will be used in program description. The first module, then, to be described is the main control module. In order to begin, the data structures will be defined.

The following lines merely override any implicit variable types that FORTRAN defaults to:

INTEGER DATA, AUTINC, SELECT, MANUAL LOGICAL*1 FILE1, FILE2, FILE3, YS CALS, HS CALS, NUMSA LOGICAL*1 IDINF1, IDINF2, FILE4

Next, the common blocks or global segments of the data structures:

COMMON /DATA/ DATA(512)

CONTRACTOR DESCRIPTION MANAGEMENT OF STATEMENT

いいれんとうでき はいいいいいいしん

This 512 integer array is used by the PDRs to accept the data dumped from the 7912AD digitizer. The range of the data depends on the mode that is used to dump it. For a single scan, the range is 0-511. For multiple scans, it is this range multiplied by the number of scans.

COMMON /VSCALF/ YSCALS(20)

This 20 byte array is used by the PDBs to receive the vertical scale factors sent by the 7912AD. Since the factors are sent in ASCII code, routines CVTSCF and SORTIT are used to convert to internal format floating point numbers for use in the program.

COMMON / HSCALF/ FSCALS(20)

This 20 byte array has the same function and description as that for VSCALF, except that it receives the horizontal scale factors.

COMMON /NUMSA/ NUMSA(4)

This 4 byte array is loaded with the ASCII code for the number of repetitive pulses to be digitized and summed within the 7912AD. The array is used by the PDBs to tell the CIF routine where to get the character string. The name stands for NUMber to Signal Average.

COMMON /BUFFA/ RADATA(512)

This 1024 word (2048 byte) array contains the 512 floating point data values of the symbolic data buffer "A". It is used as a general data accumulator.

COMMON /BUFFB/ RBDATA(512)

This corresponds to buffer "B", with the same description as BUFFA.

COMMON /BUFFD/ RDDATA(512)

This corresponds to buffer "D", same description as BUFFA.

COMMON /CNTRL/ YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, ICOFLN 1, FILE1(16), FILE2(16), FILE3(16), FILE4(16), AUTINC

As there are numerous variables in this statement, they are broken out as follows:

YSCALE, XSCALE

These are the vertical and horizontal scale factors corresponding to VSCALF and HSCALF. They are floating point numbers, and represent volts/division and time/division respectively. There are 8 divisions on the screen of the 7912AD, corresponding to 512 units in the transmitted data. If, for instance, the time/div were 0.001 seconds/div, the time per "channel" would be 15.625 microseconds (.008/512).

NPULSE

This is an integer that contains the Number of PULSEs that the program is to signal average. This is different from NUMSA, in that NUMSA may only contain numbers that are powers of 2, i.e., 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, or 64. Any numbers other than these are truncated internally to the 7912AD into a power

of two, and then that number of pulses digitized. In order to average a number higher than 64, or an odd number of pulses, that number must be broken into the powers of 2, and done in parts. NPULSE contains that actual number to be done, and must be less than 32768.

MANUAL

This is the flag that indicates whether the program is in automatic (microprogramming) or manual (inter-pretive) mode. MANUAL = 1 indicates manual mode.

IRFLN

This is a flag that if set to 1 will cause the program to request file names before any file accesses are performed. If set to zero, the file name number indicated in the instruction opcode is used to indicate which internally stored file name string is to be used.

ICOFLN

This is a flag that when set to I causes the file name used in a file access to be printed on user terminal after its use.

FILE1, FILE2, FILE3, FILE4

These 4 arrays may be loaded with ASCII strings representing file names by the user. The first 3 are used for reading and writing the data buffers A, B, and D to disc files, and the fourth for reading and writing the A/I buffer to disc files.

AUTINC

のなる。これであるとのでは、それないないでは、大きないのでは、これをはないとのでは、これをはないのでは、これをはないのでは、これをはないのでは、これをはないのでは、これをはないのでは、これをはないのでは、

This flag controls the autoincrement feature of file access. Under this feature, file names are entered with the form "DEV:FILNAM.EXT", where DEV is an RT-11 device, FILNAM is a 1 to 6 letter file name, and EXT is a NUMFRICAL (e.g. 003) extension. The file name is entered into one of the strings mentioned above. After each time the name is used to open a file for a read or write, the extension is incremented by 1 if AUTINC = 1. Otherwise, the filename is unchanged.

COMMON /ID/ IDINF1(72), IDINF2(72)

These byte arrays are used to store identification information about the data in the buffers. They are stored with the data arrays when a file is created, and loaded from a file when it is read.

COMMON /MUPROG/ INSTR(100)

This is the instruction array where the programming routine stores its opcodes, and from which the execution routine reads them. The array may be stored in a disc file, or loaded from a disc file.

COMMON /AI/ AIX, AIY, AIVALS(100), IPTR, AIX, AIY

These variables hold the most recent measurement taken by one of the data measurement routines (integral, amplitude, etc.).

AIVALS

This array is sequentially loaded with successive measurements, upon microprogram command. This buffer may be stored to or loaded from a disc file, and may be plotted on the screen by the data acquisition pro-grams, or made into hard copy by external programs.

IPTR

This is a pointer into the AIVALS array. It points to the next free element in the array.

COMMON /PLT/ SCALF, YMIN, YMAX

These variables are for use by the plotting routines. SCALF is the vertical scale factor, and YMIN, YMAX are the vertical data minimum and maximum values respectively.

COMMON /CURSOR/ IX1, Y1, IX2, Y2, IWAIT, IDFSE1, IDFSE2

IX1,Y1

For the graphics package that supports the MDP-3 display processor, two cursor positions are stored, in order to speed up the positioning of the cursor during multiple measurements. These variables are the X and Y values of the first.

IX2,Y2

These are the X and Y positions of the second stored cursor position.

TVAIT

This is a flag that determines whether or not the program will wait for the user to move the cursor from its stored position before using its X, Y values for input to the measurement routines. For data measurement sets where it is desirable to always perform the measurements on the same portion of the data, and cursor movement is unnecessary, this flag is set to zero, and no user interaction is necessary to perform the indicated measurements.

IDFSE1, IDFSE2

These are flags indicating that the two cursor positions have been loaded. It is used to insure that the user has put valid positions in storage before the IWAIT flag can be set not to allow user cursor movement.

COMMON /PLTLIM/ IFIRST, ILAST

These are the first and last channels in "X" that define the active data set range. And now, the code for the main routine of the multiphoton program: PROGRAM MULTIP INTEGER DATA, AUTINC, SELFCT, MANUAL LOGICAL*1 FILE1, FILE2, FILE3, YSCALS, HSCALS, NUMSA LOGICAL*1 IDINF1, IDINF2, FILE4 COMMON /DATA/ DATA(512) COMMON /VSCALF/ YSCALS(20) COMMON /HSCALF/ HSCALS(20) COMMON / NUMSA/ NUMSA(4) COMMON /BUFFA/ RADATA(512) COMMON /BUFFB/ RBDATA(512) COMMON /BUFFD/ RDDATA(512) COMMON / CNTRL/ YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, ICOFLN 1, FILE1(16), FILE2(16), FILE3(16), FILE4(16), AUTINC COMMON /ID/ IDINF1(72), IDINF2(72) COMMON /MUPROG/ INSTR(100) COMMON /AI/ AIX, AIY, AIVALS(100), IPTR COMMON / PLT/ SCALF, YMIN, YMAX COMMON /CURSOR/ IX1,Y1,IX2,Y2,IWAIT,IDFSE1,IDFSE2 COMMON /PLTLIM/ IFIRST, ILAST DATA NUMSA /4 * 0/, AUTINC/0/, IRFLN/1/, ICOFLN/0/ DATA IPTR /1/,AIVALS /100 * 0.0/,IWAIT/1/,IDFSE1/0/,IDFSE2/0/ DATA IFIRST /1/,ILAST/512/ MANUAL = 0Type the headers, main menu **TYPE 100 TYPE 101** 7 **TYPF 102 TYPE 103** Get the selection, and got to that section of code ACCEPT 104, SELECT GO TO (1,2,3,4,5,6,9,8) SELECT GO TO 7 Go to setup mode CALL SETUP GO TO 7 Go to microprogramming mode CALL PROGRM IF(MANUAL.EO.O)GO TO 7 GO TO 4 Go to manual mode of operation CALL GOTOMA GO TO 2 IF(MANUAL.NE.1)GO TO 10 NUMREM = 1GO TO 11 Get execution count 10 TYPE 105, NUMREM

ACCEPT 104, MUMREM

```
IF(MUMREM.NE.O) NUMREM=MUMREM
  Go to execution mode
        CALL EXECUT(NUMREM)
11
        IF (MANUAL.EO.O)GO TO 7
        GO TO 2
   Save microprogram on disc
        CALL OUTPRO
5
        GO TO 7
   Go get a microprogram from disc
С
        CALL INPROG
6
        GO TO 7
   List current microprogram in memory
C
        CALL LISTPR
        GO TO 7
        CALL EXIT
       ******** FORMAT STATEMENTS FOR ROUTINE MAIN *********
100
        FORMAT(1X,
        1'THIS IS THE MULTI-PHOTON MEASUREMENT DATA ACQUISITION PROGRAM'/)
        FORMAT(5X'MAIN SELECTION MENU: '//)
101
102
        FORMAT(10X'1 = ENTER SETUP FOR SERIES MODE'/
        1,10x'2 = ENTER PROGRAMMING MODE'/
        2,10X'3 = GO TO MANUAL MODE'/
        3,10X'4 = EXECUTE MICROPROGRAM'/
        4,10x'5 = STORE MICROPPOGRAM ON DISC'/
        5,10x'6 = READ IN MICROPROGRAM FROM DISC'/
        7,10x'7 = LIST MICROPROGRAM'/
        6,10x'8 = EXIT FROM PROGRAM'//)
103
        FORMAT('$',12X,'SFLECTION ? >')
104
        FORMAT(16)
        FORMAT('$NUMBER OF REPETITIONS ? (',14,') >')
105
```

END

The data structures for the lifetime program include a few extras, and leave out some of those in the multiphoton program. Those that are left out require no explanation, and the extras follow:

MWTPLT

This flag is included in LIFTIM, since the control terminal and graphics output device are one and the same. In order to allow the user to observe the plots without printing on the screen, the program pauses after plotting, waiting for the user to type a carriage return, after which the plot is erased, and the normal terminal operation restored. Setting the NWTPLT flag to I causes this pause not to occur, allowing the microprogram to continue without user interaction. This is useful for viewing large numbers of data files in a "movie" type progression, while the user sits back and watches.

While this is not a new variable in the programs, it is included in common in the lifetime program due to the chaining in use. In this way, if a chain call is made in the middle of a microprogram, the value of the PC is stored for the chain out, and restored during the chain-in so that the next logical microprogram step will be executed after the chain is completed.

The code for the main routine of the lifetime program follows:

```
PROGRAM LIFTIM
        INTEGER DATA, AUTINC, SELECT, MANUAL, PC
        LOGICAL*1 FILE1, FILE2, FILE3, YSCALS, HSCALS, NUMSA
        LOGICAL*1 IDINF1, IDINF2, FILE4
        COMMON /DATA/ DATA(512)
        COMMON /VSCALF/ YSCALS(20)
        COMMON /HSCALF/ HSCALS(20)
        COMMON / NUMSA/ NUMSA(4)
        COMMON /BUFFA/ RADATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFB/ RBDATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFD/ RDDATA(512)
        COMMON /CNTRL/ YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, ICOFLN
        1, FILE1(16), FILE2(16), FILE3(16), FILE4(16), AUTINC, NWTPLT
        COMMON /ID/ IDINF1(72), IDINF2(72)
        COMMON /MUPROG/ INSTR(100), PC
        COMMON /AI/ AIX, AIY, AIVALS(100), IPTR
        COMMON /PLT/ SCALF, YMIN, YMAX
        COMMON / CURSOR/ IX1, Y1, IX2, Y2, IWAIT, IDFSE1, IDFSE2
        COMMON /PLTLIM/ IFIRST, ILAST
        PATA NUMSA /4 * 0/, AUTINC/0/, IRFLN/1/, ICOFLN/0/
        DATA IPTR /1/, AIVALS /100 * 0.0/, NWTPLT/0/, IDFSE1/0/, IDFSE2/0/
        DATA IFIRST/1/, ILAST/512/
    CODE TO DETECT CHAIN-IN AND SETUP TO RESUME WHERE LEFT OFF
        CALL RCHAIN(IFLAG, IVAR, 0)
    set terminal to VT-100 mode and clear screen
        CALL SETTRM
        CALL VTMODE
        CALL VTPAGE
        IF(IFLAG.NE.-1)GO TO 12
    restore software context
        CALL RESTOR(NUMREM)
        ICHAIN = 1
        GO TO 11
    NORMAL ENTRY CODE POINT
С
12
        MANUAL = 0
        ICHAIN = 0
    Put on headings, main select menu..
        TYPE 100
7
        TYPE 101
        TYPE 102
        TYPE 103
        ACCEPT 104, SELECT
```

```
GO TO (1,2,3,4,5,6,9,8) SELECT
        GO TO 7
1
        CALL SETUP
        GO TO 7
2
        CALL PROGRM
        IF(MANUAL.EO.O)GO TO 7
        GO TO 4
        CALL GOTOMA
3
        GO TO 2
        IF(MANUAL.NE.1)GO TO 10
        NUMREM = 1
        GO TO 11
        TYPE 105, NUMREM
10
        ACCEPT 104, MUMREM
        IF(MUMREM.NE.O) NUMREM = MUMREM
        CALL EXECUT(NUMREM, ICHAIN)
11
        IF (MANUAL.EO.O)GO TO 7
        GO TO 2
5
        CALL OUTPRO
        GO TO 7
        CALL INPROG
6
        GO TO 7
9
        CALL LISTPR
        GO TO 7
        CALL EXIT
C************* FORMAT STATEMENTS FOR ROUTINE MAIN **********
100
        FORMAT(1X,
        1'THIS IS THE LIFETIME MEASUREMENT DATA ACQUISITION PROGRAM'/)
101
        FORMAT(5X'MAIN SELECTION MENU: '//)
102
        FORMAT(10X'1 = ENTER SETUP FOR SERIES MODE'/
        1,10x'2 = ENTER PROGRAMMING MODE'/
        2,10x'3 = GO TO MANUAL MODE'/
        3,10X'4 = EXECUTE MICROPROGRAM'/
        4,10x'5 = STORE MICROPROGRAM ON DISC'/
        5,10X'6 = READ IN MICROPROGRAM FROM DISC'/
        7,10x'7 = LIST MICROPROGRAM'/
        6,10X'8 = EXIT FROM PROGRAM'//)
103
        FORMAT('$',12X,'SELECTION ? >')
104
        FORMAT(16)
105
        FORMAT('$NUMBER OF REPETITIONS ?(',13,') >')
        END
```

Probably the next logical level in the routines is the programming routines. These routines only place opcodes into the instruction array; they do not execute any real functions. In order to begin the description of the microprogramming, a list of the opcode assignments is given, and their

functions. The descriptions are all in capital letters since this is a copy of an on-line documentation file that is part of the software package. The file follows:

OPCODE 1	NUMBER ARGS 0	MFANING OF OPCODE ERASE CONTENTS OF "A"
2	0	FRASE CONTENTS OF "B"
3	0	ERASE CONTENTS OF "D"
4	0	ERASE CONTENTS OF ALL BUFFERS
5	0	ACCUMULATE SINGLE PULSE TO "A"
6	0	ACCUMULATE SINGLE PULSE TO "B"
7	0	ACCUMULATE SINGLE PULSE TO "D"
8	1	ACCUMULATE MULTIPLE PULSES INTO "A", ARG1 = NUMBER OF PULSES TO ACCUMULATE
9	1	ACCUMULATE MULTIPLE PULSES INTO "B", ARG1 = NUMBER OF PULSES TO ACCUMULATE
10	1	ACCUMULATE MULTIPLE PULSES INTO "D", ARG1 = NUMBER OF PULSES TO ACCUMULATE
11	1	PLOT SINGLE DATA SET, ARG1 = BUFFER 1,2,3
12	2	PLOT 2 DATA SETS IN ARG1, ARG2 ARG1 = FIRST BUFFER, ARG2 = SECOND BUFFER
13	3	PLOT 3 DATA SETS IN ARG1, ARG2, ARG3. ARG1 = FIRST BUFFER, ARG2 = SECOND BUFFER, ARG3 = THIRD BUFFER
14	1	WRITE DATA IN BUFFER "A" TO FILE. ARG1 = FILNAME NUMBER 1,2, OR 3
15	1	WRITE "B" TO FILE. ARG1 = FILENAME NUMBER
16	1	WRITE "D" TO FILE. ARG1 = FILENAME NUMBER
17	I	READ DATA INTO BUFFER "A" FROM FILE. ARG1 = FILNAME NUMBER 1,2, OR 3.
18	1	READ "B" FROM FILE. ARG1 = FILENAME NUMBER
19	1	READ "D" FROM FILE. ARG1 = FILENAME NUMBER

20	0	WRITE AMPLITUDE/INTEGRAL DATA BUFFER TO FILE.
21	0	ERASE A/I DATA BUFFER
*22	1	MOVE BURNER +/- STEPS, ARG1 NUMBER OF STEPS.
*23	0	OPEN SHUTTER
*24	0	CLOSE SHUTTER
25	0	READ DATA INTO A/I BUFFER
26	0	TYPE OUT DATA IN A/I BUFFER ON SCREEN
27	0	COMPUTE A-B PUT IN D
28	1	INCREMENT FILNAME EXTENSION, ARG1 = FILENAME NUMBER
29	0	INTEGRATE BETWEEN CURSOR LIMITS
30	0	MOVE LAST MEASUREMENT TO A/I BUFFER, NEXT POSITION
31	0	MEASURE AMPLITUDES OF PULSES, FROM CURSOR.
32	1	MEASURE AMPLITUDES OF PULSES, FROM DATA SET. ARG1 = BUFFER NUMBER, CHANNEL NUMBER FROM CURSOR
33	0	WAIT FOR USER TO TYPE A CARRIAGE RETURN
34	0	ACQUIRE SCALE FACTORS ONLY
*35	1	MOVE DYE LASER GRATING. ARG1=#STEPS OF .012 NM
36	1	MEASURE AMPLITUDES OUICK AND DIRTY FROM MAX-MIN. ARG1 = BUFFER NUMBER
**37	0	CHAIN TO FITTER PROGRAM
38	0	PLOT CONTENTS OF A/I BUFFER ON SCREEN
*39	0	TURN ON HIGH VOLTAGE TO ION COLLECTOR
*40	0	TURN OFF HIGH VOLTAGE TO ION COLLECTOR

^{*} INDICATES THAT THIS OPCODE IS FOR MULTIPHOTON PROGRAM ONLY

^{**} INDICATES THAT THIS OPCODE IS FOR LIFETIME PROGRAM ONLY

AUTOINCREMENT: WHEN SET, A FILENAME EXTENSION IS INCREMENTED EACH TIME

AFTER IT IS USED.

REQUEST FILENAMES: WHEN SET, THE PROGRAM WILL ASK FOR THE FILENAME TO BE

USED BEFORE THE FILE OPERATION

MANUAL: WHEN SET, THE PROGRAM IMMEDIATELY ENTERS THE PROGRAMMING

MODE, AND THEN EXECUTES THE OPERATION SELECTED IMMEDIATELY,

AND RETURNS TO PROGRAMMING MODE.

ECHO FILE NAMES: WHEN SET THE ACTUAL FILE NAME USED IS ECHOED ON FILE ACCESS

CHAIN TO FITTER OPCODE: THIS ACTUALLY CAUSES ALL RELEVANT INFORMATION ABOUT

THE PROGRAM TO BE SAVED IN A CHAIN FILE, AND A NEW PROGRAM TO BE LOADED INTO CORE AND RUN. THE LIFTIM PROGRAM IS OVERWRITTEN. WHEN THE LIFTIM PROGRAM IS CHAINED INTO, THE CHAIN FILE IS READ AND RESTORES THE PROGRAM TO ITS ORIGINAL STATE, ALL VARIABLES

INTACT.

INTERRUPT EXECUTION: THE PROGRAM MAY BE INTERRUPTED AT ANY POINT EXCEPT

DURING ACTUAL DATA ACQUISITION BY THE 7912 DIGITIZER BY TYPING TWO CONSECUTIVE CONTROL C'S. THEN WHEN "REE" IS TYPED THE PROGRAM WILL RESTART, WITH ALL

BUFFERS AND OPTIONS STILL IN EFFECT.

ABORT PREVIOUS A/I

MEASUREMENT: THIS MOVES THE CURRENT A/I BUFFER POINTER BACK AND

ERASES THE VALUES FOUND THERE. THIS IS USEFUL TO CANCEL A PART OF A DATA SET WHERE THE INSTRUMENTS WENT WEST DURING A DATA RUN. (FOUND IN SETUP MODE)

SELECT DISPLAY

SUBSET:

THIS SELECTS THE SUBRANGE OF DATA TO BE DISPLAYED

AND OPERATED UPON BY THE DATA MEASUREMENT/CALCULATION OPERATIONS. THIS IS USEFUL TO ELIMINATE SECTIONS OF THE INPUT DATA SET WHERE NOISE WOULD ONLY CONFUSE

MATTERS. (FOUND IN SETUP MODE)

OUICK-AND-DIRTY

AMPLITUDES:

THIS AVERAGES THE FIRST 15 CHANNELS OF THE SELECTED

DATA SET IN THE SELECTED SUBRANGE AND ASSIGNS THIS TO

BE ZERO, AND THEN CALCULATES THE MAX IN THE DATA

SUBRANGE. AMPLITUDE = MAX - ZFRO LEVEL.

******* END OF OPCODES DOCUMENTATION FILE *******************

These are the actual numbers that are written into the instruction array by the programming section of the programs. Since the opcodes are the same for both programs, microprograms from one program may be executed by the other. Unidentified opcodes do, however, cause an error message to be printed to the user.

In order to microprogram (or do manual operations), the opcodes must be

entered into the instruction array. To do this, the program counter is set to 1, meaning the first element in the array, the array is cleared to zeros, and the opcodes placed in the array. The PC is used to tell the programming routine which array element to place the numerical code into, after which the PC is incremented. In order to make the user interface as painless as possible, menus are used to select categories of functions, and sub-menus to select actual functions where needed. This was found to require the least user sophistication in order to accomplish the user goal. As a result of this simplicity, and the power afforded by microprogramming, the complexity and sophistication of the user microprogramming matches the expertise of the user at all times. The code for the programming section of the multiphoton program follows:

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```
SUBROUTINE PROGRM
        COMMON /CNTRL/ YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, ICOFLN
        1,FILE1(16),FILE2(16),FILE3(16),FILE4(16),AUTINC
        COMMON /MUPROG/ INSTR(100)
        INTEGER PC, SELECT
        DATA IY/'Y'/, IA/'A'/ , IB/'B'/ , ID/'D'/
        ICMM = 157.48031
        DO 13 I=1,100
        INSTR(I)=0
        CONTINUE
13
        PC = 1
        TYPE 100
        TYPE 101
1
        TYPE 102
2
        ACCEPT 103, SELECT
        GO TO (3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11) SELFCT
        GO TO 1
   ERASE BUFFERS OPCODES
        TYPE 104
        ACCEPT 116, ICH
        IF (ICH.NE.IY)GO TO 31
        INSTR(PC)=4
        GO TO 32
        CALL GETBUF(ICH)
31
        INSTR(PC)=ICH
32
        PC=PC+1
        GO TO 2
        RETURN
   ACCUMULATE SINGLE PULSE OPCODES
4
        TYPE 117
45
        TYPE 102
        ACCEPT 103, ICH
        GO TO (41,42,43,12) ICH
        GO TO 4
41
        CALL GETBUF(ICH)
        INSTR(PC) = ICH+4
        GO TO 44
    ACCUMULATE MULTIPLE PULSES OPCODES
42
        CALL GETBUF(ICH)
        INSTR(PC)=ICH + 7
```

```
PC=PC+1
        TYPE 106
        ACCEPT 103, INSTR(PC)
        GO TO 44
  ACCUMULATE SCALE FACTORS ONLY OPCODE
C
        INSTR(PC)=34
43
        PC=PC+1
44
        GO TO 45
        RETURN
C
   PLOT DATA OPCODES AND ARGS
        TYPE 107
5
        ACCEPT 103, ICH
        IF(ICH.LT.1.OR.ICH.GT.3)GO TO 5
        INSTR(PC)=ICH + 10
        PC = PC + 1
        DO 51 I=1, ICH
        CALL GETBUF(IVAL)
        INSTR(PC)=IVAL
        PC=PC+1
51
        CONTINUE
        GO TO 12
        RETURN
С
   FILE OPERATIONS SECTION
6
        TYPE 108
61
        TYPE 102
        ACCEPT 103, ICH
        GO TO (62,62,63,12) ICH
        GO TO 6
C WRITE/READ DATA BUFFER OPCODES
62
        CALL GETBUF(IVAL)
        IF(ICH.EO.1)INSTR(PC)=IVAL+13
        IF(ICH.EQ.2)INSTR(PC)=IVAL+16
        PC=PC+1
        GO TO 64
  INCREMENT EXTENSION OPCODE
63
        INSTR(PC)=28
        PC=PC+1
С
   GET ARG SECTION
64
        CALL GETFIL(IVAL)
        INSTR(PC)=IVAL
        PC=PC+1
        GO TO 61
   MISCELLANEOUS OPERATIONS SECTION
C
        TYPE 112
7
71
        TYPE 102
        ACCEPT 103, ICH
        GO TO (72,73,74,75,76,79,791,792,12) ICH
        GO TO 7
C MOVE BURNER BY MM
72
        TYPE 113
        ACCEPT 115, RMM
        ICNT=RMM * ICMM + 0.5
        GO TO 77
  MOVE BURNER BY COUNTS
```

```
73
        TYPE 114
        ACCEPT 103, ICNT
  ASSEMBLE BURNER MOVE INSTRUCTION
77
        INSTR(PC)=22
        PC=PC+1
        INSTR(PC)=ICNT
        GO TO 78
   OPEN SHUTTER OPCODE
74
        INSTR(PC)=23
        GO TO 78
C CLOSE SHUTTER OPCODE
75
        INSTR(PC)=24
        GO TO 78
   WAIT FOR CR OPCODE
С
        INSTR(PC)=33
76
С
   GENERAL RETURN CODE
78
        PC=PC+1
        GO TO 71
  MOVE LASER OPCODE
С
79
        INSTR(PC) = 35
        PC = PC + 1
        TYPE 118
        ACCEPT 103, INSTR(PC)
        GO TO 78
C ION COLLECTOR VOLTAGE CONTROL OPCODES
791
        INSTR(PC)=39
        GO TO 78
792
        INSTR(PC)=40
        GO TO 78
   AMPLITUDE/INTEGRAL BUFFER OPERATIONS
8
        TYPE 110
81
        TYPE 102
        ACCEPT 103, ICH
        GO TO (82,83,84,85,87,12) ICH
        GO TO 8
   ERASE A/I OPCODE
82
        INSTR(PC)=21
        GO TO 86
   TYPE OUT CONTENTS OF A/I OPCODE
83
        INSTR(PC)=26
        GO TO 86
С
  WRITE A/I TO FILE OPCODE
84
        INSTR(PC)=20
        GO TO 86
C READ FILE INTO A/I OPCODE
85
        INSTR(PC)=25
        GO TO 86
C PLOT A/I BUFFER OPCODE
87
        INSTR(PC)=38
C GENERAL RETURN CODE
86
        PC=PC+1
        GO TO 81
```

C DATA MEASUREMENT/CALCULATIONS CODES

```
TYPE 111
        TYPE 102
91
        ACCEPT 103, ICH
        GO TO (92,93,93,93,97,98,12) ICH
        GO TO 9
C OPCODE FOR D=A-B OPERATION
        INSTR(PC)=27
92
        GO TO 96
С
   CODE TO GET BUFFER AND PLOT IT FOR AMPLITUDE MEASURE
93
        CALL GETBUF(IVAL)
        INSTR(PC)=11
        PC=PC+1
        INSTR(PC)=IVAL
        PC=PC+1
        IF(ICH.EQ.3)GO TO 94
        IF(ICH.EQ.4)GO TO 95
   OPCODE FOR AMPLITUDE FROM CURSOR POSITION
        INSTR(PC)=31
        GO TO 96
   OPCODE FOR AMPLITUDE FROM DATA SET
С
94
        INSTR(PC)=32
        PC=PC+1
        INSTR(PC)=IVAL
        GO TO 96
   OPCODE FOR INTEGRATE BETWEEN LIMITS
95
        INSTR(PC)=29
        PC=PC+1
        INSTR(PC)=IVAL
        PC=PC+1
96
        GO TO 91
C OPCODE FOR MOVE DATUM TO A/I BUFFER
97
        INSTR(PC)=30
        GO TO 96
   OPCODE FOR QUICK-N-DIRTY AMPLITUDE
98
        INSTR(PC)=36
        PC=PC+1
        CALL GETBUF(INSTR(PC))
        GO TO 96
   GO TO AUTOMATIC MODE
        MANUAL = 0
10
        RETURN
12
        IF(MANUAL.EQ.O)GO TO 1
11
        RETURN
C************* FORMAT STATEMENTS FOR SUBROUTINF PROGRM **********
100
        FORMAT(1X'****** PROGRAMMING MODE *******//)
101
        FORMAT(1X'PROGRAM SELECTION MENU: '/
        1,10x'1 = ERASE DATA BUFFER(S)'/
        2,10X'2 = DIGITIZE DATA'/
        3,10x'3 = PLOT DATA ACCUMULATED'/
        4.10x'4 = DO FILE OPERATIONS'/
        5,10x'5 = GO TO MISCELLANEOUS HANDLER MENU '/
        6,10x'6 = DO AMPLITUDE/INTEGRAL BUFFER OPERATIONS'/
        7,10x'7 = DO DATA MEASUREMENT/CALCULATIONS'/
```

```
8,10X'8 = GO TO AUTOMATIC MODE FROM MANUAL'/
       9.10X'9 = RETURN TO MAIN SELECT MENU'//)
       FORMAT('$',9X'SELECTION ? >')
102
       FORMAT(15)
103
       FORMAT('$ALL BUFFERS ? (Y OR N)>')
104
106
       FORMAT('$NUMBER OF PULSES ? (1 - 32767) >')
        FORMAT('$NUMBER OF PLOTS ON SCREEN ? (1-3) >')
107
       FORMAT(1X'FILE HANDLER SELECTIONS: '//
108
        1.10X'1 = WRITE DATA BUFFER TO FILE'/
        2,10X'2 = READ DATA FROM FILE TO DATA BUFFER'/
        3,10X'3 = INCREMENT EXTENSION OF FILENAME'/
        4.10X'4 = RETURN TO PROGRAMMING MENU'/)
110
        FORMAT(1X'A/I BUFFER HANDLER MENU: '//
        1,10X'1 = ERASE A/I BUFFER'/
        2,10X'2 = TYPE CONTENTS OF A/I BUFFER ON SCREEN'/
        3,10X'3 = WRITE A/I BUFFER TO FILE'/
        4,10X'4 = READ FILE INTO A/I BUFFER'/
        5,10x'5 = PLOT CONTENTS OF A/I BUFFER ON SCREEN'/
        6,10X'6 = RETURN TO PROGRAMMING MENU'//)
111
        FORMAT(1X'MEASUREMENTS/CALCULATIONS SELECTION MENU: '//
        1,10X'1 = COMPUTE D = A - B BUFFERS'/
        2,10X'2 = MEASURE AMPLITUDES FROM CURSOR POSITION VALUE'/
        3,10X'3 = MEASURE AMPLITUDES FROM ACTUAL DATA VALUES'/
        4,10X'4 = INTEGRATE BETWEEN CURSOR LIMITS'/
        5,10x'5 = MOVE LAST MEASUREMENT TO NEXT A/I BUFFER ELEMENT'/
        6,10x'6 = DO QUICK-N-DIRTY MAX-MIN AMPLITUDE MEASUREMENT'/
        7,10X'7 = RETURN TO PROGRAMMING MENU'//)
112
        FORMAT(1X'MISCELLANEOUS HANDLER SELECT MENU: '//
        1,10X'1 = MOVE BURNER BY M.M.'/
        2,10X'2 = MOVE BURNER BY STEPS'/
        3,10X'3 = OPEN SHUTTER'/
        4,10X'4 = CLOSE SHUTTER'/
        5,10X'5 = WAIT FOR USER TO TYPE A CARRIAGE RETURN'/
        6,10X'6 = STEP DYE LASER GRATING DRIVE MOTOR'/
        7,10X'7 = TURN ON ION COLLECTOR VOLTAGE'/
        8,10X'8 = TURN OFF ION COLLECTOR VOLTAGE'/
        9,10X'9 = RETURN TO PROGRAMMING MENU'//)
113
        FORMAT(
        1'$BURNER MOVEMENT ? (+/- M.M., DECIMAL, + IS INTO LASER BEAM) >')
114
        1('SBURNER MOVEMENT ? (STEPS, INTEGER, + IS INTO LASER BEAM) >')
115
        FORMAT(E10.0)
116
        FORMAT(A2)
117
        FORMAT(1x'DATA ACCUMULATION SELECTION MENU: '//
        1,10X'1 = ACCUMULATE SINGLE PULSE'/
        2,10X'2 = ACCUMULATE AND AVERAGE MULTIPLE PULSES'/
        3,10X'3 = GET AND TYPE SCALE FACTORS ONLY'/
        4,10X'4 = RETURN TO PROGRAMMING MENU'//)
        FORMAT('$LASER STEPS ? ( + IS LONGER LAMBDA, STEP = .012 NM) >')
C**********************************
```

END

For the Liftim program, the equivalent code is:

```
SUBROUTINE PROGRM
        INTEGER PC, SELECT
        COMMON /CNTRL/ YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, ICOFLN
        1,FILE1(16),FILE2(16),FILE3(16),FILE4(16),AUTINC,NWTPLT
        COMMON /MUPROG/ INSTR(100),PC
        DATA IY/'Y'/, IA/'A'/ , IB/'B'/ , ID/'D'/
        DO 13 I=1,100
        INSTR(I)=0
13
        CONTINUE
        PC = 1
        TYPE 100
        TYPE 101
1
2
        TYPE 102
        ACCEPT 103, SELECT
        GO TO (3,4,5,6,7,8,10,9,11) SELECT
        GO TO 1
   ERASE BUFFERS OPCODES
C
3
        TYPE 104
        ACCEPT 116, ICH
        IF (ICH.NE.IY)GO TO 31
        INSTR(PC)=4
        GO TO 32
31
        CALL GETBUF(ICH)
        INSTR(PC)=ICH
32
        PC=PC+1
        GO TO 2
        RETURN
C
   ACCUMULATE SINGLE PULSE OPCODES
4
        TYPE 117
45
        TYPE 102
        ACCEPT 103, ICH
        GO TO (41,42,43,12)ICH
        GO TO 4
41
        CALL GETBUF(ICH)
        INSTR(PC) = ICH+4
        GO TO 44
С
    ACCUMULATE MULTIPLE PULSES OPCODES
42
        CALL GETBUF(ICH)
        INSTR(PC)=ICH + 7
        PC=PC+1
        TYPE 106
        ACCEPT 103, INSTR(PC)
        GO TO 44
   ACCUMULATE SCALE FACTORS ONLY OPCODE
43
        INSTR(PC) = 34
44
        PC=PC+1
        GO TO 45
        RETURN
   PLOT DATA OPCODES AND ARGS
C
        TYPE 107
        ACCEPT 103, ICH
        IF(ICH.LT.1.OR.ICH.GT.3)GO TO 5
        INSTR(PC) = ICH + 10
        PC = PC + 1
```

```
DO 51 I=1, ICH
        CALL GETBUF(IVAL)
        INSTR(PC)=IVAL
        PC=PC+1
        CONTINUE
51
        GO TO 12
        RETURN
   FILE OPERATIONS SECTION
С
6
        TYPE 108
        TYPE 102
61
        ACCEPT 103, ICH
        GO TO (62,62,63,12) ICH
        GO TO 6
C WRITE/READ DATA BUFFER OPCODES
        CALL GETBUF(IVAL)
62
        IF(ICH.EQ.1)INSTR(PC)=IVAL+13
        IF(ICH.EQ.2)INSTR(PC)=IVAL+16
        PC=PC+1
        GO TO 64
C INCREMENT EXTENSION OPCODE
        INSTR(PC)=28
63
        PC=PC+1
C GET ARG SECTION
        CALL GETFIL(IVAL)
64
        INSTR(PC)=IVAL
        PC=PC+1
        GO TO 61
C WAIT FOR CR OPCODE
        INSTR(PC)=33
76
        PC=PC+1
        GO TO 12
   AMPLITUDE/INTEGRAL BUFFER OPERATIONS
С
        TYPE 110
7
81
        TYPE 102
        ACCEPT 103, ICH
        GO TO (82,83,84,85,87,12)ICH
        GO TO 8
C ERASE A/I OPCODE
82
        INSTR(PC)=21
        GO TO 86
C TYPE OUT CONTENTS OF A/I OPCODE
83
        INSTR(PC)=26
        GO TO 86
C WRITE A/I TO FILE OPCODE
84
        INSTR(PC)=20
        GO TO 86
C READ FILE INTO A/I OPCODE
85
        INSTR(PC)=25
C GENERAL RETURN CODE
86
         PC=PC+1
         GO TO 81
C PLOT A/I BUFFER OPCODE
87
         INSTR(PC)=38
```

```
GO TO 86
   DATA MEASUREMENT/CALCULATIONS CODES
С
        TYPE 111
8
        TYPE 102
91
        ACCEPT 103, ICH
        GO TO (92,93,93,93,97,98,99,12) ICH
        GO TO 9
   OPCODE FOR D=A-B OPERATION
92
        INSTR(PC)=27
        GO TO 96
   CODE TO GET BUFFER AND PLOT IT FOR AMPLITUDE MEASURE
С
93
        CALL GETBUF(IVAL)
        INSTR(PC)=11
        PC=PC+1
        INSTR(PC)=IVAL
        PC=PC+1
        IF(ICH.EQ.3)GO TO 94
        IF(ICH.EQ.4)GO TO 95
   OPCODE FOR AMPLITUDE FROM CURSOR POSITION
        INSTR(PC)=31
        GO TO 96
   OPCODE FOR AMPLITUDE FROM DATA SET
94
        INSTR(PC)=32
        PC=PC+1
        INSTR(PC)=IVAL
        GO TO 96
   OPCODE FOR INTEGRATE BETWEEN LIMITS
95
        INSTR(PC)=29
        PC=PC+1
        INSTR(PC)=IVAL
96
        PC=PC+1
        GO TO 91
   OPCODE FOR MOVE DATUM TO A/I BUFFER
97
        INSTR(PC)=30
        GO TO 96
   OPCODE FOR QUICK-N-DIRTY AMPLITUDE
        INSTR(PC) = 36
        PC=PC+1
        CALL GETBUF(INSTR(PC))
        GO TO 96
C
   OPCODE FOR CHAIN TO FITTER ROUTINE
99
        INSTR(PC) = 37
        GO TO 96
   GO TO AUTOMATIC MODE
        MANUAL = 0
        RETURN
10
        INSTR(PC)=33
        PC=PC+1
12
        IF(MANUAL.EQ.O)GO TO 1
11
        RETURN
C******** ***** FORMAT STATEMENTS FOR SUBROUTINE PROGRM ********
100
        FORMAT(1X'****** PROGRAMMING MODE ********//)
101
        FORMAT(1x'PROGRAM SELECTION MENU: '/
```

```
1,10x'1 = ERASE DATA BUFFER(S)'/
       2,10X'2 = DIGITIZE DATA'/
        3,10X'3 = PLOT DATA ACCUMULATED'/
       4,10X'4 = DO FILE OPERATIONS'/
       6,10X'5 = DO AMPLITUDE/INTEGRAL BUFFER OPERATIONS'/
       7,10X'6 = DO DATA MEASUREMENT/CALCULATIONS'/
        5,10x'7 = WAIT FOR USER TO TYPE A CARRIAGE RETURN'/
       8,10X'8 = GO TO AUTOMATIC MODE FROM MANUAL'/
       9,10X'9 = RETURN TO MAIN SELECT MENU'//)
       FORMAT('$',9X'SELECTION ? >')
102
       FORMAT(15)
103
       FORMAT('$ALL BUFFERS ? (Y OR N)>')
104
       FORMAT('$NUMBER OF PULSES ? (1 - 32767) >')
106
107
       FORMAT('$NUMBER OF PLOTS ON SCREEN ? (1-3) >')
108
       FORMAT(1X'FILE HANDLER SELECTIONS: '//
        1,10X'1 = WRITE DATA BUFFER TO FILE'/
       2,10X'2 = READ DATA FROM FILE TO DATA BUFFER'/
       3,10X'3 = INCREMENT EXTENSION OF FILENAME'/
       4.10x'4 = RETURN TO PROGRAMMING MENU'/)
        FORMAT(1X'A/I BUFFER HANDLER MENU: '//
110
        1,10X'1 = ERASE A/I BUFFER'/
        2,10x'2 = TYPE CONTENTS OF A/I BUFFER ON SCREEN'/
        3,10x'3 = WRITE A/I BUFFER TO FILE'/
       4,10X'4 = READ FILE INTO A/I BUFFER'/
        5,10x'5 = PLOT A/I BUFFER ON SCREEN'/
        6,10x'6 = RETURN TO PROGRAMMING MENU'//)
111
       FORMAT(1X'MFASUREMENTS/CALCULATIONS SELECTION MENU: '//
        1.10X'1 = COMPUTE D = A - B BUFFERS'/
        2,10x'2 = MEASURE AMPLITUDES FROM CURSOR POSITION VALUE'/
        3,10x'3 = MEASURE AMPLITUDES FROM ACTUAL DATA VALUES'/
        4,10X'4 = INTEGRATE BETWEEN CURSOR LIMITS'/
        5,10x'5 = MOVE LAST MEASUREMENT TO NEXT A/I BUFFER ELEMENT'/
        6,10x'6 = DO QUICK-N-DIRTY MAX-MIN AMPLITUDE MEASUREMENT'/
        7,10x'7 = CHAIN TO FITTER PROGRAM'/
        8,10x'8 = RETURN TO PROGRAMMING MENU'//)
115
        FORMAT(E10.0)
116
       FORMAT(A2)
        FORMAT(1X'DATA ACCUMULATION SELECTION MENU: '//
117
        1,10X'1 = ACCUMULATE SINGLE PULSE'/
        2,10X'2 = ACCUMULATE AND AVERAGE MULTIPLE PULSES'/
        3,10X'3 = GET AND TYPE SCALE FACTORS ONLY'/
        4,10x'4 = RETURN TO PROGRAMMING MENU'//)
The supporting routines are the same for both programs, and the source code
follows:
        SUBROUTINE GETBUF(ICH)
C This routine asks the user which of the 3 buffers A,B, or D is to be
```

C used, and returns the integers 1,2, or 3 respectively.

```
DATA IA/'A'/, IB/'B'/, ID/'D'/
3
        TYPE 105
        ACCEPT 116, ICH
```

```
IF(ICH.NE.IA.AND.ICH.NE.IB.AND.ICH.NE.ID)GO TO 3
        IF(ICH.EQ.IA)ICH=1
        IF(ICH.EQ.IB)ICH=2
        IF(ICH.EQ.ID)ICH=3
        FORMAT('$BUFFER ? (A,B,OR D) >')
105
        FORMAT(A2)
116
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE GETFIL(ICH)
   This routine querys the user for a file name number and returns it to
   the calling routine
        TYPE 109
1
        ACCEPT 110, ICH
        IF (ICH.EQ.1.OR.ICH.EQ.2.OR.ICH.EQ.3) RETURN
109
        FORMAT('$FILE NAME NUMBER ? (1-3) >')
110
        FORMAT(13)
        END
     The next two routines allow the user to store a microprogram in a
permanent disc file, and to load the instruction array with a microprogram
that was previously stored on disc.
        SUBROUTINE INPROG
  Reads in microprogram to instruction array
        COMMON /MUPROG/ INSTR(100)
        LOGICAL*1 FILNAM
        DIMENSION FILNAM(16)
        CALL GETNAM(FILNAM) ! get the file name
        OPEN(UNIT=9, NAME=FILNAM, ACCESS='DIRECT', INITIALSIZE=1,
        1RECORDSIZE=128, TYPE='OLD')
        READ(9'1) (INSTR(I), I=1,100)
        CALL CLOSE(9)
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE OUTPRO
  Writes the microprogram from the instruction array to a disc file
        COMMON /MUPROG/ INSTR(100)
        LOGICAL*1 FILNAM
        DIMENSION FILNAM(16)
        CALL GETNAM(FILNAM)
        OPEN(UNIT=9, NAME=FILNAM, ACCESS='DIRECT', INITIALSIZE=1,
        1RECORDSIZE=128, TYPE='NEW')
        WRITE(9'1) (INSTR(I), I=1,100)
        CALL CLOSE(9)
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE GETNAM(FILNAM)
  Gets the file name for the file accesses
        LOGICAL*1 FILNAM
        DIMENSION FILNAM(16)
```

```
TYPE 100
       ACCEPT 101, (FILNAM(I), I=1.16)
       CALL NAMCLN(FILNAM)
       RETURN
C******* FORMATS FOR ROUTINE GETNAM ******
       FORMAT('$TYPE IN THE DEV:FILNAM.EXT >>>')
100
101
       FORMAT(16A1)
SUBROUTINE NAMCLN(FILNAM)
  Cleans up the input file name string for use as RT-11 file name
       LOGICAL*1 DOT, SP, FILNAM(16)
       DATA DOT/'.'/, SP/' '/
  FIND THE EXTENSION:
       I=1
       IF(FILNAM(I).EO.DOT)GO TO 1
2
       I=I+1
       GO TO 2
  I POINTS TO THE START OF THE EXTENSION
C
       I=I+1
  CHANGE ANY SPACES IN THE EXTENSION TO ASCII ZEROS
       DO 10 J=I,I+2
       IF(FILNAM(J).EO.SP)FILNAM(J)="60
10
       CONTINUE
  CLEAR OUT ANY JUNK AFTER THE EXTENSION, CHANGE TO ASCII NULLS
       DO 11 J=I+3.16
       FILNAM(J)=0
11
       CONTINUE
       RETURN
       END
```

Both the multiphoton program and lifetime programs use the same routines, with the sole differences being in the form of the common data block. The next portion of the code deals with the execution of the microprogram. While a number of the routines are identical, there are sufficient differences due to the different graphics devices and additional hardware on the multiphoton system to make a listing of both versions desirable. First, the main execution routines. The source code for the Multiphoton program:

SUBROUTINE EXECUT(NUMREM)

```
PC=PC+1
21
        GO TO (1,1,1,1,2,2,2,3,3,3,4,4,4,5,5,5,6,6,6,7,8,9
        1,10,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,22,23,25,24,24)ICH
        TYPE *, BAD OPCODE IN ROUTINE EXECUTE!!!
        RETURN
  Erase buffers..
        CALL ERABUF(ICH)
1
        GO TO 100
   Accumulate single pulse from 7912AD
С
        CALL ACUMSP(ICH-4)
2
        GO TO 100
   Accumulate multiple pulses from 7912AD
C
        CALL ACUMMP(ICH-7, INSTR(PC))
3
        GO TO 101
  Make plots on graphics device of data buffers
C
        IF(ICH.NE.11)GO TO 41
        CALL ERATXT
        CALL MAKPLT(1,1,1,INSTR(PC))
        GO TO 101
        IF(ICH.NE.12)GO TO 42
41
        CALL ERATXT
        CALL MAKPLT(1,2,1,INSTR(PC))
        PC=PC+1
        CALL MAKPLT(1,2,2,INSTR(PC))
        GO TO 101
42
        CALL ERATXT
        CALL MAKPLT(1,3,1,INSTR(PC))
        PC=PC+1
        CALL MAKPLT(1,3,2,INSTR(PC))
        PC=PC+1
        CALL MAKPLT(1,3,3,INSTR(PC))
        GO TO 101
   Write data buffer to file
5
        CALL DATOUT(ICH-13, INSTR(PC))
        GO TO 101
C
   Read file into data buffer
        CALL DATIN(ICH-16, INSTR(PC))
6
        GO TO 101
   Write A/I buffer to file
C
7
        CALL AIBOUT
        GO TO 100
   Erase contents of A/I buffer
        CALL ERAAIB
        GO TO 100
C
   Move burner translator stepper motor
        CALL MOVBUR(INSTR(PC))
9
        GO TO 101
   Open/close shutter
C
        CALL SHUTTR(ICH-23)
10
        GO TO 100
   Read file into A/I buffer
C
11
        CALL AIBIN
        GO TO 100
   Type A/I buffer on screen of terminal
```

```
CALL TYPAIB
12
        GO TO 100
   Put channel by channel difference of "A" and "B" into "D"
        CALL DIFAB
        GO TO 100
   Increment a file name
C
        CALL INCEXT(INSTR(PC))
14
        GO TO 101
C Do a definite integral on a data buffer
        CALL INTGRT(INSTR(PC))
15
        GO TO 101
   Move the most rescent measurement performed on the data to the
   Next available A/I buffer location
        CALL MV2AI
16
        GO TO 100
   Measure an amplitude from the actual cursor positions
17
        CALL AMPCUR
        GO TO 100
   Measure an amplitude from the actual data values in a buffer
        CALL AMPDAT(INSTR(PC))
        GO TO 101
   Wait for user to type a carriage return
19
        CALL WFCR
        GO TO 100
   Acquire scale factors only from the 7912AD
        CALL ACQSCF
20
        GO TO 100
C Return code if arguments are used for opcode
101
        PC=PC+1
        GO TO 100
   Step the laser wavelength
22
        CALL LASER(INSTR(PC))
        GO TO 101
С
   Do a quick - and - dirty amplitude measurement
23
        CALL AMPQND(INSTR(PC))
        GO TO 101
   Turn on/off high voltage switch
24
        CALL JOLTS(ICH-37)
        GO TO 100
   Plot contents of A/I buffer on graphics device
        CALL PLTAIB
        GO TO 100
102
        FORMAT(1X, 'NUMBER OF EXECUTIONS REMAINING = ',14)
        END
With the addition of the chaining opcode, and the deletion of the additional
hardware support, the same routine for the lifetime program is:
        SUBROUTINE EXECUT (NUMREM, CHNIN)
        INTEGER AUTINC, MANUAL, PC, CHNIN
        LOGICAL*1 FILE1, FILE2, FILE3, FILE4
        COMMON /CNTRL/ YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, ICOFLN
        1, FILE1(16), FILE2(16), FILE3(16), FILE4(16), AUTINC, NWTPLT
        COMMON /MUPROG/ INSTR(100), PC
```

```
Detect chain-in, and continue with old pc if so...
        IF (CHNIN.EQ.O)GO TO 98
        CHNIN=0
        GO TO 100
        PC = 1
98
100
        ICH = INSTR(PC)
        IF(ICH.NE.O)GO TO 21
        NUMREM=NUMREM-1
        TYPE 102, NUMREM
        PC=1
        IF (ICH.EQ.O.AND.NUMREM.EQ.O)GO TO 120
        GO TO 100
        PC=PC+1
21
        GO TO (1,1,1,1,2,2,2,3,3,3,4,4,4,5,5,5,6,6,6,7,8,9
        1,10,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,22,23,24,25)ICH
        TYPE *, BAD OPCODE IN ROUTINE EXECUTE!!!
        GO TO 120
        CALL ERABUF(ICH)
1
        GO TO 100
        CALL ACUMSP(ICH-4)
2
        GO TO 100
        CALL ACUMMP(ICH-7, INSTR(PC))
3
        GO TO 101
        IF(ICH.NE.11)GO TO 41
4
        CALL MAKPLT(1,1,INSTR(PC))
        IF(INSTR(PC+1).NE.29.AND.INSTR(PC+1).NE.31
        1.AND.INSTR(PC+1).NE.32)GO TO 43
        GO TO 101
41
        IF(ICH.NE.12)GO TO 42
        CALL MAKPLT(2,1,INSTR(PC))
        PC=PC+1
        CALL MAKPLT(2,2,INSTR(PC))
        GO TO 43
42
        CALL MAKPLT(3,1,INSTR(PC))
        PC=PC+1
        CALL MAKPLT(3,2,INSTR(PC))
        PC=PC+1
        CALL MAKPLT(3,3,INSTR(PC))
        IF(NWTPLT.NE.1)PAUSE 'TYPE RETURN TO CONTINUE'
43
        CALL ERASE
        CALL VTMODE
        CALL VTPAGE
        GO TO 101
        CALL DATOUT (ICH-13, INSTR(PC))
        GO TO 101
        CALL DATIN(ICH-16, INSTR(PC))
        GO TO 101
        CALL AIBOUT
        GO TO 100
        CALL ERAAIB
        GO TO 100
        GO TO 100
10
        GO TO 100
11
        CALL AIBIN
```

```
GO TO 100
        CALL TYPAIB
12
        GO TO 100
        CALL DIFAB
13
        GO TO 100
        CALL INCEXT(INSTR(PC))
        GO TO 101
        CALL INTGRT(INSTR(PC))
15
        GO TO 101
        CALL MV2AI
16
        GO TO 100
        CALL AMPCUR
17
        GO TO 100
18
        CALL AMPDAT(INSTR(PC))
        GO TO 101
19
        CALL WFCR
        GO TO 100
        CALL ACQSCF
20
        GO TO 100
101
        PC=PC+1
        GO TO 100
        GO TO 100
22
23
        CALL AMPQND(INSTR(PC))
        GO TO 101
  This is the call to chain to another program..
24
        CALL CHNFIT (NUMREM)
        GO TO 120
25
        CALL PLTAIB
        GO TO 100
        FORMAT(1X, 'NUMBER OF EXECUTIONS REMAINING = ',14)
102
120
        RETURN
        END
```

The routines that are common to both programs differ only in the form of their common blocks in the data structures, and will not be listed twice. These routines are the true "work horses" of the programs, and actually perform the useful functions. These are for the multiphoton program, but are more or less identical to the ones for the lifetime program.

SUBROUTINE WFCR

- C This routine prompts the user to type a carriage return, and waits
- C for it. This is useful to allow user interaction with the experiment
- C before continuing to the next microprogram instruction.

TYPE 100
ACCEPT 101, DUMMY
RETURN
FORMAT(1X, 'WAITING FOR CARRIAGE RETURN...')
FORMAT(A4)

SUBROUTINE GOTOMA

END

100

- C This routine clears the instruction array and sets the system to
- C manual mode. It is called by routine EXECUT

```
COMMON /CNTRL/ YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, ICOFLN
       1,FILE1(16),FILE2(16),FILE3(16),FILE4(16),AUTINC
       COMMON /MUPROG/ INSTR(100)
       DO 10 I=1,100
       INSTR(I)=0
       CONTINUE
10
       MANUAL = 1
       RETURN
       END
       SUBROUTINE ERABUF(IBUF)
  This routine erases data buffers A,B, and D. If IBUF=1, only "A" is
  erased. If IBUF=2, then only "B" is erased. If IBUF=3, then only "D"
  is erased. If IBUF=4, then all 3 are erased.
        COMMON /BUFFA/ RADATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFB/ RBDATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFD/ RDDATA(512)
        DO 10 I=1,512
        IF(IBUF.EQ.1.OR.IBUF.EQ.4)RADATA(I)=0.0
        IF(IBUF.EQ.2.OR.IBUF.EQ.4)RBDATA(I)=0.0
        IF(IBUF.EQ.3.OR.IBUF.EQ.4)RDDATA(1)=0.0
10
        CONTINUE
        RETURN
        END
The following routines comprise the actual data taking package:
        SUBROUTINE ACQSCF
  This routine is the controlling routine to acquire the horizontal and
  vertical scale factors from the 7912AD digitizer. It reads in the
   scale factors, and then converts the ASCII to internal floating point
  numbers by calling CVTSCF. The results are printed, and stored in
  common. It is called by routines EXECUT, ACUMMP, and ACUMSP
        EXTERNAL GETSCF
        COMMON /CNTRL/ YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, ICOFLN
        1,FILE1(16),FILE2(16),FILE3(16),FILE4(16),AUTINC
                                ! execute the PDB "GETSCF"
        CALL CIF(GETSCF)
        CALL CVTSCF
                                !convert ASCII to internal format
        TYPE 106, YSCALE, XSCALE ! Type the scale factors to user
        RETURN
C**************** FORMATS *********************
        FORMAT(1X'VERTICAL SCALE = ',E8.2,' V/DIV',/
        1.1X'HORIZONTAL SCALE = ',E8.2,' T/DIV'/)
C*************************
        END
        SUBROUTINE CVTSCF
C This routine converts the ASCII encoded scale factors sent to the
C scale factor string arrays by the 7912AD into floating point
```

```
numerical form. It calls routine SORTIT, and is called by ACQSCF
       LOGICAL*1 YSCALS, HSCALS
       COMMON /VSCALF/ YSCALS(20)
       COMMON /HSCALF/ HSCALS(20)
       COMMON /CNTRL/ YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, ICOFLN
       1, FILE1(16), FILE2(16), FILE3(16), FILE4(16), AUTINC
       CALL SORTIT (YSCALS, YSCALE)
       CALL SORTIT(HSCALS, XSCALE)
       RETURN
       END
       SUBROUTINE SORTIT(BUFF1, VALUE)
       LOGICAL*1 BUFF1(20), BUFF2(15), SP, E, TEMP(6)
       DATA SP/' '/,E/'E'/
  This routine is the workhorse of routines ACQSCF and CVTSCF....
   FIRST FIND THE SPACE AFTER THE V/D OR H/D...
       IF(BUFF1(I).EQ.SP)GO TO 2
1
       I=I+1
       GO TO 1
   AND POINT AT THE FIRST CHAR OF THE NUMBER
C
2
       I=I+2
С
   THEN UN-SWITCH ALL THE NUMBERS, AND PUT IN BUFF2
       DO 3 J=1,9,2
       BUFF2(J)=BUFF1(I+1)
       BUFF2(J+1)=BUFF1(I)
       I=I+2
3
       CONTINUE
C
   AND THEN FIND THE 'E' IN THE EXPRESSION
       DO 4 I=1,10
       IF(BUFF2(I).EQ.E)GO TO 5
       CONTINUE
С
   AND PUT A NULL BYTE AFTER THE 3 SUBSEQUENT CHARACTERS
       BUFF2(I+4)=0
       J=I-1
       DECODE (J, 100, BUFF2) ACCUM
       J=I+1
       DECODE(3,101,BUFF2(J))IPWR
       VALUE=ACCUM * (10. ** IPWR)
       RETURN
100
       FORMAT(F10.3)
101
       FORMAT(13)
END
       SUBROUTINE ACUMSP(IBUF)
  This is the driver routine for acquiring single digitized pulses from
  the 7912AD. It calls routine CIF and CVTSCF, and is called by EXECUT.
       INTEGER DATA
       COMMON /DATA/ DATA(512)
       COMMON /BUFFA/ RADATA(512)
```

```
COMMON /BUFFB/ RBDATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFD/ RDDATA(512)
        EXTERNAL DUMP, GETSCF
        CALL CIF(DUMP) ! execute the PDB to get and dump I pulse
        DO 5 I=1,512
        IF(IBUF.EQ.1)RADATA(I)=DATA(I)/2.
                                                 ! do this since data is sent
        IF(IBUF.EQ.2)RBDATA(I)=DATA(I)/2.
                                                 ! multiplied by 2
        IF(IBUF.EQ.3)RDDATA(I)=DATA(I)/2.
5
        CONTINUE
        CALL CIF(GETSCF)
                                ! get scale factors
        CALL CVTSCF
                                ! convert scale factors
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE ACUMMP(IBUF, NPULSE)
 This is the driver routine for acquiring multiple signal-averaged
C pulses from the 7912AD digitizer. The digitize-signal average mode
C of the 7912 is used, with the numbers sent as the required powers
C of two.
        INTEGER DATA
        LOGICAL*1 NUMSA
        COMMON /DATA/ DATA(512)
        COMMON /NUMSA/ NUMSA(4)
        EXTERNAL DUMPSA, DUMP, GETSCF
        IPULSE = NPULSE
        IF(IPULSE.LT.64)GO TO 8
                                         ! if doing less than 64, go to 8
C ***** NUMSA=64 ******
                                         !else, digitize and signal average
        ENCODE (2, 104, NUMSA) 64
                                         !64 scans, decrement the total number
        CALL CIF(DUMPSA)
                                         !to be done, and sum into the data
        IPULSE=IPULSE-64
                                         !array, normalizing for the total
        CALL SUMIT(IBUF, NPULSE)
                                         !number to be done.
        GO TO 6
        IF(IPULSE.LT.32)GO TO 9
                                         !if doing < 32, go to 9
C***** NUMSA=32 ******
                                         !else, repeat the above operations for
        ENCODE (2, 104, NUMSA) 32
                                         !32 pulses
        CALL CIF(DUMPSA)
        IPULSE=IPULSE-32
        CALL SUMIT(IBUF, NPULSE)
        IF(IPULSE.LT.16)GO TO 10
C***** NUMSA=16 ******
                                         ! same thing but for 16 pulses
        ENCODE (2, 104, NUMSA) 16
        CALL CIF(DUMPSA)
        IPULSE=IPULSE-16
        CALL SUMIT(IBUF, NPULSE)
10
        IF(IPULSE.LT.8)GO TO 11
        NUMSA=8 *******
                                      ! same thing, but for 8 pulses
        ENCODE (2, 104, NUMSA)08
        CALL CIF(DUMPSA)
        IPULSE=IPULSE-8
        CALL SUMIT(IBUF, NPULSE)
11
        DO 12 I=1, IPULSE
                                      ! for less than 8, do the rest one-by-one
        CALL CIF(DUMP)
```

```
DO 5 J = 1,512
        DATA(J) = DATA(J)/2. + 0.5
        CONTINUE
5
        CALL SUMIT(IBUF, NPULSE)
        CONTINUE
12
        CALL CIF(GETSCF)
                                     !and acquire scale factors.
        CALL CVTSCF
        RETURN
104
        FORMAT(12)
        END
        SUBROUTINE SUMIT(IBUF, NPULSE)
 This routine sums in the data sent from the 7912AD digitizer
C contained in the array "DATA" into the data buffer indicated by the
C user. The data is normalized to the number of scans to be done in
  total for this accumulation. NOTE: Old data is not automatically
  erased, but rather is summed into. Erasure of old data MUST be done
  via user instruction. Also, normalization of data to differing scale
C factors is not done.
        INTEGER DATA
        COMMON /DATA/ DATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFA/ RADATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFB/ RBDATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFD/ RDDATA(512)
        DO 10 I=1,512
        IF(IBUF.EQ.1)RADATA(I)=RADATA(I) + DATA(I)/FLOAT(NPULSE)
        IF(IBUF.EQ.2)RBDATA(I)=RBDATA(I) + DATA(I)/FLOAT(NPULSE)
        IF(IBUF.EQ.3)RDDATA(I)=RDDATA(I) + DATA(I)/FLOAT(NPULSE)
10
        CONTINUE
        RETURN
        END
Next, the data file handling routines, and their associated routines:
        SUBROUTINE INCEXT(IFILE)
  This routine finds and increments by 1 the NUMERICAL extension of the
C file name stored in the string specified by IFILE. IFILE is the file
 name number. IFILE=1 is FILE1, IFILE=2 is FILE2, and IFILE=3 is FILE3.
C It calls routine INCR to do the actual work. It is called by EXECUT
        INTEGER AUTINC
        LOGICAL*1 FILE1, FILE2, FILE3
        COMMON /CNTRL/ YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, ICOFLN
        1, FILE1(16), FILE2(16), FILE3(16), FILE4(16), AUTINC
        IF(IFILE.EQ.1)CALL INCR(FILE1)
        RETURN
        IF(IFILE.EQ.2)CALL INCR(FILE2)
        RETURN
        IF(IFILE.EQ.3)CALL INCR(FILE3)
        RETURN
        END
```

```
SUBROUTINE INCR(FILNAM)
C This is the workhorse routine that increments file name extensions.
C It does so by finding the period between the filename and extension,
  decoding the ASCII to an integer, incrementing the integer, and then
  encoding back to ASCII and replacing the original extension in the
  string.
       LOGICAL*1 FILNAM
       DIMENSION FILNAM(16)
       LOGICAL*1 DOT, SP
       DATA DOT/'.'/, SP/' '/
   FIND THE FILENAME EXTENSION:
       I=1
       IF(FILNAM(I).EQ.DOT)GO TO 1
2
       I=I+1
       GO TO 2
  WHEN THE EXT IS FOUND, PUT THE POINTER ON THE FIRST CHARACTER OF IT.
1
   NOW CONVERT THE 3 ASCII CHARACTERS TO AN INTEGER:
C
       DECODE(3,103,FILNAM(I))INDEX
   THEN INCREMENT THAT INTEGER:
       INDEX=INDEX+1
   THEN CONVERT THE INTEGER BACK TO THE 3 ASCII CHARACTER EQUIVALENT:
       ENCODE(3,103,FILNAM(I))INDEX
   BUT LEADING ZEROS ARE CONVERTED TO ASCII SPACE CHARACTERS, SO
  FIND ANY IN THE EXTENSION, AND CHANGE TO ASCII ZEROS:
       DO 10 J=I, I+2
       IF(FILNAM(J).EQ.SP)FILNAM(J)="60
10
       CONTINUE
С
   FOLLOWING THE EXTENSION, THE OPEN STAT LENT WANTS NULL BYTES, SO
   GIVE EM TO HIM:
       DO 11 J=I+3,16
       FILNAM(J)=0
11
       CONTINUE
       RETURN
FORMAT(13)
SUBROUTINE DATIN(IBUF, IFILE)
 This is the driver routine for reading data files on disc into the
C data buffers in the program. It calls routine INP. IBUF = 1,2,or 3
   for buffers A,B, or D respectively as the data destination. IFILE
  = 1,2, or 3 indicating that the routine should use the string stored
C in FILE1, FILE2, or FILE3 respectively as the file name.
       INTEGER AUTINC
       LOGICAL*1 FILE1, FILE2, FILE3, FILE4
       COMMON /BUFFA/ RADATA(512)
       COMMON /BUFFB/ RBDATA(512)
       COMMON /BUFFD/ RDDATA(512)
       COMMON /CNTRL/ YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, ICOFLN
```

```
1,FILE1(16),FILE2(16),FILE3(16),FILE4(16),AUTINC
        IF(IBUF.NE.1)GO TO 1
        IF(IFILE.EQ.1) CALL INP(RADATA, FILE1)
        IF(IFILE.EQ.2)CALL INP(RADATA, FILE2)
        IF(IFILE.E0.3) CALL INP(RADATA, FILE3)
        GO TO 10
1
        IF(IBUF.NE.2)GO TO 2
        IF(IFILE.E0.1) CALL INP(RBDATA, FILE1)
        IF(IFILE.E0.2)CALL INP(RBDATA,FILE2)
        IF(IFILE.EQ.3) CALL INP(RBDATA, FILE3)
        GO TO 10
2
        IF(IFILE.E0.1) CALL INP(RDDATA, FILE1)
        IF(IFILE.E0.2) CALL INP(RDDATA, FILE2)
        IF(IFILE.EQ.3) CALL INP(RDDATA, FILE3)
10
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE INP(RBUF, FILNAM)
C This is the workhorse routine that reads in disc files of data. RBUF
C is the actual array name of the buffer to receive the data, and FILNAM
C is the actual ASCII string that contains the file name. Note that if
C the request file names flag (IRFLN) is set, the FILNAM is requested,
   and will be used as the source of the data. Also, that file name will
C replace the one sent in the argument of the call.
        LOGICAL*1 FILNAM, FILE1, FILE2, FILE3, FILE4, IDINF1, IDINF2
        INTEGER AUTINC
        DIMENSION RBUF(512), FILNAM(16)
        COMMON / CNTRL/ YS CALE, XS CALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, I COFLN
        1, FILE1(16), FILE2(16), FILE3(16), FILE4(16), AUTINC
        COMMON /ID/ IDINF1(72), IDINF2(72)
        IF(IRFLN.EQ.1) CALL GETNAM(FILNAM)
        OPEN(UNIT=9, NAME=FILNAM, ACCESS='DIRECT', INITIALSIZE=5,
        1RECORDSIZE=640, TYPE='OLD')
        READ(9'1) (RBUF(I), I=1,512), YSCALE, XSCALE, (IDINF1(I), I=1,72)
        1,(IDINF2(I),I=1,72)
        CALL CLOSE(9)
  Echo file name if flag is set...
        IF(ICOFLN.EO.1) TYPE 100, (FILNAM(I), I=1,16)
  Increment the filename extension if the autoincrement flag is set ...
        IF(AUTINC.NE.O) CALL INCR(FILNAM)
        RETURN
100
        FORMAT(1X'FILE READ: ',16A1)
        SUBROUTINE DATOUT(IBUF, IFILE)
C This is the driver routine for the output of the data buffers to disc
C data files. It corresponds closely to the DATIN routine.
C The arguments are as defined in DATIN.
        INTEGER AUTINC
```

LOGICAL*1 FILE1, FILE2, FILE3, FILE4

COMMON /BUFFA/ RADATA(512)

```
COMMON / BUFFB/ RBDATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFD/ RDDATA(512)
        COMMON / CNTRL/ YS CALE, XS CALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, I COFIN
        1, FILE1(16), FILE2(16), FILE3(16), FILE4(16), AUTINC
        IF(IBUF.NE.1)GO TO 1
        IF(IFILE.E0.1) CALL OUP(RADATA, FILE1)
        IF(IFILE.EO.2) CALL OUP(RADATA, FILE2)
        IF(IFILE.E0.3) CALL OUP(RADATA, FILE3)
        GO TO 10
        IF(IBUF.NE.2)GO TO 2
1
        IF(IFILE.EO.1) CALL OUP(RBDATA, FILE1)
        IF(IFILE.EO.2) CALL OUP(RBDATA.FILE2)
        IF(IFILE.E0.3) CALL OUP(RBDATA, FILE3)
        GO TO 10
        IF(IFILE.EQ.1)CALL OUP(RDDATA, FILE1)
        IF(IFILE.EQ.2) CALL OUP(RDDATA, FILE2)
        IF(IFILE.EQ.3) CALL OUP(RDDATA, FILE3)
10
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE OUP(RBUF, FILNAM)
  This is the workhorse routine for output of data buffers to disc data
  files. See routine INP for description.
        LOGICAL*1 FILNAM, FILE1, FILE2, FILE3, FILE4, IDINF1, IDINF2
        INTEGER AUTINC
        DIMENSION RBUF(512), FILNAM(16)
        COMMON / CNTRL/ YS CALE, XS CALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, I COFLN
        1, FILE1(16), FILE2(16), FILE3(16), FILE4(16), AUTINC
        COMMON /ID/ IDINF1(72), IDINF2(72)
        IF(IRFLN.EQ.1) CALL GETNAM(FILNAM)
        OPEN(UNIT=9, NAME=FILNAM, ACCESS='DIRECT', INITIALSIZE=5,
        1RECORDSIZE=640, TYPE='NEW')
        WRITE(9'1) (RBUF(I), I=1,512), YSCALE, XSCALE, (IDINF1(I), I=1,72)
        1,(IDINF2(I), I=1,72)
        CALL CLOSE(9)
        IF(ICOFLN.EO.1) TYPE 100, (FILNAM(I), I=1.16)
        IF(AUTINC.NE.O) CALL INCR(FILNAM)
        RETURN
100
        FORMAT(1X'FILE WRITTEN: ',16A1)
        END
        SUBROUTINE TYPAIB
  This routine types the current contents of the A/I buffer on the
   screen of the user terminal, in 5 columns, 20 rows.
        COMMON /AI/ AIX, AIY, AIVALS(100), IPTR
        DO 10 I=1,100,5
        TYPE 102, (AIVALS(J), J=I, I+4)
10
        CONTINUE
        RETURN
102
        FORMAT(1X,5E14.5)
103
        FORMAT(1X'AMPLITUDE/INTEGRAL INFORMATION BUFFER CONTENTS:')
```

```
END
        SUBROUTINE ERAAIB
  This routine erases the contents of the A/I buffer, and initializes
  the A/I buffer pointer to 1
        COMMON /AI/ AIX, AIY, AIVALS(100), IPTR
        DO 10 I=1,100
        AIVALS(I)=0.0
        CONTINUE
10
        IPTR = 1
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE MV2AI
  This routine moves the latest measurement being held in variable
  "AIY" into the A/I buffer position indicated by "IPTR", and updates
 IPTR to point to the next free space in the A/I buffer array.
        COMMON /AI/ AIX, AIY, AIVALS(100), IPTR
        AIVALS(IPTR)=AIY
        IPTR=IPTR+1
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE AIBIN
   This routine reads a disc file into the contents of the A/I buffer
  and sets IPTR to point at the first available element.
        INTEGER DATA, AUTINC, SELECT, MANUAL
        LOGICAL*1 FILE1, FILE2, FILE3, YSCALS, HSCALS, NUMSA
        LOGICAL*1 IDINF1, IDINF2, FILE4
        COMMON / CNTRL/ YS CALE, XS CALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, I COFLN
        1, FILE1(16), FILE2(16), FILE3(16), FILE4(16), AUTINC
        COMMON / ID/ IDINF1(72), IDINF2(72)
        COMMON /AI/ AIX, AIY, AIVALS(100), IPTR
        IF(IRFLN.EO.1) CALL GETNAM(FILE4) !get file name if flag is set
  open the old file for reading into buffer
        OPEN(UNIT=9, NAME=FILE4, ACCESS='DIRECT', INITIALSIZE=2,
        1RECORDSIZE=256, TYPE='OLD')
  read it in...
        READ(9'1) (AIVALS(I), I=1,100), (IDINF1(I), I=1,72)
        1,(IDINF2(I),I=1,72)
C close the channel, since we're done..
        CALL CLOSE(9)
        IPTR = 1
C set the pointer to the first available location above the data
        DO 10 I = 100,1,-1
        IF(AIVALS(I).E0.0)G0 TO 10
        IPTR = I
        GO TO 12
```

CONTINUE

```
C Echo the file name if flag is set ..
        IF(ICOFLN.EQ.1) TYPE 100, (FILE4(I), I=1,16)
C Increment the file name if the flag is set ...
        IF(AUTINC.EQ.1)CALL INCR(FILE4)
        RETURN
        FORMAT(1X'FILE READ: ',16A1)
100
        SUBROUTINE AIBOUT
  This routine writes the current contents of the A/I buffer to a disc
  file. The contents of the buffer and pointer are unchanged.
        INTEGER DATA, AUTINC, SELECT, MANUAL
        LOGICAL*1 FILE1, FILE2, FILE3, YSCALS, HSCALS, NUMSA
        LOGICAL*1 IDINF1, IDINF2, FILE4
        COMMON / CNTRL/ YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, ICOFLN
        1,FILE1(16),FILE2(16),FILE3(16),FILE4(16),AUTINC
        COMMON /ID/ IDINF1(72), IDINF2(72)
        COMMON /AI/ AIX, AIY, AIVALS(100), IPTR
   Request file name if flag is set:
        IF(IRFLN.EQ.1)CALL GETNAM(FILE4)
   Open the file for output from buffer to file:
        OPEN(UNIT=9, NAME=FILE4, ACCESS='DIRECT', INITIALSIZE=2,
        1RECORDSIZE=256, TYPE='NEW')
   Write the buffer to the file..
        WRITE(9'1) (AIVALS(I), I=1,100), (IDINF1(I), I=1,72)
        1.(IDINF2(I),I=1.72)
   Close the file
        CALL CLOSE(9)
   Echo the file name if the flag is set
        IF(ICOFLN.EQ.1)TYPE 100,(FILE4(I),I=1,16)
  Increment the file name if the flag is set
        IF(AUTINC.EQ.1)CALL INCR(FILE4)
        RETURN
100
        FORMAT(1X'FILE WRITTEN: ',16A1)
        SUBROUTINE AMPOND(IBUFF)
C This routine does a "Quick-and-Dirty" amplitude measurement on the
C data in a buffer. It does so by calling a routine to find the maximum
C in the data, and then calculates a baseline from the average of the
C first 15 data points in the buffer. The amplitude is then the
   difference of these two numbers.
        COMMON /BUFFA/ RADATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFB/ RBDATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFD/ RDDATA(512)
        COMMON /PLT/ SCALF, YMIN, YMAX
        COMMON /AI/ AIX, AIY, AIVALS(100), IPTR
        GO TO (1,2,3) IBUFF
        RETURN
   Find max, min for buffer "A", and the baseline
```

```
CALL SCANER (RADATA)
1
        CALL BASLIN(RADATA, BASE)
        GO TO 4
   Find max, min for buffer "B", and the baseline
        CALL SCANER (RBDATA)
        CALL BASLIN(RBDATA, BASE)
        GO TO 4
   Find max, min for buffer "D", and the baseline
        CALL SCANER (RDDATA)
        CALL BASLIN(RDDATA, BASE)
   Compute amplitude, put in AIY in common.
        AIY = YMAX-BASE
        AIX = 0
        TYPE *, 'AMPLITUDE = ', AIY
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE BASLIN(RBUFF, BASE)
  CALCULATES THE AVERAGE VALUE OF THE FIRST 15 DATA IN A BUFFER FOR USE AS
C A BASELINE FOR QUICK-AND-DIRTY AMPLITUDE MEASUREMENTS
        DIMENSION RBUFF(512)
        BASE = 0.
        DO 10 I = 1,15
        BASE = BASE + RBUFF(I)
        CONTINUE
10
        BASE = BASE/15.
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE AMPDAT(IBUFF)
  This is the driver routine for amplitudes from data values.
C This routine measures amplitudes from the data set. First, a user
C cursor position is queried for and received. The "X" value of this
C is used to get an index into a data buffer array, and get a data
C value. The process is repeated, and the amplitude determined to be
C the difference of the two data values.
        COMMON /BUFFA/ RADATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFB/ RBDATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFD/ RDDATA(512)
        IF (IBUFF.EQ.1)CALL AMPLIT(1,RADATA)
        IF (IBUFF.EQ.2)CALL AMPLIT(1,RBDATA)
        IF (IBUFF.EQ.3)CALL AMPLIT(1,RDDATA)
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE AMPCUR
C This routine is the driver for amplitudes from actual cursor values.
   This is desirable when looking at noisy data where amplitudes can be
   "guesstimated" by moving the cursor to the best user estimated points
   and differencing the two values to get an amplitude.
```

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```
CALL AMPLIT(0, IBUFF)
RETURN
END
```

DO 10 I=1,512

RDDATA(I)=RADATA(I)-RBDATA(I)

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```
SUBROUTINE AMPLIT (MODE, BUFFER)
  This routine is the workhorse of the amplitude measuring routines. As
  it is dependent on the graphics device in use, the versions are
  different. This one is for the Multiphoton program.
        DIMENSION BUFFER (512)
        COMMON /AI/ AIX, AIY, AIVALS (100), IPTR
  Get a cursor value, and return either the cursor data or data set
   data, depending on the value of "MODE".
        CALL GETVAL (MODE, AIX1, AIY1, BUFFER)
        CALL GETVAL (MODE, AIX2, AIY2, BUFFER)
        AIX=AIX1
        AIY=ABS(AIY1-AIY2)
        TYPE *, 'X-VALUE = ', AIX, ' Y-VALUE = ', AIY
        END
The routine "AMPLIT" for the liftime program is
        SUBROUTINE AMPLIT (MODE, BUFFER)
        DIMENSION BUFFER (512)
        COMMON /AI/ AIX, AIY, AIVALS(100), IPTR
        CALL GETVAL (MODE, AIX1, AIY1, BUFFER)
        CALL GETVAL (MODE+2, AIX2, AIY2, BUFFER)
        AIX=AIX1
        AIY=ABS(AIY1-AIY2)
        CALL ERASE
                        !clear graphics terminal screen
        CALL VTMODE
                         !set to VT-100 mode
        CALL VTPAGE
                         !clear VT-100 screen
        TYPE *, 'X-VALUE = ', AIX, ' Y-VALUE = ', AIY
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE DIFAB
  This routine differences Buffer "A" and "B" and places the
  difference in buffer "D". This method is used for noise subtraction.
        COMMON /BUFFA/ RADATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFB/ RBDATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFD/ RDDATA(512)
```

```
CONTINUE
10
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE INTGRT(IBUFF)
C This routine is the driver for performing definite integrals on data
C sets stored in the buffers. First, the data is displayed on the
C graphics device, then the user moves a cursor to the starting X,Y
  value for the integral and accepts that value. Next, the user moves
C the cursor to the ending X,Y value and accepts that value. The routine
C then computes the value of the integral using the trapezoidal rule,
C prints the value, and stores it in common. If desired, a later
C instruction can move it to the A/I buffer.
C An important feature to note is that this
C integration was done for the purpose of finding the
C absolute areas. Any areas that fall "below" the Baseline
C are Added, not subtracted from the area integrated
C above the Baseline. This was done because the integral
C Represented a number of ions, not a mathematical
C 4-quadrant function.
        COMMON / BUFFA/ RADATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFB/ RBDATA(512)
        COMMON / BUFFD/ RDDATA(512)
        COMMON /AI/ AIX, AIY, AIVALS(100), IPTR
        CALL GETVAL(2,X1,Y1,RADATA)
                                         ! get the starting X,Y
        CALL GETVAL(3, X2, Y2, RADATA)
                                         ! get the ending X,Y
 Do the trapezoidal rule integration...
        IF (IBUFF.EO.1) CALL TRAP(RADATA, X1, Y1, X2, Y2, AINT)
        IF (IBUFF.EQ.2) CALL TRAP(RBDATA, X1, Y1, X2, Y2, AINT)
        IF (IBUFF.EO.3) CALL TRAP(RDDATA, X1, Y1, X2, Y2, AINT)
                        !store the result in common
        AIY = AINT
        TYPE *, 'THE VALUE OF THE INTEGRAL IS:', AINT
        RETURN
        END
The same routine for LIFTIM, which differs due to graphics hardware
differences is:
        SUBROUTINE INTGRT(IBUFF)
        COMMON / BUFFA/ RADATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFB/ RBDATA(512)
        COMMON / BUFFD/ RDDATA(512)
        COMMON /AI/ AIX, AIY, AIVALS(100), IPTR
        CALL GETVAL(0,X1,Y1,RADATA)
        CALL GETVAL(3, X2, Y2, RADATA)
        CALL ERASE
                      ! erase screen
        CALL VTMODE
                        ! set to VT-100 mode
        CALL VTPAGE
                        ! clear VT-100 screen
        IF (IBUFF.EQ.1) CALL TRAP(RADATA, X1, Y1, X2, Y2, AINT)
        IF (IBUFF.EO.2) CALL TRAP(RBDATA, X1, Y1, X2, Y2, AINT)
        IF (IBUFF.EQ.3) CALL TRAP(RDDATA, X1, Y1, X2, Y2, AINT)
```

AIY = AINT

```
TYPE *, 'THE VALUE OF THE INTEGRAL IS: ', AINT
       RETURN
       END
       SUBROUTINE TRAP(RARRY, X1, Y1, X2, Y2, VAL)
  This is the trapezoidal rule integration routine proper...
  RARRY is the data buffer containing the data set upon which the
  integration is to be done. X1,Y1 forms the starting channel and
C baseline endpoint, X2, Y2 forms the ending channel and baseline point.
  VAL contains the value of the completed integral.
       DIMENSION RARRY(512)
       RIY=Y1
       RJY=Y2
       IX=X1
       JX=X2
       DELTAY=RJY-RIY
       DELTAX=JX-IX
        SLOPE=DELTAY/DELTAX
        INCX=ABS(DELTAX)/DELTAX
        YINC=SLOPE*INCX
        VAL=0.
        KX=IX
        BASEY=RIY
        VAL=VAL+0.5*(RARRY(KX)-BASEY+RARRY(KX+INCX)-(BASEY+YINC))
1
        BASEY=BASEY+YINC
        KX=KX+INCX
        IF(KX.NE.JX)GO TO 1
        RETURN
        END
For the Multiphoton program, routine GETVAL is:
        SUBROUTINE GETVAL (MODE, XVAL, YVAL, BUFFER)
 MODE = 0 IS AMPLITUDE FROM CURSOR
   MODE = 1 IS AMPLITUDE FROM DATA BUFFER
   MODE = 2 IS FIRST INTEGRAL LIMIT FROM CURSOR C
   MODE = 3 IS SECOND INTEGRAL LIMIT FROM CURSOR C
 COMMON /PLT/ SCALF, YMIN, YMAX
         COMMON /CURSOR/ IDX1,RDY1,IDX2,RDY2,IWAIT,IDFSE1,IDFSE2
        COMMON /PLTLIM/ IFIRST, ILAST
         DIMENSION BUFFER (512)
         BYTE A,L,R,U,D,ICHAR,S,ONE,TWO
        DATA A/'A'/,R/'R'/,L/'L'/,U/'U'/,D/'D'/,S/'S'/
         DATA ONE /'1'/, TWO/'2'/
     Wait for MDP to settle...
         CALL WFMDP(M1,M2,M3,M4)
     Initialize cursors
         CALL INITCU
     Calculate a center screen starting point
```

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YVAL = (YMAX-YMIN)/2 + YMIN
        IF (MODE.EQ.1)YVAL = BUFFER(ICHAN)
    Take care of default cursor positions, if any
        IF(MODE.EQ.3)GO TO 3
        IF (IDFSEl.NE.1)GO TO 4
        ICHAN = IDX1
        YVAL = RDY1
        GO TO 4
        IF(IDFSE2.NE.1)GO TO 4
3
        ICHAN = IDX2
        YVAL = RDY2
C
    Set terminal handler to special mode.. No character echo, characters
С
    available immediately to user program with no carriage return
    needed.
        I = IPEEK("44)
        J = I + "10000
        CALL IPOKE ("44, J)
    Put some labels on the top of the screen
        IF(MODE.EQ.O)CALL LAB1
        IF(MODE.EQ.1)CALL LAB2
        IF(MODE.EQ.2.OR.MODE.EQ.3)CALL LAB4
    Set the cursor movement step size at 1 pixel
        ISTEP = 1
    Calculate the screen (512 X 512) Y coordinate from the Y data value
10
        IY = ((YVAL - YMIN) * SCALF + 220)/8.
    Calculate the screen X coordinate from the X data value
C
        IX = ((ICHAN-IFIRST)*3553./(ILAST-IFIRST) + 364)/8.
    Erase old cursors
        CALL ERACUR
    draw new cursors
        CALL DRWCUR(IX, IY)
    Type out cursor position on MDP
        CALL LAB3(ICHAN, YVAL)
    If not going to wait for user, go to 50
        IF(IWAIT.EQ.0)GO TO 50
C
    Else, get a character from the user
15
        K=ITTINR()
        IF(K.LT.0)GO TO 15
        ICHAR = K
    User wants to accept cursor value, go to 50
        IF(ICHAR.EQ.A)GO TO 50
    User wants to move cursor up, go to 11
        IF(ICHAR.EQ.U)GO TO 11
    User wants to move cursor down, go to 12
        IF(ICHAR.EQ.D)GO TO 12
    User wants to move cursor left, go to 14
        IF(ICHAR.EQ.L)GO TO 14
    User wants to move cursor right, go to 13
        IF(ICHAR.EQ.R)GO TO 13
    User wants to reset movement step size, go to 16
        IF(ICHAR.EQ.S)GO TO 16
    User wants to accept default position 1
        IF(ICHAR.EQ.ONE)GO TO 17
    User wants to accept default position 2
```

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```
IF(ICHAR.EQ.TWO)GO TO 18
        GO TO 15
    Code to move cursor up
C
        IF(MODE.EQ.1)GO TO 15
11
        IF ((YVAL+ISTEP+.5).GE.YMAX)GO TO 15
        YVAL=YVAL+ISTEP
        GO TO 10
    Code to move cursor down
12
        IF(MODE.EQ.1)GO TO 15
        IF((YVAL-ISTEP).LE.YMIN)GO TO 15
        YVAL = YVAL-ISTEP
        GO TO 10
C
    Code to move cursor right
13
        IF((ICHAN+ISTEP).GT.511)GO TO 15
        ICHAN = ICHAN + ISTEP
        IF(MODE.EQ.1)YVAL=BUFFER(ICHAN)
        GO TO 10
C
    Code to move cursor left
14
        IF((ICHAN-ISTEP).LT.0)GO TO 15
        ICHAN = ICHAN -ISTEP
        IF(MODE.EQ.1)YVAL=BUFFER(ICHAN)
        GO TO 10
С
    Code to get new step size from user
        CALL IPOKE("44,I) !restore to normal terminal handler mode
16
        TYPE 100
        ACCEPT *, ISTEP
100
        FORMAT('$STEP SIZE? >')
        CALL IPOKE("44,J) !back to special terminal mode
        GO TO 15
    Code to load default cursor position 1 from current position
C
17
        IDX1 = ICHAN
        RDY1 = YVAL
        IDFSE1 = 1
        GO TO 15
    Code to load default cursor position 2 from current position
18
        IDX2 = ICHAN
        RDY2 = YVAL
        IDFSE2 = 1
        GO TO 15
    Common exit code...
50
        CALL IPOKE ("44, I)
        XVAL = ICHAN
        RETURN
        END
```

Since the lifetime program has a different graphics output device, routine GETVAL for that program looks as follows:

```
SUBROUTINE GETVAL (MODE, XVAL, YVAL, BUFFER)
C MODE = 0 IS XVAL, YVAL FROM CURSOR
C MODE = 1 IS YVAL FROM DATA BUFFER, ELEMENT XVAL
C MODE = 2 IS MODE 0 FOR SECOND POINT, CURSOR
                                                 C
C MODE = 3 IS MODE 1 FOR SECOND POINT, BUFFER
COMMON /PLT/ SCALF, YMIN, YMAX
       COMMON /PLTLIM/ IFIRST, ILAST
       DIMENSION BUFFER (512)
       BYTE IANS
       INTEGER X
       YSCALE = 2946. / (YMAX - YMIN)
       J = 3100
       CONTINUE
10
  Get a set of coordinates from the cursors
       CALL GRAFIN(IX, IY)
  Convert them to 4096 X 4096 space
       IX=IX*4
       IY=IY*4
   put the cursor out of the way for printing on screen
       IF (MODE.EQ.1.OR.MODE.EQ.0)CALL MOVE(0,J)
       IF (MODE.EQ.2.OR.MODE.EQ.3)CALL MOVE(2048,J)
       CALL ALFMOD
  Find what the data values are for the screen coordinates
       X = IFIX((IX - 364.)*(ILAST-IFIRST) / 3563. + IFIRST + 0.5)
       IF (MODE.EQ.0.OR.MODE.EQ.2)Y = (IY - 220) / YSCALE + YMIN
       IF (MODE.EQ.1.OR.MODE.EQ.3)Y = BUFFER(X)
C ask for user acceptance.
       TYPE 101,X,Y
       J = J - 88
       ACCEPT 100, IANS
       IF (IANS.NE.'Y')GO TO 10
C store the accepted values
       XVAL = X
       YVAL = Y
       RETURN
100
       FORMAT(A1)
       FORMAT('$X = ', I4,' Y = ', F6, 2,' ACCEPT? >')
101
    The next sections of code are the graphics routines. The first of these,
SCANER, is common to both programs, and follows:
       SUBROUTINE SCANER (RDATA, ISIZE)
  SCANS DATA SUBRANGE AND FINDS THE MIN AND MAX IN BUFFER
       COMMON /PLT/ SCALF, DYMIN, DYMAX
        COMMON /PLTLIM/ IFIRST, ILAST
       DIMENSION RDATA(ISIZE)
       DYMIN = 1E38
       DYMAX = -1E38
       DO 10 I=IFIRST, ILAST
        IF(RDATA(I).LT.DYMIN)DYMIN=RDATA(I)
```

10 CONTINUE RETURN END

The next sections are the graphics package for the multiphoton program, and support the MDP-3A 512 X 512 raster scan graphics processor.

```
SUBROUTINE SETMDP
     DIMENSION LARRY (50)
     BYTE RED(32)
     DATA RED/"0,"21,"42,"63,"104,"125,"146,"167,"210,"231
     1, "252, "273, "314, "335, "356, "377, "0, "21, "42, "63, "104
     2, "125,"146,"167,"210,"231,"252,"273,"314,"335,"356,"377/
     CALL INITGA(IARRY, 50)
                                      !initializes GOS arrays
     CALL GOSIN(IARRY)
                                      !initializes MDP unit
     CALL CLRMDP
                                      !clears all registers of MDP
     CALL DMA(IARRY,"102420,16,RED) !loads color lookup tables
     CALL SETMOD(IARRY, 512)
                                      !sets MDP to 512 X 512 mode
     CALL SETCLR(IARRY, 15)
                                      !sets default color to white
     CALL DCLEAR(IARRY)
                                      !clears MDP data memory
     CALL SETGR(IARRY)
                                      !turns on graphics display
     CALL STARTG(IARRY)
                                      !starts execution of above..
     CALL WFMDP(MD1,MD2,MD3,MD4)
                                      !waits until MDP is done
     RETURN
     END
     SUBROUTINE MAKPLT (MODE, NUMPLT, POSPLT, NUMBUF)
     INTEGER POSPLT
Set screen window low Y coordinate to 0
     MINSY = 0
If first plot of 2 or 3, or only plot to be done, initialize for plots
     IF(NUMPLT.EQ.1.OR.POSPLT.EQ.1)CALL SETMDP
     IF (NUMPLT.NE.1)GO TO 1
Set screen window high Y coordinate to 3210
     MAXSY = 3210
put 1 picture (plot) on screen, from buffer number "NUMBUF", in the
screen window defined by MINSY, MAXSY
     CALL PICTUR (MODE, NUMBUF, MINSY, MAXSY)
     RETURN
     IF (NUMPLT.NE. 2)GO TO 2
come here for two plots on the screen at once
     IF(POSPLT.NE.1)GO TO 3
posplt = 1 puts plot on lower half of screen
     MAXSY = 1604
     CALL PICTUR (MODE, NUMBUF, MINSY, MAXSY)
     RETURN
posplt = 2 puts plot on upper half of screen
     MINSY = 1605
     MAXSY = 3210
     CALL PICTUR (MODE, NUMBUF, MINSY, MAXSY)
     RETURN
     GO TO (4,5,6)POSPLT
```

```
MAXSY = 1069
        CALL PICTUR (MODE, NUMBUF, MINSY, MAXSY)
  plot in middle third of screen
        MINSY = 1070
        MAXSY = 2139
        CALL PICTUR (MODE, NUMBUF, MINSY, MAXSY)
   plot in top third of screen
        MINSY = 2140
        MAXSY = 3210
        CALL PICTUR (MODE, NUMBUF, MINSY, MAXSY)
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE PICTUR (MODE, IBUFF, MINSY, MAXSY)
  this routine makes the plot in the screen window indicated in
  MINSY, MAXSY. MODE is used to indicate how to label the picture.
        COMMON /BUFFA/ RADATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFB/ RBDATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFD/ RDDATA(512)
   draw the axis in the screen window
        CALL AXES (MINSY, MAXSY)
        GO TO (1,2,3) IBUFF
   find the Max and MIN of buffer "A"
1
        CALL SCANER (RADATA)
   plot the data in buffer "A" in the window
        CALL PLOTER (RADATA, MINSY, MAXSY)
        GO TO 4
  find the Max and MIN of buffer "B"
        CALL SCANER(RBDATA)
2
  plot the data in buffer "B" in the window
        CALL PLOTER(RBDATA, MINSY, MAXSY)
        GO TO 4
С
   find the Max and MIN of buffer "D"
        CALL SCANER (RDDATA)
  plot the data in buffer "D" in the window
        CALL PLOTER (RDDATA, MINSY, MAXSY)
   put the labels on the axes, and the plot heading
        CALL LABMDP (MODE, MINSY, MAXSY)
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE AXES (MINSY, MAXSY)
  This routine draws the axes in the screen window.
        INTEGER DELTAX, DELTAY, Y1, X1
        DELTAX = 713
   Define X1, Y1: the coordinates of the axes origin
        X1 = 364
        Y1 = MINSY + 220
   draw the "Y" axis
        CALL DRWMDP(X1, (MAXSY - 44), X1, Y1)
  draw the "X" axis
```

はない。このなどなどのない。このないできない。このできたとのない。

```
C put the tick marks on the "Y" axis
        DELTAY = (MAXSY - MINSY - 264) / 5.0
        Y1 = MINSY + 220 + DELTAY
        DO 10 I=1,5
        CALL DRWMDP(336, Y1, 392, Y1)
        Y1 = Y1 + DELTAY
10
        CONTINUE
  put the tick marks on the "X" axis
        X1 = 364 + DELTAX
        DO 15 I = 1,5
        CALL DRWMDP(X1, (MINSY + 176), X1, (MINSY + 264))
        X1 = X1 + DELTAX
15
        CONTINUE
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE PLOTER (RDATA, MINSY, MAXSY, ISIZE)
  PLOTS DATA SUBRANGE ON SCREEN WINDOW SELECTED
        COMMON /PLT/ YSCALE, DYMIN, DYMAX
        COMMON /PLTLIM/ IFIRST, ILAST
        DIMENSION RDATA(ISIZE)
        INTEGER LOX, LOY, YLENGT, Y1, X1
        LOX = 364
                     !SCREEN WINDOW LOW X VALUE FOR PLOTTING
        HIX = 3927 !SCREEN WINDOW HIGH X VALUE
        XLENGT = 3563 !SCREEN WINDOW LENGTH
        LOY = MINSY + 220 !SCREEN WINDOW LOWEST Y VALUE
        LOLDX = LOX
        LOLDY = LOY
        YLENGT = MAXSY - MINSY - 264 ! PLOT WINDOW HEIGHT
        XSCALE = FLOAT(XLENGT) / FLOAT(ILAST-IFIRST) !CALCULATE DATA X EXTENT
        YSCALE = FLOAT(YLENGT) / FLOAT(DYMAX - DYMIN)
  NOW PLOT THE DATA IN THE PLOTTING WINDOW GIVEN
        DO 10 I = IFIRST, ILAST
        X1 = (I-IFIRST) * XSCALE + LOX + 0.5
        Y1 = (RDATA(I) - DYMIN) * YSCALE + LOY + 0.5
        CALL DRWMDP(LOLDX, LOLDY, X1, Y1)
        LOLDX = X1
        LOLDY = Y1
10
        CONTINUE
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE LABMDP (MODE, MINSY, MAXSY)
  PUTS LABELS ON THE AXES FOR THE DATA SET AND SUBRANGE
        COMMON /PLT/ SCALF, DYMIN, DYMAX
        COMMON /PLTLIM/ IFIRST, ILAST
        BYTE NAMSTR(6)
        INTEGER XDATA , XCHANG, DELTAX, DELTAY, Y1, I, X1
    FIRST INDEX OF YLIN IS GRAPH POSITION, SECOND IS GRAPH NUMBER
    1 PLOT = (I,1) 2 PLOTS ,BOTTOM = (I,2) TOP= (I,3)
    3 PLOTS BOTTOM=(I,4) MIDDLE=(I,5) TOP=(I,6)
        INTEGER YLIN(6,6), XLIN(5)
```

```
1,17,15,13,11,9,7,30,29,28,26,25,24,21,20,19,17,16,15
         2,13,12,11,9,8,7/
         DATA XLIN/7,13,18,24,29/
         BYTE LAB1(24), LAB2(20), LAB3(20), LAB4(22), LAB5(22)
    Label 1 is: PLOT OF DIGITIZED DATA
        DATA LAB1 /'P','L','O','T',' ','O','F',' ','D','I','G','I'
1, 'T','I','Z','E','D',' ','D','A','T','A',0,0/
    Label 3 is: SETUP RUN DISPLAYED
         DATA LAB3 /'S','E','T','U','P',' ','R','U','N',' ','D','I'
         2, 'S', 'P', 'L', 'A', 'Y', 'E', 'D', 0/
    Label 2 is: DATA RUN DISPLAYED
         DATA LAB2 /'D','A','T','A',' ','R','U','N',' ','D','I'
2, 'S','P','L','A','Y','E','D',0,0/
    Label 4 is: PLOT OF MEASUREMENT
С
         DATA LAB4 /'P','L','O','T',' ','O','F',' ','M','E','A','S'
         2,'U','R','E','M','E','N','T','S',0.0/
C
    Label 5 is: A/I BUFFER DISPLAYED
         DATA LAB5 /'A','/','I',' ','B','U','F','F','E','R',' ','D' 2,'I','S','P','L','A','Y','E','D',0,0/
С
    Set up proper screen position plotting position indices:
         IF(MINSY.EQ.O .AND. MAXSY.EQ.3210)IPLT=1
         IF(MINSY.EQ.O .AND. MAXSY.EQ.1604)IPLT=2
         IF(MINSY.EQ.1605 .AND. MAXSY.EQ.3210)IPLT=3
         IF(MINSY.EQ.O .AND. MAXSY.EQ.1069)IPLT=4
         IF(MINSY.EQ.1070 .AND. MAXSY.EQ.2139)IPLT=5
         IF(MINSY.EQ.2140 .AND. MAXSY.EQ.3210)IPLT=6
    Set up some constants for computing label values
         DELTAX = 713
         DELTAY = 589
         Y1 = 220
         YCHANG = (DYMAX - DYMIN) / 5.0
         YDATA = DYMIN
    Put labels on ticks of Y axis, computing correct values
         DO 10 I = 1.6
         IYDATA=YDATA
         ENCODE(3,100,NAMSTR(1))IYDATA
         NAMSTR(4)=0
         NAMSTR(5)=0
         CALL TYPMDP(0, YLIN(I, IPLT), 3, NAMSTR)
         YDATA = DYMIN + YCHANG * (I-1)
10
         CONTINUE
    Put labels on ticks of X axis, computing correct values
         XCHANG = FLOAT(ILAST-IFIRST)/5.0 ! X-CHANGE TO EACH TICK
         DO 15 I = 1,5
         XDATA = IFIX(I * XCHANG +0.5 + IFIRST)
         ENCODE(3,100,NAMSTR(1))XDATA
         NAMSTR(4)=0
         NAMSTR(5)=0
         CALL TYPMDP(XLIN(I), 31, 3, NAMSTR)
15
         CONTINUE
    And now, put on the correct picture headings...
         IF(MODE.EQ.1.OR.MODE.EQ.2)CALL TYPMDP(0,0,12,LAB1)
```

```
IF(MODE.EQ.0)CALL TYPMDP(0,1,10,LAB3)
        IF (MODE.EQ.1.OR.MODE.EQ.2)RETURN
        IF(MODE.EQ.2)CALL TYPMDP(0,0,11,LAB4)
        IF(MODE.EQ.2)CALL TYPMDP(0,0,11,LAB5)
100
        FORMAT(13)
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE DRWMDP(ISX, ISY, IX, IY)
   This routine draws a line on the MDP screen between ISX, ISY and
  IX.IY. The data is assumed to be scaled to 4096 X 4096 space.
        DIMENSION IARRY (140)
   rescale the data to 512 X 512 space
        IJX=ISX*512./4096.
        IJY=ISY*512./4096.
        JJX=IX*512./4096.
        JJY=IY*512./4096.
        CALL INITGA(IARRY, 140)
                                                  !initialize GOS array
        CALL DLINE(IARRY, IJX, IJY, JJX, JJY)
                                                 !draw line in MDP
        CALL STARTG(IARRY)
                                                 !start execution of GOS list
        CALL WFMDP(MD1,MD2,MD3,MD4)
                                                  !wait until MSDP is done.
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE ERATXT
  This routine erases all text in the MDP text overlay
        BYTE FF(4)
        DATA FF/"14,0,0,0/
        DIMENSION IARRY (30)
        CALL INITGA(IARRY, 30)
        CALL SETTXT(IARRY)
        CALL TEXT(IARRY, 0, 0, FF)
        CALL STARTG(IARRY)
        CALL WFMDP(MD1,MD2,MD3,MD4)
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE TYPMDP(IXL, IYL, ISIZ, ICHAR)
  This routine puts text on the screen of the MDP. The text is
C contained in the array ICHAR of dimension ISIZ, and the text is
  to be placed on the screen in line number IYL from the top, and
   starting IXL characters from the left of the screen.
        DIMENSION ICHAR(ISIZ)
        DIMENSION LARRY (30)
        CALL INITGA(IARRY, 30)
        CALL SETTXT(IARRY)
        CALL TEXT(IARRY, IXL, IYL, ICHAR(1))
        CALL STARTG(IARRY)
        CALL WFMDP(MD1,MD2,MD3,MD4)
        RETURN
        END
```

```
SUBROUTINE LABI
  This routine puts the label "AMPLITUDE FROM CURSOR POSITION" on the
C MDP screen.
         DIMENSION ICHAR(32)
         BYTE ICHAR
         DATA ICHAR /'A', 'M', 'P', 'L', 'I', 'T', 'U', 'D', 'E', ''
1, 'F', 'R', 'O', 'M', '', 'C', 'U', 'R', 'S', 'O', 'R', '', 'P'
2, 'O', 'S', 'I', 'T', 'I', 'O', 'N', 0, 0/
         CALL TYPMDP(0,0,32,ICHAR)
         RETURN
         END
         SUBROUTINE LAB2
   This routine puts the label "AMPLITUDE FROM DATA SET" on the MDP
C screen.
         DIMENSION ICHAR(24)
         BYTE ICHAR
         DATA ICHAR /'A','M','P','L','I','T','U','D','E',' '
1,'F','R','O','M',' ','D','A','T','A',' ','S','E','T',0/
         CALL TYPMDP(0,0,32,ICHAR)
         RETURN
         END
         SUBROUTINE LAB3(IX, YVAL)
  This routine prints out the channel number and amplitude contained in
   IX and YVAL respectively on the MDP screen.
         DIMENSION ICHAR(20), JCHAR(16), KCHAR(8)
         BYTE ICHAR, JCHAR, KCHAR
         DATA JCHAR /'A','M','P','L','I','T','U','D','E',' '1,'=',' ',' ',' ',' ',0,0/
         CALL TYPMDP(0,1,18,1CHAR)
         CALL TYPMDP(0,2,14,JCHAR)
         ENCODE (3, 100, KCHAR) IX
         KCHAR(4) = 0
         CALL TYPMDP(18,1,4,KCHAR)
         ENCODE (7,101, KCHAR) YVAL
         KCHAR(8) = 0
         CALL TYPMDP(13,2,8,KCHAR)
         RETURN
100
         FORMAT(I3)
101
         FORMAT(F7.2)
         END
         SUBROUTINE LAB4
   This routine puts the label "INTEGRAL FROM DATA SET" on the MDP
   screen.
         DIMENSION ICHAR(24)
         BYTE ICHAR
          DATA ICHAR /'I', 'N', 'T', 'E', 'G', 'R', 'A', 'L', '
```

```
CALL TYPMDP(0,0,24,1CHAR)
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE INITCU
  This routine turns on overlay memory #0 display, clears it, and
  prepares for the display of cursors.
        DIMENSION LARRY (30)
        CALL INITGA(IARRY, 30)
                                 !initialize GOS array
        CALL SETOVR(IARRY,0)
                                 !set default overlay to 0
        CALL SETOVD (IARRY, 64)
                                 !turn on display of overlay 0
        CALL OCLEAR(IARRY)
                                 !clear default overlay
        CALL STARTG(IARRY)
                                 !execute instructions in GOS list
        CALL WFMDP(M1,M2,M3,M4) !wait until MDP is done.
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE ERACUR
  This routine erases the cursors in the overlay memory.
        DIMENSION IARRY (25)
        CALL INITGA(IARRY, 25)
        CALL OCLEAR(IARRY)
        CALL STARTG(IARRY)
        CALL WFMDP(M1,M2,M3,M4)
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE DRWCUR(IXL, IYL)
  This routine draws the cursors in overlay memory
        DIMENSION LARRY (50)
        INTEGER X,Y,Y1,Y2
        CALL INITGA(IARRY, 50)
        X = IXL/4
        Y = IYL/2
        Y1 = Y-1
        Y2 = Y+1
20
        IF(Yl.GE.O)GO TO 25
        Y1 = Y1 + 1
        GO TO 20
        IF(Y2.LE.255)GO TO 30
25
        Y2 = Y2 - 1
        GO TO 25
30
        CALL OPOINT(IARRY, 1, X, Y)
        CALL OLINE (IARRY, 1, X, Y1, X, Y2)
        CALL STARTG(IARRY)
        CALL WFMDP(M1,M2,M3,M4)
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE PLTAIB
 MAIN DRIVER FOR PLOTTING A/I BUFFER ON MDP GRAPHICS SCREENS
        COMMON /AI/ AIX, AIY, AIVALS(100), IPTR
```

RECECTAN CLASSES CONTRACTOR SESSESSION SECRECAL PRODUCTS

COMMON /PLT/ SCALF, DATMIN, DATMAX COMMON /PLTLIM/ IFIRST, ILAST

```
SET UP TO USE SAME PLOT ROUTINES AS FOR DATA FILES
        ISTOR1 = IFIRST
        ISTOR2 = ILAST
        IFIRST = 1
        ILAST = IPTR-1
        MINSY = 0
        MAXSY = 3210
   INITIALIZE FOR PLOTTING
        CALL SETMDP
   DRAW THE AXES TO PLOT ON
        CALL AXES (MINSY, MAXSY)
   SCAN THE DATA FOR MIN, MAX
        CALL SCANER (AIVALS, 100)
   PLOT THE DATA IN THE BUFFER
        CALL PLOTER (AIVALS, MINSY, MAXSY, 100)
  PUT ON THE LABELS...
        CALL LABMDP(2,MINSY,MAXSY)
        IFIRST = ISTOR1
        ILAST = ISTOR2
        RETURN
        END
     The graphics package for the liftim program is:
        SUBROUTINE MAKPLT(NUMPLT, POSPLT, NUMBUF)
        INTEGER POSPLT
   Set screen window low Y coordinate to 0
       MINSY = 0
   if only 1 plot or first of several on same screen, initialize for
  plotting.
        IF(NUMPLT.EQ.1.OR.POSPLT.EQ.1)CALL INITT
        IF (NUMPLT.NE.1)GO TO 1
   if only one plot, set screen max Y=3210, and make picture...
        MAXSY = 3210
        CALL PICTUR (NUMBUF, MINSY, MAXSY)
        RETURN
        IF (NUMPLT.NE. 2)GO TO 2
   Come here if going to make 2 pictures on same screen
        IF(POSPLT.NE.1)GO TO 3
   Make bottom one...
        MAXSY = 1604
        CALL PICTUR (NUMBUF, MINSY, MAXSY)
        RETURN
   make top one...
        MINSY = 1605
        MAXSY = 3210
        CALL PICTUR (NUMBUF, MINSY, MAXSY)
С
   Come here to put three plots on same screen
2
        GO TO (4,5,6)POSPLT
C
   make bottom one..
        MAXSY = 1069
        CALL PICTUR(NUMBUF, MINSY, MAXSY)
```

RETURN

```
MINSY = 1070
5
        MAXSY = 2139
        CALL PICTUR(NUMBUF, MINSY, MAXSY)
        RETURN
   make top one...
        MINSY = 2140
6
        MAXSY = 3210
        CALL PICTUR (NUMBUF, MINSY, MAXSY)
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE PICTUR (IBUFF, MINSY, MAXSY)
  Routine to make a complete plot in the given screen window.
        COMMON /BUFFA/ RADATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFB/ RBDATA(512)
        COMMON /BUFFD/ RDDATA(512)
  Draw axes and tick marks:
        CALL AXES (MINSY, MAXSY)
        GO TO (1,2,3) IBUFF
   Get Max and Min in buffer "A"
        CALL SCANER (RADATA)
   Plot data in buffer "A"
        CALL PLOTER (RADATA, MINSY, MAXSY)
        GO TO 4
C
   Get Max and Min in buffer "B"
        CALL SCANER (RBDATA)
2
   Plot data in buffer "B"
        CALL PLOTER (RBDATA, MINSY, MAXSY)
        GO TO 4
   Get Max and Min in buffer "D"
3
        CALL SCANER (RDDATA)
   Plot data in buffer "D"
        CALL PLOTER (RDDATA, MINSY, MAXSY)
   Put labels on axes.
        CALL LABEL (MINSY, MAXSY)
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE AXES (SCRYMN, SCRYMX)
   This routine is responsible for putting the labels on the X and Y axes
   of the plots.
        INTEGER DELTAY, Y1, I, X1, SCRYMN, SCRYMX
        DELTAX = 713
  X1, Y1 are the coordinates of the origin of the axes
        X1 = 364
        Y1 = SCRYMN + 220
   move to the top of the Y axis
        CALL MOVE(X1,(SCRYMX - 44))
   and draw to the origin
        CALL DRAW(X1,Y1)
   and draw to the end of the X axis
```

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```
CALL DRAW(3927,Y1)
  put on the Y-axis ticks
        DELTAY = (SCRYMX - SCRYMN - 264) / 5
        Y1 = SCRYMN + 220 + DELTAY
        DO 10 I = 1,5
        CALL MOVE (336, Y1)
        CALL DRAW(392, Y1)
        Yl = Yl + DELTAY
        CONTINUE
10
C put on the X-axis ticks
        X1 = 364 + DELTAX
        DO 20 I = 1,5
        CALL MOVE(X1, (SCRYMN + 176))
        CALL DRAW(X1, (SCRYMN + 264))
        X1 = X1 + DELTAX
20
        CONTINUE
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE PLOTER (BUFF, SCRYMN, SCRYMX)
  This routine plots the data subrange of buffer "BUFF" in the screen window
   defined by SCRYMN, SCRYMX the Y-value Minimum and Maximum
  respectively.
        DIMENSION BUFF (512)
        COMMON /PLTLIM/ IFIRST, ILAST
        COMMON /PLT/ YSCALE, DATYMN, DATYMX
        INTEGER LOY, YLENGT, Y1, I, X1, SCRYMN, SCRYMX
        REAL Y, XSCALE, YSCALE
        LOX = 364
                     !SCREEN WINDOW LOW X VALUE FOR PLOTTING
        HIX = 3927 ! SCREEN WINDOW HIGH X VALUE
        XLENGT = 3563 !SCREEN WINDOW LENGTH
        LOY = SCRYMN + 220
                             !SCREEN WINDOW LOW Y FOR PLOTTING
        CALL MOVE (LOX, LOY) !GO TO FIRST PLOTTING POINT
        YLENGT = SCRYMX - SCRYMN - 264
                                         !CALCULATE PLOT WINDOW HEIGHT
        XSCALE = XLENGT / (ILAST-IFIRST) !CALCULATE DATA X EXTENT
        YSCALE = YLENGT / (DATYMX - DATYMN) !SAME FOR DATA Y
  NOW PLOT THE DATA IN THE PLOTTING WINDOW GIVEN
        DO 10 I = IFIRST, ILAST
        X1 = (I-IFIRST) * XSCALE + LOX
        Y1 = (BUFF(I) - DATYMN) * YSCALE + LOY
        J = 0
        IF ((Y1 .LE. SCRYMX) .AND. (Y1 .GE. SCRYMN))J = 1
        IF(J.EQ.0)CALL MOVE(X1,Y1)
        IF(J.EQ.1)CALL DRAW(X1,Y1)
10
        CONTINUE
        CALL ALFMOD
        RETURN
        END
```

```
SUBROUTINE LABEL(SCRYMN, SCRYMX)
 PUTS LABELS ON THE AXES FOR THE DATA SET AND SUBRANGE
        COMMON /PLT/ SCALF, DATYMN, DATYMX
        COMMON /PLTLIM/ IFIRST, ILAST
        LOGICAL*1 NAMSTR(10)
        INTEGER XDATA, DELTAY, Y1, X1, SCRYMN, SCRYMX
  SET UP FOR LABELLING Y-AXIS
        DELTAY = (SCRYMX - SCRYMN - 264) / 5 !SAME THING FOR Y
        Y1 = SCRYMN + 220 ! Y1 IS LOWEST POINT ON Y-AXIS
        YCHANG = (DATYMX - DATYMN) / 5.0 ! Y-INCREMENT TO NEXT TICK
  PUT ON Y-AXIS LABELS .....
        DO 10 I = 1,6
        CALL MOVE(0,Y1)
        CALL ALFMOD
        IYDATA =IFIX((I-1)*YCHANG + DATYMN +0.5)
        ENCODE(6,100, NAMSTR) IYDATA
        NAMSTR(7)=0
        CALL LINOUT(NAMSTR)
        Y1 = Y1 + DELTAY
        CONTINUE
10
  SET UP FOR LABELLING X-AXIS...
        DELTAX = 713
                      ! LENGTH OF THE USABLE X-AXIS BETWEEN TICKS
        X1 = 364 + DELTAX ! LOWEST POINT ON X-AXIS, SCREEN COORDINATE
        XCHANG = FLOAT(ILAST-IFIRST)/5.0 ! X-CHANGE TO EACH TICK
        DO 20 I = 1,5
        CALL MOVE((X1 - 84), (SCRYMN + 44))
        XDATA = IFIX(I * XCHANG +0.5 + IFIRST)
        CALL ALFMOD
        ENCODE(4,101,NAMSTR)XDATA
        NAMSTR(5)=0
        CALL LINOUT(NAMSTR)
        X1 = X1 + DELTAX
20
        CONTINUE
        ******* FORMAT STATEMENTS *******
100
        FORMAT(16)
        FORMAT(14)
101
C******
        END
        SUBROUTINE PLTAIB
  MAIN DRIVER FOR PLOTTING A/I BUFFER ON VT-100 OR TEKTRONIX 4014 SCREENS
        INTEGER AUTINC, MANUAL
        LOGICAL*1 FILE1, FILE2, FILE3, FILE4
        COMMON /CNTRL/ YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, ICOFLN
        1, FILE1(16), FILE2(16), FILE3(16), FILE4(16), AUTINC, NWTPLT
        COMMON /AI/ AIX, AIY, AIVALS(100), IPTR
        COMMON /PLT/ SCALF, DATMIN, DATMAX
```

COMMON /PLTLIM/ IFIRST, ILAST

```
SET UP TO USE SAME PLOT ROUTINES
        ISTOR1 = IFIRST
        ISTOR2 = ILAST
        IFIRST = 1
        ILAST = IPTR-1
        MINSY = 0
        MAXSY = 3210
   INITIALIZE FOR PLOTTING
        CALL INITT
  DRAW THE AXES TO PLOT ON
        CALL AXES(MINSY, MAXSY)
  SCAN THE DATA FOR MIN, MAX
        DATMIN = 1.0E38
        DATMAX = -1.0E38
        DO 10 I = 1, IPTR-1
        IF(AIVALS(I).GT.DATMAX)DATMAX=AIVALS(I)
        IF(AIVALS(I).LT.DATMIN)DATMIN=AIVALS(I)
        CONTINUE
10
  PLOT THE DATA IN THE A/I BUFFER
        CALL MOVE(364,220) !GO TO FIRST PLOTTING POINT
        XSCALE = 3563. / (IPTR-1) !CALCULATE DATA X EXTENT
        YSCALE = 2946. / (DATMAX - DATMIN) !SAME FOR DATA Y
   NOW PLOT THE DATA IN THE PLOTTING WINDOW GIVEN
        DO 20 I = 1, IPTR
        IX1 = (I-1) * XSCALE + 364
        IY1 = (AIVALS(I) - DATMIN) * YSCALE + 220
        CALL DRAW(IX1, IY1)
20
        CONTINUE
        CALL ALFMOD
        CALL LABEL(MINSY, MAXSY)
        IFIRST = ISTOR1
        ILAST = ISTOR2
        IF(NWTPLT.NE.1) PAUSE 'TYPE RETURN TO CONTINUE'
        CALL ERASE
        CALL VTMODE
        CALL VTPAGE
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE INITT
  This routine initializes the terminal for plotting.
        CALL SETTRM
                                !initializes plotting library software
        CALL VTPAGE
                                !clears VT-100 screen
                                !sets VT-100 to Tektronix look alike mode
        CALL TKMODE
        CALL ERASE
                                !erases Tektronix screen
        DO 10 I = 1,32767
                                !short settling delay
10
        CONTINUE
        CALL BELL
                                !beep terminal bell
        RETURN
```

END

The next segments of code are the program listing routines. The function of these routines in the programs is to provide a convenient means to see, in plain English, what sequence of microprogramming instructions has been entered. This is also useful as a means to verify the contents of a microprogram that was read in from disc. Both versions of the routine are shown, as there is sufficient difference to warrant the additional space required. First, the version for the multiphoton program:

```
SUBROUTINE LISTPR
        INTEGER AUTINC, PC
        LOGICAL*1 FILE1, FILE2, FILE3, YSCALS, HSCALS, NUMSA
        LOGICAL*1 IDINF1, IDINF2, FILE4
        COMMON /CNTRL/ YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, ICOPLN
        1, FILE (16), FILE2(16), FILE3(16), FILE4(16), AUTINC
        COMMON /ID/ IDINF1(72), IDINF2(72)
        COMMON /MUPROG/ INSTR(100)
        COMMON / CURSOR/ IDX1, RDY1, IDX2, RDY2, IWAIT, IDFSE1, IDFSE2
        COMMON /PLTLIM/ IFIRST, ILAST
        CNVT = 157.48031
        IF(AUTINC.NE.O) TYPE *, 'AUTOINCREMENT IS ENABLED'
        IF(AUTINC.EQ.O)TYPE *,'AUTOINCREMENT IS DISABLED'
        IF(IRFLN.NE.O) TYPE *, 'FILE NAMES WILL BE INDIVIDUALLY REQUESTED'
        IF(IRFLN.EQ.O)TYPE *,'FILE NAMES WILL NOT BE REQUESTED'
        IF(ICOFLN.NE.O) TYPE *, 'FILE NAMES WILL BE ECHOED AFTER USE'
        IF(ICOFLN.EQ.O)TYPE *,'FILE NAMES WILL NOT BE ECHOED AFTER USE'
        IF(MANUAL.EQ.O) TYPE *, 'PRESENTLY IN AUTOMATIC MODE'
        IF(MANUAL.EQ.1) TYPE *.'PRESENTLY IN MANUAL MODE'
        IF(IWAIT.EQ.0)
        1 TYPE *, 'USER WILL NOT BE GIVEN CHANCE TO MOVE CURSOR'
        IF(IWAIT.EQ.1) TYPE *, 'USER WILL BE ABLE TO MOVE CURSOR'
        TYPE *, 'THE DATA X-SUBRANGE SELECTED IS:', IFIRST, ILAST
        TYPE *, 'THE SERIES ID INFORMATION IS:'
        TYPE 101,(IDINF1(I),I=1,72)
        TYPE *, 'THE RUN INFORMATION IS:'
        TYPE 101,(IDINF2(I),I=1,72)
101
        FORMAT(1X,72A1)
        PC = 1
100
        ICH = INSTR(PC)
        PC=PC+1
        IF(ICH.EQ.O)RETURN
        GO TO (1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,11,11,14,15,16,17
        1,18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33
        2,34,36,37,38,39,40,41)ICH
        TYPE *, 'ERROR !!! UNIDENTIFIABLE OPCODE !!!'
        TYPE *, 'ERASE BUFFER "A"'
1
        GO TO 100
        TYPE *, 'ERASE BUFFER "B"'
        GO TO 100
        TYPE *, 'ERASE BUFFER "D"'
        GO TO 100
        TYPE *, 'ERASE ALL 3 DATA BUFFERS'
        GO TO 100
```

```
TYPE *, 'ACCUMULATE SINGLE PULSE TO "A"'
5
        GO TO 100
         TYPE *, 'ACCUMULATE SINGLE PULSE TO "B"'
6
        GO TO 100
         TYPE *, 'ACCUMULATE SINGLE PULSE TO "D"'
7
        GO TO 100
         TYPE *, 'ACCUMULATE', INSTR(PC),' PULSES TO "A"'
        GO TO 35
9
         TYPE *, 'ACCUMULATE', INSTR(PC),' PULSES TO "B"'
        GO TO 35
         TYPE *, 'ACCUMULATE', INSTR(PC),' PULSES TO "D"'
10
        GO TO 35
         IF(INSTR(PC).EQ.1) TYPE *, 'PLOT "A" ON SCREEN'
11
         IF(INSTR(PC).EQ.2)TYPE *, 'PLOT "B" ON SCREEN'
IF(INSTR(PC).EQ.3)TYPE *, 'PLOT "D" ON SCREEN'
         PC=PC+1
         IF(ICH.EQ.11)GO TO 100
         IF(INSTR(PC).EQ.1)TYPE *, 'PLOT "A" ON SCREEN'
        IF(INSTR(PC).EQ.2) TYPE *, 'PLOT "B" ON SCREEN'
         IF(INSTR(PC).EQ.3)TYPE *, 'PLOT "D" ON SCREEN'
         PC=PC+1
         IF(ICH.EQ.12)GO TO 100
        IF(INSTR(PC).EQ.1)TYPE *, 'PLOT "A" ON SCREEN'
IF(INSTR(PC).EQ.2)TYPE *, 'PLOT "B" ON SCREEN'
IF(INSTR(PC).EQ.3)TYPE *, 'PLOT "D" ON SCREEN'
        PC=PC+1
        GO TO 100
        TYPE *, 'WRITE DATA IN BUFFER "A" TO FILE NUMBER ', INSTR(PC)
14
         TYPE *,'WRITE DATA IN BUFFER "B" TO FILE NUMBER ', INSTR(PC)
15
         GO TO 35
16
         TYPE *,'WRITE DATA IN BUFFER "D" TO FILE NUMBER ', INSTR(PC)
         TYPE *, 'READ DATA FROM FILE NUMBER ', INSTR(PC), ' TO BUFFER "A"'
17
         TYPE *, 'READ DATA FROM FILE NUMBER ', INSTR(PC), ' TO BUFFER "B"'
18
         GO TO 35
         TYPE *, 'READ DATA FROM FILE NUMBER ', INSTR(PC), ' TO BUFFER "D"'
19
         GO TO 35
         TYPE *,'WRITE AMPLITUDE/INTEGRAL DATA BUFFER TO FILE'
20
        GO TO 100
         TYPE *, 'ERASE CONTENTS OF AMPLITUDE/INTEGRAL DATA BUFFER'
21
         GO TO 100
22
         TYPE *, 'MOVE BURNER ', INSTR(PC), ' STEPS OR '
         1, INSTR(PC)/CNVT, ' M.M.'
        GO TO 35
         TYPE *, 'OPEN SHUTTER'
23
        GO TO 100
24
         TYPE *, 'CLOSE SHUTTER'
        GO TO 100
         TYPE *, 'READ DATA FROM FILE INTO AMPLITUDE/INTEGRAL DATA BUFFER'
25
        GO TO 100
         TYPE *, 'TYPE OUT CONTENTS OF AMPLITUDE, INTEGRAL DATA BUFFER'
26
```

GO TO 100

TYPE *, 'COMPUTE "D" BUFFER = "A" - "B" BUFFERS' 27 GO TO 100 TYPE *,'INCREMENT FILENAME EXTENSION FOR FILENAME', INSTR(PC) 28 GO TO 35 TYPE *, 'INTEGRATE DISPLAYED CURVE BETWEEN LIMITS' 29 TYPE *, 'MOVE LAST MEASUREMENT TAKEN TO A/I BUFFER' 30 GO TO 100 TYPE *, 'MEASURE AMPLITUDE FROM CURSOR POSITION' 31 GO TO 100 TYPE *, 'MEASURE AMPLITUDE FROM ACTUAL DATA SET DISPLAYED' 32 GO TO 35 TYPE *, 'WAIT FOR USER TO TYPE A CARRIAGE RETURN' 33 GO TO 100 TYPE *, 'ACQUIRE SCALE FACTORS FROM 7912 ONLY' 34 GO TO 100 35 PC=PC+1 GO TO 100 TYPE *, 'MOVE DYE LASER GRATING ', INSTR(PC) 36 1,' INCREMENTS OF .012 NM.' GO TO 35 GO TO (371,372,373) INSTR(PC) 37 TYPE *, 'DO QUICK-N-DIRTY AMPLITUDE FROM DATA MIN, MAX' 371 1. BUFFER = A' GO TO 35 TYPE *,'DO QUICK-N-DIRTY AMPLITUDE FROM DATA MIN, MAX' 372 1, BUFFER = B' GO TO 35 TYPE *,'DO QUICK-N-DIRTY AMPLITUDE FROM DATA MIN, MAX' 373 1, BUFFER = D' GO TO 35 GO TO 100 38 TYPE *, 'PLOT CONTENTS OF A/I BUFFER' 39 GO TO 100 TYPE *, 'TURN ON ION COLLECTOR H.V.' 40 GO TO 100 TYPE *, 'TURN OFF ION COLLECTOR H.V.' 41 GO TO 100 END

Now, the version for the liftim program:

WELL RESERVOINES EXERCISES SYNTYTYPE TO THE TOTAL TOTA

SUBROUTINE LISTPR
INTEGER AUTINC,PC
LOGICAL*1 FILE1,FILE2,FILE3,YSCALS,HSCALS,NUMSA
LOGICAL*1 IDINF1,IDINF2,FILE4
COMMON /CNTRL/ YSCALE,XSCALE,NPULSE,MANUAL,IRFLN,ICOFLN
1,FILE1(16),FILE2(16),FILE3(16),FILE4(16),AUTINC,NWTPLT
COMMON /ID/ IDINF1(72),IDINF2(72)
COMMON /MUPROG/ INSTR(100),PC
IF(AUTINC.NE.0)TYPE *,'AUTOINCREMENT IS ENABLED'
COMMON /PLTLIM/ IFIRST,ILAST
IF(AUTINC.EQ.0)TYPE *,'AUTOINCREMENT IS DISABLED'

```
IF(IRFLN.NE.O) TYPE *, 'FILE NAMES WILL BE INDIVIDUALLY REQUESTED'
        IF(IRFLN.EQ.O)TYPE *, 'FILE NAMES WILL NOT BE REQUESTED'
        IF(ICOFLN.NE.O) TYPE *, 'FILE NAMES WILL BE ECHOED AFTER USE'
        IF(ICOFLN.EQ.0) TYPE *, 'FILE NAMES WILL NOT BE ECHOED AFTER USE'
        IF(MANUAL.EQ.O) TYPE *, 'PRESENTLY IN AUTOMATIC MODE'
        IF(MANUAL.EQ.1) TYPE *, 'PRESENTLY IN MANUAL MODE'
        IF(NWPLT.EQ.O) TYPE *,'A "RETURN" WILL BE AWAITED AFTER PLOTS'
        IF(NWPLT.EQ.1) TYPE *,'A "RETURN" WILL NOT BE AWAITED AFTER PLOTS'
        TYPE *, 'THE DATA X-SUBRANGE SELECTED IS:', IFIRST, ILAST
        TYPE *, 'THE SERIES ID INFORMATION IS:'
        TYPE 101,(IDINF1(I),I=1,72)
        TYPE *, 'THE RUN INFORMATION IS:'
        TYPE 101,(IDINF2(I),I=1.72)
101
        FORMAT(1X,72A1)
        PC = 1
100
        ICH = INSTR(PC)
        PC=PC+1
        IF(ICH.EQ.O)RETURN
        GO TO (1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,11,11,14,15,16,17
        1,18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33
        2,34,35,36,37,38) ICH
        TYPE *, 'ERROR !!! UNIDENTIFIABLE OPCODE !!!'
        RETURN
        TYPE *, 'ERASE BUFFER "A"'
1
        GO TO 100
        TYPE *, 'ERASE BUFFER "B"'
2
        GO TO 100
        TYPE *, 'ERASE BUFFER "D"'
3
        GO TO 100
        TYPE *, 'ERASE ALL 3 DATA BUFFERS'
        GO TO 100
        TYPE *, 'ACCUMULATE SINGLE PULSE TO "A"'
5
        GO TO 100
        TYPE *, 'ACCUMULATE SINGLE PULSE TO "B"'
        GO TO 100
        TYPE *, 'ACCUMULATE SINGLE PULSE TO "D"'
7
        GO TO 100
        TYPE *, 'ACCUMULATE', INSTR(PC),' PULSES TO "A"'
9
        TYPE *, 'ACCUMULATE', INSTR(PC),' PULSES TO "B"'
        GO TO 35
        TYPE *, 'ACCUMULATE', INSTR(PC),' PULSES TO "D"'
10
        GO TO 35
        IF(INSTR(PC).EQ.1) TYPE *, 'PLOT "A" ON SCREEN'
11
        IF(INSTR(PC).EQ.2)TYPE *, 'PLOT "B" ON SCREEN'
        IF(INSTR(PC).EQ.3) TYPE *, 'PLOT "D" ON SCREEN'
        PC=PC+1
        IF(ICH.EQ.11)GO TO 100
        IF(INSTR(PC).EQ.1) TYPE *, 'PLOT "A" ON SCREEN'
        IF(INSTR(PC).EQ.2)TYPE *, 'PLOT "B" ON SCREEN'
IF(INSTR(PC).EQ.3)TYPE *, 'PLOT "D" ON SCREEN'
        PC=PC+1
        IF(ICH.EQ.12)GO TO 100
        IF(INSTR(PC).EQ.1)TYPE *, 'PLOT "A" ON SCREEN'
```

```
IF(INSTR(PC).EQ.2)TYPE *, 'PLOT "B" ON SCREEN'
        IF(INSTR(PC).EQ.3)TYPE *, 'PLOT "D" ON SCREEN'
        PC=PC+1
        GO TO 100
        TYPE *, 'WRITE DATA IN BUFFER "A" TO FILE NUMBER ', INSTR(PC)
14
        TYPE *, 'WRITE DATA IN BUFFER "B" TO FILE NUMBER ', INSTR(PC)
15
        TYPE *,'WRITE DATA IN BUFFER "D" TO FILE NUMBER ', INSTR(PC)
16
        GO TO 35
17
        TYPE *, 'READ DATA FROM FILE NUMBER ', INSTR(PC), ' TO BUFFER "A"'
        GO TO 35
        TYPE *,'READ DATA FROM FILE NUMBER ',INSTR(PC),' TO BUFFER "B"'
18
        TYPE *,'READ DATA FROM FILE NUMBER ',INSTR(PC),' TO BUFFER "D"'
19
20
        TYPE *, 'WRITE AMPLITUDE/INTEGRAL DATA BUFFER TO FILE'
        GO TO 100
        TYPE *, 'ERASE CONTENTS OF AMPLITUDE/INTEGRAL DATA BUFFER'
21
        GO TO 100
22
        GO TO 35
23
        GO TO 100
24
        GO TO 100
25
        TYPE *, 'READ DATA FROM FILE INTO AMPLITUDE/INTEGRAL DATA BUFFER'
        GO TO 100
26
        TYPE *,'TYPE OUT CONTENTS OF AMPLITUDE, INTEGRAL DATA BUFFER'
        GO TO 100
27
        TYPE *, 'COMPUTE "D" BUFFER = "A" - "B" BUFFERS'
        GO TO 100
        TYPE *.'INCREMENT FILENAME EXTENSION FOR FILENAME', INSTR(PC)
28
        GO TO 35
29
        TYPE *,'INTEGRATE DISPLAYED CURVE BETWEEN LIMITS'
        GO TO 35
        TYPE *, 'MOVE LAST MEASUREMENT TAKEN TO A/I BUFFER'
30
        GO TO 100
        TYPE *, 'MEASURE AMPLITUDE FROM CURSOR POSITION'
31
        TYPE *, 'MEASURE AMPLITUDE FROM ACTUAL DATA SET DISPLAYED'
32
        GO TO 35
        TYPE *, 'WAIT FOR USER TO TYPE A CARRIAGE RETURN'
33
        GO TO 100
        TYPE *, 'ACQUIRE SCALE FACTORS FROM 7912 ONLY'
34
        GO TO 100
        PC=PC+1
35
        GO TO 100
36
        GO TO (361,362,363) INSTR(PC)
        TYPE *,'DO QUICK-N-DIRTY AMPLITUDE FROM DATA MIN, MAX'
361
        1,' BUFFER = A'
        GO TO 35
        TYPE *.'DO QUICK-N-DIRTY AMPLITUDE FROM DATA MIN, MAX'
362
        1.' BUFFER = B'
        GO TO 35
        TYPE *,'DO QUICK-N-DIRTY AMPLITUDE FROM DATA MIN, MAX'
363
        1,' BUFFER = D'
```

```
GO TO 35

TYPE *,'CHAIN TO FITTING PROGRAM'
GO TO 100

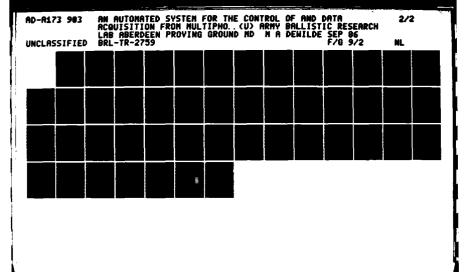
TYPE *,'PLOT CONTENTS OF A/I BUFFER'
GO TO 100
RETURN
END
```

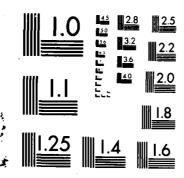
The next major set of routines that the main routines of the programs call are the setup mode routines. These routines are used to set the various microprogram independent flags and states that the system needs in order to operate with its various features. First, the version for the multiphoton program:

```
SUBROUTINE SETUP
        INTEGER DATA, AUTINC, SELECT, MANUAL
        LOGICAL*1 FILE1, FILE2, FILE3, YSCALS, HSCALS, NUMSA
        LOGICAL*1 IDINF1, IDINF2, FILE4
        COMMON /CNTRL/ YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFN, ICOFLN
        1,FILE1(16),FILE2(16),FILE3(16),FILE4(16),AUTINC
        COMMON /ID/ IDINF1(72), IDINF2(72)
        COMMON /DATA/ DATA(512)
        COMMON /VSCALF/ YSCALS(20)
        COMMON /HSCALF/ HSCALS(20)
        COMMON /BUFFA/ RADATA(512)
        COMMON /CURSOR/ IDX1,RDY1,IDX2,RDY2,IWAIT,IDFSE1,IDFSE2
        COMMON /PLTLIM/ IFIRST.ILAST
        EXTERNAL DUMP, GETSCF
        DATA IY /'Y'/
    Put up headers, selection menu
        TYPE 100
11
        TYPE 101
        TYPE 102
        TYPE 103
  Get selection, go to appropriate code
        ACCEPT 104, SELECT
        GO TO (1,2,3,4,5,8,9,12) SELECT
        GO TO 11
  Get all the I.D. information
        TYPE 105
        ACCEPT 106, (IDINF1(1), I=1,72)
        TYPE 107
        ACCEPT 106, (IDINF2(I), I=1,72)
        GO TO 11
   Get the first and last plotting channels for the data
        TYPE 120, IFIRST, ILAST
        ACCEPT 121, 11,12
        IF(I1.EQ.O.OR.I2.EQ.O)GO TO 11
        IFIRST = II
        ILAST = I2
        GO TO 11
```

```
Get the 4 file names for file accesses
        TYPE 112
        CALL GETNAM(FILEI)
        TYPE 113
        CALL GETNAM(FILE2)
        TYPE 114
        CALL GETNAM(FILE3)
        TYPE 115
        CALL GETNAM(FILE4)
        GO TO 11
   Set/clear the autoincrement flag
C
        AUTINC = 0
        TYPE 109
        ACCEPT 110, ISEL
        IF (ISEL .NE. IY)GO TO 11
        IRFN = 0
        AUTINC = 1
        GO TO 11
  Get the new value of the A/I buffer pointer, and clear the
  buffer above it.
        TYPE 122
5
        ACCEPT 104, IPTR
        DO 51 I = IPTR, 100
        AIVALS(I) = 0
51
        CONTINUE
        GO TO 11
C
   Set/clear the echo file names flag
        TYPE 118
8
        ICOFLN = 0
        ACCEPT 110, ISEL
        IF (ISEL .EQ. IY) ICOFLN = 1
        GO TO 11
   Set/clear the wait for user cursor input flag
9
        TYPE 119
        IWAIT = 1
        ACCEPT 110, ISEL
        IF(ISEL.EQ.IY.AND.IDFSE1.EQ.O.AND.IDFSE2.EQ.O)GO TO 15
        IF(ISEL.EQ.IY)IWAIT = 0
        GO TO 11
15
        TYPE *,'WARNING!! YOU MUST INITIALIZE CURSOR LIMITS'
        1,' BEFORE DOING THIS'
        IWAIT = 1
        GO TO 11
        RETURN
12
C********** FORMAT STATEMENTS FOR ROUTINE SETSER ****************
100
        FORMAT(1X'SETUP FOR SERIES MODE ...'//)
101
        FORMAT(1X'SERIES SETUP MENU :'/)
102
        FORMAT(
        1 10X'1 = ENTER ID INFORMATION FOR SERIES AND RUN'/
        2,10x'2 = SET START AND END CHANNELS FOR DATA SUBSET'/
        3,10x'3 = ENTER THE 4 FILE NAMES FOR FILE ACCESS'/
        4,10X'4 = SET/CLEAR AUTOINCREMENT OF FILENAME FEATURE'/
        5,10x'5 = RESET THE A/I BUFFER POINTER FOR ERROR CORRECTION'/
```

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TENNET ROCCOURSE BEST

MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
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```
8,10X'6 = SET/CLEAR ECHO FILE NAME FEATURE'/
        9,10X'7 = SET/CLEAR WAIT FOR CURSOR POSITION ACCEPT FLAG'/
        9.10X'8 = RETURN TO MAIN SELECT MENU'//)
        FORMAT('$',15X,'SELECTION ? >')
103
104
        FORMAT(14)
        FORMAT(1X'TYPE IN THE SERIES ID INFORMATION, 72 CHARACTERS MAX'/)
105
106
        FORMAT(72A1)
107
        FORMAT(1X'TYPE IN THE RUN ID INFORMATION, 72 CHARACTERS MAX'/)
109
        FORMAT('$THE AUTOINCREMENT FEATURE IS NOW DISABLED.'
        1,' ENABLE ? (Y OR N)>')
        FORMAT(A2)
110
        FORMAT(1X'FOR FILE NAME #1,')
112
        FORMAT(1X'FOR FILE NAME #2.')
113
        FORMAT(1X'FOR FILE NAME #3,')
114
115
        FORMAT(1X'FOR THE AMPLITUDE/INTEGRAL DATA FILE NAME,')
        FORMAT(1X'VERTICAL SCALE = ',E8.2,' V/DIV',/
116
        1.1X'HORIZONTAL SCALE = ',E8.2,' T/DIV'/)
        FORMAT('$THE ECHO FILE NAME FEATURE IS NOW DISABLED.'
118
        1,' ENABLE ? (Y OR N)>')
        FORMAT('$THE CURSOR ACCEPTANCE BY USER WILL BE AWAITED.'
119
        1' CHANGE? (Y OR N)>')
        FORMAT('$ENTER SUBRANGE ENDPOINTS (',13,',',13,') >')
120
121
        FORMAT(213)
122
        FORMAT('$TYPE IN THE NEW VALUE FOR THE A/I POINTER >>')
The corresponding code for the LIFTIM program is:
        SUBROUTINE SETUP
        INTEGER DATA, AUTINC, SELECT, MANUAL
        LOGICAL*1 FILE1, FILE2, FILE3, YSCALS, HSCALS, NUMSA
        LOGICAL*1 IDINF1, IDINF2, FILE4
        COMMON /CNTRL/ YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFN, ICOFLN
        1, FILE1(16), FILE2(16), FILE3(16), FILE4(16), AUTINC, NWTPLT
        COMMON /ID/ IDINF1(72), IDINF2(72)
        COMMON /DATA/ DATA(512)
        COMMON /VSCALF/ YSCALS(20)
        COMMON /HSCALF/ HSCALS(20)
        COMMON / BUFFA/ RADATA(512)
        COMMON /PLTLIM/ IFIRST, ILAST
        COMMON /AI/ AIX, AIY, AIVALS(100), IPTR
        EXTERNAL DUMP.GETSCF
        DATA IY /'Y'/
        TYPE 100
11
        TYPE 101
        TYPE 102
        TYPE 103
        ACCEPT 104, SELECT
        GO TO (1,2,3,4,5,6,8,14,12) SELECT
        GO TO 11
```

```
Get I.D. information
        TYPE 105
        ACCEPT 106, (IDINF1(1), I=1,72)
        TYPE 107
        ACCEPT 106, (IDINF2(I), I=1,72)
        GO TO 11
    Get plotting range for X values
C
        TYPE 120, IFIRST, ILAST
        ACCEPT 121, I1, I2
        IF(I1.EQ.0.OR.12.EQ.0)GO TO 11
        IFIRST = I1
        ILAST = I2
        GO TO 11
C
    Get all 4 file names to be used
        TYPE 112
3
        CALL GETNAM(FILE1)
        TYPE 113
        CALL GETNAM(FILE2)
        TYPE 114
        CALL GETNAM(FILE3)
        TYPE 115
        CALL GETNAM(FILE4)
        GO TO 11
    Set/clear autoincrement flag
        AUTINC = 0
        TYPE 109
        ACCEPT 110, ISEL
        IF (ISEL .NE. IY)GO TO 11
        IRFN = 0
        AUTINC = 1
        GO TO 11
    Set A/I buffer pointer to new value, clear buffer above it.
        TYPE 122
        ACCEPT 104, IPTR
        DO 51 I = IPTR, 100
        AIVALS(I) = 0
51
        CONTINUE
        GO TO 11
C
    Do sample digitization and display
        CALL CIF(DUMP)
        CALL CIF(GETSCF)
        CALL CVTSCF
        DO 10 I=1,512
        RADATA(I)=DATA(I)
10
        CONTINUE
  PLOT 1 FILE, IN POSITION 1, FROM BUFFER 1 (1,1,1)
        CALL MAKPLT(1,1,1)
        TYPE 116, YSCALE, XSCALE
        GO TO 11
C
    Set/clear echo file name flag
        TYPE 118
        ICOFLN = 0
        ACCEPT 110, ISEL
        IF (ISEL .EQ. IY) ICOFLN = 1
```

```
GO TO 11
    Set/clear flag to await a carriage return after each plot
14
        NWTPLT = 0
        TYPE 119
        ACCEPT 110, ISEL
        IF (ISEL.EQ.IY) NWTPLT=1
        GO TO 11
12
        RETURN
C************* FORMAT STATEMENTS FOR ROUTINE SETSER ********
        FORMAT(1X'SETUP FOR SERIES MODE ...'//)
        FORMAT(1X'SERIES SETUP MENU :'/)
101
102
        FORMAT(
        1 10X'1 = ENTER ID INFORMATION FOR SERIES AND RUN'/
        2,10X'2 = SET START AND END CHANNELS FOR DATA SUBSET'/
        3,10X'3 = ENTER THE 4 FILE NAMES FOR FILE ACCESS'/
        4,10X'4 = SET/CLEAR AUTOINCREMENT OF FILENAME FEATURE'/
        5.10X'5 = RESET THE A/I BUFFER POINTER FOR ERROR CORRECTION'/
        6.10X'6 = CHECK DIGITIZER CONNECTIONS, GET SCALE FACTORS'/
        8,10X'7 = SET/CLEAR ECHO FILE NAME FEATURE'/
        8,10X'8 = SET/CLEAR WAIT AFTER PLOTS FEATURE'/
        9.10X'9 = RETURN TO MAIN SELECT MENU'//)
103
        FORMAT('$',15X,'SELECTION ? >')
104
        FORMAT(14)
        FORMAT(1X'TYPE IN THE SERIES ID INFORMATION, 72 CHARACTERS MAX'/)
105
106
        FORMAT(1X'TYPE IN THE RUN ID INFORMATION, 72 CHARACTERS MAX'/)
107
109
        FORMAT('$THE AUTOINCREMENT FEATURE IS NOW DISABLED.'
        1,' ENABLE ? (Y OR N)>')
110
        FORMAT(A2)
        FORMAT(1X'FOR FILE NAME #1,')
112
        FORMAT(1X'FOR FILE NAME #2,')
113
114
        FORMAT(1x'FOR FILE NAME #3,')
115
        FORMAT(1X'FOR THE AMPLITUDE/INTEGRAL DATA FILE NAME,')
        FORMAT(1X'VERTICAL SCALE = ',E8.2,' V/DIV',/
116
        1,1X'HORIZONTAL SCALE = ',E8.2,' T/DIV'/)
        FORMAT('$THE ECHO FILE NAME FEATURE IS NOW DISABLED.'
118
        1,' ENABLE ? (Y OR N)>')
        FORMAT('$A "RETURN" WILL BE AWAITED AFTER PLOTS.'
119
        1,' CHANGE? (Y OR N)>')
        FORMAT('$ENTER SUBRANGE ENDPOINTS (',13,',',13,') >')
120
121
        FORMAT(213)
        FORMAT('STYPE IN THE NEW VALUE FOR THE A/I POINTER >>')
122
```

END

The remaining code in the Lifetime program is that which accomplishes the chaining. In order not to have any discontinuities in the flow of the program, a dummy routine is also given that simulates the program being chained into, and illustrates the method of setting such routines up. In order to formalize the process, an on-line documentation file was created, and follows:

Documentation file for chaining interface with the Lifetime Data Acquisition program 14-NOV-83

I. Setting up the program to be chained into from "LIFTIM"

The Program MUST be Named "EXPFIT.SAV", or have the call changed in the liftime program itself to reflect the new name. The first executable statement in the program to be chained into must be:

CALL RCHAIN(IFLAG, IVAR, 0)

If the value of IFLAG is -1, then the program has been chained into. The data for the program to work on is in a chaining file. At the completion of this program, a return chain must be followed in order to return to the original program. If the value is not -1, then the program has been entered via the "run" command and is to be used stand-alone. The normal FORTRAN call exit or stop is used to terminate the program. A typical first section of code would look like:

CALL RCHAIN(IFLAG, IVAR, 0)
IF (IFLAG.NE.-1)GO TO 10

C HERE WOULD GO CODE TO READ IN THE DESIRED DATA FROM THE CHAIN DATA FILE:

C SY: CHNFIL.LIF

C C

GO TO 20

10 CONTINUE

C HERE WOULD GO THE CODE TO READ IN THE NORMAL DATA FILES FOR STAND-ALONE USE C FROM USER-SUPPLIED FILE NAMES.

C

20 CONTINUE

C HERE WOULD BE THE ENTRY POINT FOR WHATEVER THE PROGRAM WOULD DO FOR EITHER C FORM OF PROGRAM ENTRY

In this way, the program may be chained into from another routine, or can be run as a stand-alone program, transparent to the user.

II. The following is the format of the chain data file containing everything known of the status of the lifetime data program at the time of chaining. The file

consists of 1 record, 3498 words long, unformatted binary. Typical code to open the file would be:

INTEGER AUTINC, SELECT, MANUAL, PC
BYTE FILE1, FILE2, FILF3, IDINF1, IDINF2, FILE4
DIMENSION RADATA(512), RBDATA(512), RDDATA(512)
DIMENSION FILE1(16), FILE2(16), FILE3(16), FILE4(16)
DIMENSION IDINF1(72), IDINF2(72), INSTR(100), AIVALS(100)

CALL ASSIGN(9, 'SY:CHNFIL.LIF',0, 'OLD')

DEFINE FILE 9 (1,3498,U,IVAR)

READ (9'1) (RADATA(I),I=1,512),(RBDATA(I),I=1,512)

2,(RDDATA(I),I=1,512),YSCALE,XSCALE,NPULSE,MANUAL,IRFLN,ICOFLN

3,(FILE1(I),I=1,16),(FILE2(I),I=1,16),(FILE3(I),I=1,16)

4,(FILE4(I),I=1,16),AUTINC,(IDINF1(I),I=1,72)

5,(IDINF2(I),I=1,72),(INSTR(I),I=1,100),PC,AIX

6,AIY,(AIVALS(I),I=1,100),IPTR,SCALF,YMIN,YMAX,NUMREM

CALL CLOSE(9)

WHERE RADATA, RBDATA and RDDATA are the contents of buffers A,B, and D respectively. YSCALE and XSCALE are the vertical and horizontal scale factors, in v/div and sec/div, where a division is 51.2 channels of the data (512 channels = 10 divisions). AIVALS is an array of data values to receive measurements for later processing. IPTR points to the next available unused element of this array and is incremented after the element is filled. Other variables are needed by the liftim program to pick up where it left off, and are of little use to external programs. Of course unneeded variables are read to dummy variables.

III. Procedure for exiting from the chained into auxiliary program

In place of the normal FORTRAN "stop" or "call exit" statement, the following code is to be placed:

DIMENSION SPEC(2)
DATA SPEC/6RSY LIF, 6RTIMSAV/

IF(IFLAG.EQ.-1)CALL CHAIN(SPEC,IVAR,0)
IF(IFLAG.NE.-1)CALL EXIT
FND

IV. Passing Data Values To The Lifetime Program

Probably the easiest way to do this is through the AIVALS array in the chain file. Usually data that have the form of 2-tuples are placed in this array in sequential pairs, while individual data are placed sequentially. Each time a datum is placed in the array, IPTR *MUST* be updated to point to the next free space. Both the array *AND IPTR* must be re-written to the chain file if they are to be plotted, etc. by the support library of routines that go with LIFTIM.

******* End Of Documentation File For Chain Interface **********

The actual routines used by the lifetime program are:

```
SUBROUTINE CHNFIT(NUMREM)
This routine stores the software context of the lifetime program, and
chains to another program named "EXPFIT.SAV"
      DIMENSION SPEC(2)
      DATA SPEC/6RSY EXP,6RFITSAV/
      CALL STORE(NUMREM)
      CALL CHAIN(SPEC, IVAR, 0)
      END
      SUBROUTINE STORE(NUMREM)
 This routine creates the file "CHNFIL.LIF", and stores the entire
  software context of the program in it.
      INTEGER AUTINC, SELECT, MANUAL, PC
      LOGICAL*1 FILE1, FILE2, FILE3, IDINF1, IDINF2, FILE4
      COMMON /BUFFA/ RADATA(512)
      COMMON /BUFFB/ RBDATA(512)
      COMMON /BUFFD/ RDDATA(512)
      COMMON / CNTRL/ YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, ICOFLN
      1, FILE1(16), FILE2(16), FILE3(16), FILE4(16), AUTINC, NWTPLT
      COMMON /ID/ IDINF1(72), IDINF2(72)
      COMMON /MUPROG/ INSTR(100),PC
      COMMON /AI/ AIX, AIY, AIVALS(100), IPTR
      COMMON /PLT/ SCALF, YMIN, YMAX
      COMMON /PLTLIM/ IFIRST, ILAST
      CALL ASSIGN(9, 'SY:CHNFIL.LIF', 0, 'NEW')
      DEFINE FILE 9 (1,3501,U,IVAR)
      WRITE (9'1) (RADATA(I), I=1,512), (RBDATA(I), I=1,512)
      2, (RDDATA(I), I=1,512), YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, ICOFLN
      3,(FILE1(I),I=1,16),(FILE2(I),I=1,16),(FILE3(I),I=1,16)
      4,(FILE4(I), I=1,16),AUTINC,(IDINF1(I),I=1,72),(IDINF2(I),I=1,72)
      5,(INSTR(I),I=1,100),PC,AIX,AIY,(AIVALS(I),I=1,100),IPTR,SCALF
      6, YMIN, YMAX, NUMREM, NWTPLT, IFIRST, ILAST
      CALL CLOSE(9)
      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE RESTOR(NUMREM)
This routine opens the file "CHNFIL.LIF", and restores the program
context with the data read in therefrom.
      INTEGER AUTINC, SELECT, MANUAL, PC
      LOGICAL*1 FILE1, FILE2, FILE3, IDINF1, IDINF2, FILE4
      COMMON /BUFFA/ RADATA(512)
      COMMON /BUFFB/ RBDATA(512)
      COMMON /BUFFD/ RDDATA(512)
      COMMON /CNTRL/ YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, ICOFLN
      1, FILE1(16), FILE2(16), FILE3(16), FILE4(16), AUTINC, NWTPLT
```

```
COMMON /ID/ IDINF1(72), IDINF2(72)
        COMMON /MUPROG/ INSTR(100), PC
        COMMON /AI/ AIX, AIY, AIVALS (100), IPTR
        COMMON /PLT/ SCALF, YMIN, YMAX
        COMMON /PLTLIM/ IFIRST, ILAST
  open the old file for reading ...
        CALL ASSIGN(9, 'SY:CHNFIL.LIF',0, 'OLD')
        DEFINE FILE 9 (1,3501,U,IVAR)
C read in all the data ...
        READ (9'1) (RADATA(I), I=1,512), (RBDATA(I), I=1,512)
        2, (RDDATA(I), I=1,512), YSCALE, XSCALE, NPULSE, MANUAL, IRFLN, ICOFLN
        3,(FILE1(I),I=1,16),(FILE2(I),I=1,16),(FILE3(I),I=1,16)
        4, (FILE4(I), I=1, 16), AUTINC, (IDINF1(I), I=1, 72), (IDINF2(I), I=1, 72)
        5, (INSTR(I), I=1,100), PC, AIX, AIY, (AIVALS(I), I=1,100), IPTR, SCALF
        6, YMIN, YMAX, NUMREM, NWTPLT, IFIRST, ILAST
   and close it ...
        CALL CLOSE(9)
        RETURN
        END
```

SUBROUTINE CHNLIF

- C this routine causes a chain to a program named "LIFTIM.SAV" to occur.
- C This is the return chain to the original lifetime program.

 DIMENSION SPEC(2)

 DATA SPEC/6RSY LIF ,6RTIMSAV/

 CALL CHAIN(SPEC, IVAR, 0)

 END

This is the dummy program that ensures continuity of operation of liftime, in the absence of a real program EXPFIT:

PROGRAM EXPFIT

CALL RCHAIN(IVAL, IVAR, 0)

IF(IVAL. EQ. -1)TYPE *, 'EXPFIT CHAINED INTO DETECTED'

CALL CHNLIF

END

V. THE ACCESSORY A/I DATA FILE PLOTTING PROGRAM

A plotting program was written in order to generate publication quality hard copy plots from data that was written into files from the A/I buffer. The hardware device that performs the plotting is a Versatec model D1200 electrostatic printer/plotter, and is driven by that company's plotting software described in Reference 5. The text of the plotting program follows:

Operational Design Manual for Versaplot Software, Part No. 50001 - 90001, Versatec, Inc., Santa Clara, CA, 1974.

```
MIZPLT.FOR
                         6-SEP-83
C
C
        LINK VIA:
C
C
        .R LINK
C
        *MIZPLT=MIZPLT, LSQUAR, SYSLIB/F/C
C
        *MODE, NOTE, FORM, AXES, VPLIB, TCSLIB
C
C
        PROGRAM TO PLOT X,Y DATA POINTS
C
         -- ONE TO FIVE CASES
C
        AND A LEAST SQUARES FIT OF THE DATA
C
        BYTE FILNAM, IDINF1, IDINF2
        DIMENSION XD(200,5),YD(200,5),
        1 XP(200,5), YP(200,5), XTEXT(6), YTEXT(6),
        2 NPTS(5), NP(5),
        3 ISYM(5), AIVALS(200), FILNAM(16), IDINF1(72), IDINF2(72)
        DATA X/'X'/,Y/'Y'/,HIGH/.1/,WIDE/.067/
        DATA IY /'Y'/
        INTEGER ORDF
   RESERVE ENOUGH CHANNELS FOR VERSATEC STUFF
        DO 5 J=1,4
        I=IGETC()
        CONTINUE
5
C
   CLEAR DATA ARRAYS
10
        DO 20 J=1.5
        DO 20 I=1,200
        XD(I,J)=0
        YD(I,J)=0
        CONTINUE
20
        DO 30 J=1,5
        DO 30 I=1,200
        XP(I,J)=0
        YP(I,J)=0
30
        CONTINUE
   CLEAR SCREEN
        CALL NEWPAG
C GET NO. OF CASES
        TYPE 902
50
        ACCEPT 901, NCASE
        IF(NCASE.LT.1 .OR. NCASE.GT.5) GOTO 50
C SEE IF 1 OR 2 FILES TO PLOT
        TYPE 201
         ACCEPT 202, NUMINP
        FORMAT('$NUMBER OF INPUT FILES ? (1 OR 2) >')
201
202
        FORMAT(14)
C GET THE FILE NAME FOR THE INPUT DATA
        CALL GETNAM(FILNAM)
C OPEN THE FILE FOR INPUT
        OPEN(UNIT=9, NAME=FILNAM, ACCESS='DIRECT', INITIALSIZE=2,
         1RECORDSIZE=256, TYPE='OLD')
```

```
C READ IN THE FILE
        READ(9'1) (AIVALS(I), I=1,100), (IDINF1(I), I=1,72)
        1,(IDINF2(I),I=1,72)
        CALL CLOSE(9)
C FIND FIRST ZERO DATA VALUE IN AIVALS
        I = 0
        I = I + 1
203
        IF(AIVALS(I).NE.O)GO TO 203
C DO NEXT FILE IF CHOSEN
        IF(NUMINP.EQ.1)GO TO 204
        CALL GETNAM(FILNAM)
        OPEN(UNIT=9, NAME=FILNAM, ACCESS='DIRECT', INITIALSIZE=2,
        1RECORDSIZE=256, TYPE='OLD')
        READ(9'1) (AIVALS(J),J=I,I+100)
        CALL CLOSE(9)
C GET NUMBER OF DATA IN DATA GROUP
204
        TYPE 101
        FORMAT('$TYPE IN THE NUMBER OF DATA IN A DATA GROUP >')
101
        ACCEPT 901, NUMGRP
C GET THE STARTING X-VALUE
        TYPE 103
        FORMAT('$TYPE IN THE STARTING X VALUE >')
103
        ACCEPT 104,XLOW
        FORMAT(E15.0)
104
C GET THE X-INCREMENT AMOUNT
        TYPE 105
        FORMAT('$TYPE IN THE X-DATA INCREMENT >')
105
        ACCEPT 104,XINCR
C INPUT DATA
        DO 80 J=1,NCASE
        CALL NEWPAG
C GET POSITION IN DATA GROUP OF DATUM
        TYPE 102
102
        FORMAT('$TYPE IN THE POSITION OF THE DATA IN THE DATA GROUP >')
        ACCEPT 901, NUMPOS
        IPOS=NUMPOS
        XDATA = XLOW
        DO 60 I=1,200
        XD(I,J) = XDATA
        YD(I,J) = AIVALS(IPOS)
        XDATA = XDATA + XINCR
        IPOS = IPOS + NUMGRP
        IF(YD(I,J).EQ.0) GO TO 70
60
        CONTINUE
70
        NPTS(J)=I-1
        CALL SIZSEL(ICHAR, HIGH, WIDE)
        ISYM(J)=ICHAR
80
        CONTINUE
C GET PLOT SCALES
100
        CALL NEWPAG
        TYPE 106
106
        FORMAT(1X'THE PLOT LABELS WILL BE:')
        TYPE 107, (IDINF1(I), I=1,
203
        I = I + 1
```

```
IF(AIVALS(I).NE.0)GO TO 203
  DO NEXT FILE IF CHOSEN
        IF(NUMINP.EQ.1)GO TO 204
        CALL GETNAM(FILNAM)
        OPEN(UNIT=9, NAME=FILNAM, ACCESS='DIRECT', INITIALSIZE=2,
        1RECORDSIZE=256, TYPE='OLD')
        READ(9'1) (AIVALS(J), J=I, I+100)
        CALL CLOSE(9)
C GET NUMBER OF DATA IN DATA GROUP
        TYPE 101
204
        FORMAT('$TYPE IN THE NUMBER OF DATA IN A DATA GROUP >')
101
        ACCEPT 901, NUMGRP
C GET THE STARTING X-VALUE
        TYPE 103
103
        FORMAT('$TYPE IN THE STARTING X VALUE >')
        ACCEPT 104, XLOW
        FORMAT(E15.0)
104
C GET THE X-INCREMENT AMOUNT
        TYPE 105
105
        FORMAT('$TYPE IN THE X-DATA INCREMENT >')
        ACCEPT 104,XINCR
C INPUT DATA
        DO 80 J=1,NCASE
        CALL NEWPAG
C GET POSITION IN DATA GROUP OF DATUM
        TYPE 102
102
        FORMAT('$TYPE IN THE POSITION OF THE DATA IN THE DATA GROUP >')
        ACCEPT 901, NUMPOS
        IPOS=NUMPOS
        XDATA = XLOW
        DO 60 I=1,200
        XD(I,J) = XDATA
        YD(I,J) = AIVALS(IPOS)
        XDATA = XDATA + XINCR
        IPOS = IPOS + NUMGRP
        IF(YD(I,J).EQ.0) GO TO 70
60
        CONTINUE
70
        N \ge TS(J) = I - 1
        CALL SIZSEL(ICHAR, HIGH, WIDE)
        ISYM(J)=ICHAR
80
        CONTINUE
C GET PLOT SCALES
100
        CALL NEWPAG
        TYPE 106
106
        FORMAT(1X'THE PLOT LABELS WILL BE:')
        TYPE 107, (IDINF1(I), I=1,72)
        TYPE 107, (IDINF2(I), I=1,72)
107
        FORMAT(1X,72A1)
        TYPE 108
108
        FORMAT('$ACCEPT THE FIRST? (Y OR N)>')
        ACCEPT 109, INPA
109
        FORMAT(A2)
        IF (INPA.EQ.IY)GO TO 35
```

TYPE 916,1

```
FORMAT(' INPUT PLOT LABEL ',12)
916
        FORMAT(72A1)
917
        ACCEPT 917, (IDINF1(I), I=1,72)
35
        TYPE 114
        FORMAT('$ACCEPT THE SECOND? (Y OR N) >')
114
        ACCEPT 109, INPA
        IF (INPA.EQ.IY) GO TO 36
        TYPE 916,2
        ACCEPT 917, (IDINF2(I), I=1,72)
        CALL MINMAX(XMIN, XMAX, XD, NCASE)
36
        TYPE 906, XMIN, XMAX
        TYPE 111
        FORMAT('$ ACCEPT X-LIMITS? (Y OR N)>')
111
        ACCEPT 109, INPA
        IF(INPA.EQ.IY)GO TO 37
        TYPE 113
113
        FORMAT('$TYPE IN THE NEW MIN AND MAX >>')
        ACCEPT 905, XMIN, XMAX
37
        CALL MINMAX(YMIN, YMAX, YD, NCASE)
        TYPE 908, YMIN, YMAX
        TYPE 112
112
        FORMAT('$ ACCEPT Y-LIMITS? (Y OR N)>')
        ACCEPT 109, INPA
        IF(INPA.EQ.IY) GO TO 38
        TYPE 113
        ACCEPT 905, YMIN, YMAX
C INPUT AXES LABELS
        TYPE 918,X
38
        ACCEPT 919, (XTEXT(I), I=1,6)
        TYPE 918,Y
        ACCEPT 919, (YTEXT(I), I=1,6)
C CALCULATE SCALES
##~ OSE(6)
C PLOT DATA
        S=9999.
        CALL MODE(1, .833, 1.0, 0.0)
C SET X PLOT LIMITS
        CALL MODE(2,5.728,-.312,.416)
C SET Y PLOT LIMITS
        CALL MODE(3,6.1,-1.66,0.75)
C SET PLOT SIZE
        CALL MODE(7, XLEN, YLEN, S)
C SET X SCALE - MANUAL
        CALL MODE(8,XMIN,XSCALE,S)
C SET Y SCALE - MANUAL
        CALL MODE(9, YMIN, YSCALE, S)
        CALL AXES(16.3, XTEXT, 20.3, YTEXT)
C DRAW BOX AROUND PLOT
        CALL FORM(1,XLEN,1,YLEN)
C DRAW PLOT
        DO 212 J=1, NCASE
C PLOT DATA WITH SYMBOLS
        CALL MODE(4, HIGH, WIDE, 9999.)
200
         CALL NOTE(XD(1,J),YD(1,J),ISYM(J),-NPTS(J))
```

```
CALL MODE(4,.064,.042,9999.)
        CONTINUE
212
C PUT ON TEXT
        CALL MODE(1,1.,1.,0)
220
        CALL NOTE(0.0,-1.,IDINF1,72)
        CALL NOTE(0.0, -1.5, IDINF2, 72)
C EXECUTE
        CALL DRAW(0.0,0.0,1,8000)
C SET UP: DISC BUFFER PLOT,1 COPY, PLOT IMMED.
        CALL MODE(0,2.0,1.0,1.0)
C END OF PLOT (CAUSES EXIT VIA VCOPY)
        CALL DRAW(0.0,0.0,0.0,9999)
C
        FORMAT(818)
901
        FORMAT('$NUMBER OF CASES [1 TO 5] >')
902
        FORMAT(' INPUT X VALUE AND Y VALUE FOR CASE', 12)
903
        FORMAT('$',15,' >')
904
        FORMAT(2E15.0)
905
        FORMAT('$X AXIS MIN., MAX. =', E12.4, E12.4)
906
        FORMAT('$Y AXIS MIN., MAX. = 'E12.4, E12.4)
908
911
        FORMAT(15,2F10.4)
        FORMAT(15,8F10.4)
914
        FORMAT(' INPUT AXIS LABEL FOR ',A1,' AXIS (15 CHARACTERS)')
918
919
        FORMAT(6A4)
        END
C
C
C
        SUBROUTINE SIZSEL(ICHAR, HIGH, WIDE)
        DIMENSION JCHAR(8)
        DATA JCHAR/28,30,31,33,15,42,35,43/
        TYPE 100
        ACCEPT 103, ICHOIC
        TYPE 102, HIGH, WIDE
        ACCEPT 101, H, W
        IF(H.EQ.0..AND.W.EQ.0.) GO TO 10
        HIGH=H
        WIDE=W
10
        ICHAR = JCHAR(ICHOIC)
        RETURN
        FORMAT('
100
                    SELECT THE SYMBOL DESIRED: '//
               l= TRIANGLE'/
              2= CROSSED CIRCLE'/
              3= CROSSED SQUARE'/
              4= CROSSED DIAMOND'/
              5= CIRCLE'/
              6= ASTERISK'/
              7= POUND SIGN'/
              8= CROSS'/
        9 '$ SELECTION >')
101
        FORMAT(2F10.5)
102
        FORMAT(' TYPE THE DESIRED CHARACTER SIZE
        1 FOR SYMBOL PLOT.'/
                HEIGHT & WIDTH ',F10.5,',',F10.5,' >')
```

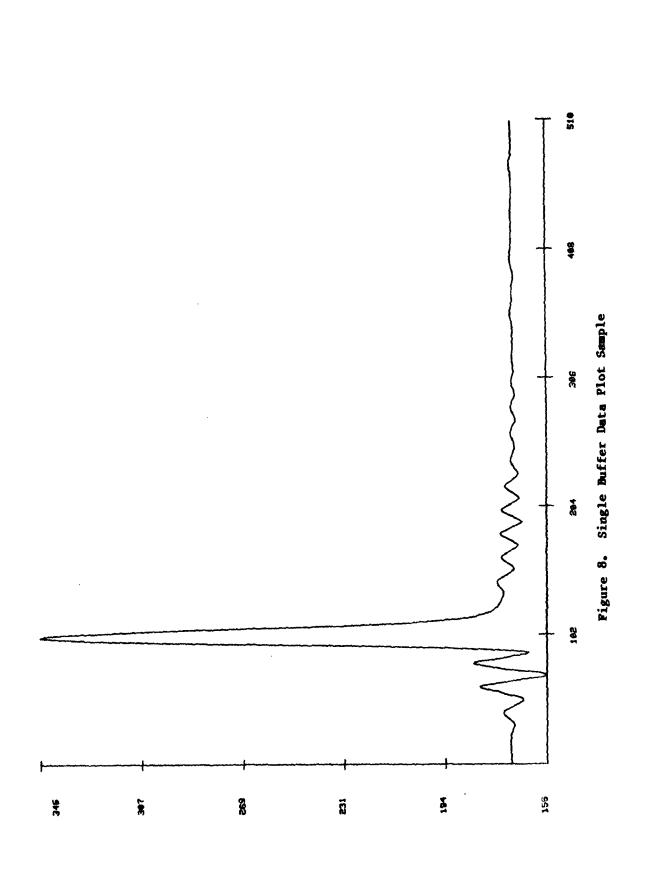
```
103
        FORMAT(110)
        SUBROUTINE MINMAX(RMIN, RMAX, RARRY, NCASE)
        DIMENSION RARRY(100,5)
        RMIN = 1E38
        RMAX = -1E38
        DO 10 I = 1, NCASE
        DO 20 J = 1, 100
        IF(RARRY(J,I).LT.RMIN.AND.RARRY(J,I).NE.0)RMIN=RARRY(J,I)
        IF(RARRY(J, I).GT.RMAX.AND.RARRY(J, I).NE.O)RMAX=RARRY(J, I)
20
10
        CONTINUE
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE GETNAM(FILNAM)
        BYTE FILNAM
        DIMENSION FILNAM(16)
        TYPE 100
        ACCEPT 101, (FILNAM(I), I=1,16)
        CALL NAMCLN(FILNAM)
        RETURN
        FORMAT('$TYPE IN THE DEV:FILNAM.EXT FOR THE INPUT FILE>>')
100
        FORMAT(16A1)
101
        END
        SUBROUTINE NAMCLN(FILNAM)
        BYTE FILNAM, DOT, SP
        DIMENSION FILNAM(16)
        DATA DOT/'.'/,SP/' '/
        I=1
        IF (FILNAM(I).EQ.DOT)GO TO 1
        I=I+1
        GO TO 2
1
        I=I+1
        DO 10 J = I, I+2
        IF(FILNAM(I).EQ.SP)FILNAM(J)="60
10
        CONTINUE
        DO 11 J=I+3,16
        FILNAM(J)=0
11
        CONTINUE
        RETURN
        END
```

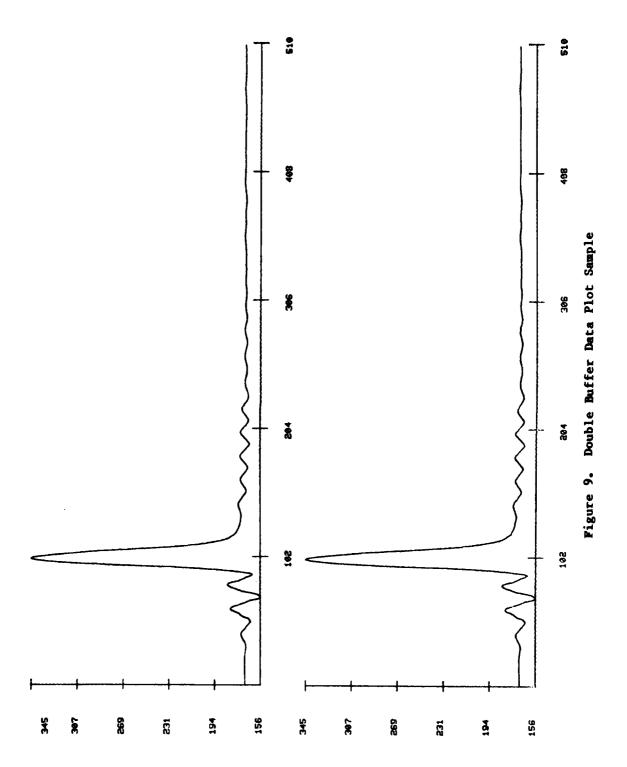
The commands to build the program are:

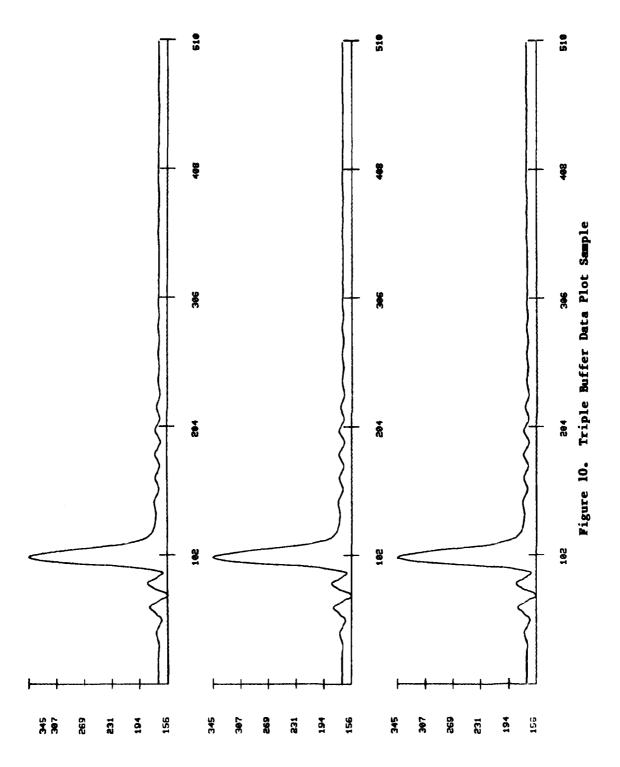
FORTRA MIZPLT
R LINK
MIZPLT=MIZPLT,SYSLIB/F/C
MODE,NOTE,FORM,AXES,VPLIB,TCSLIB

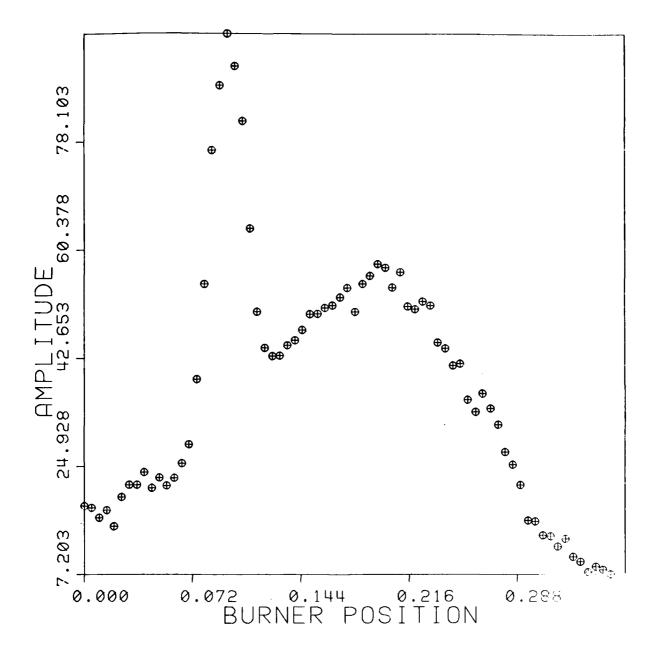
VI. CLOSING COMMENTS

A few comments are in order regarding the future expandability of these programs, and the efficient use of these programs. A user as time progresses will in all likelihood develop "tool kits" of microprograms that are called into these programs to perform various functions. This tool building saves much time over the long term. In addition, since data files generated by both programs are identical in format, it is possible for data files from either program to be read by the lifetime program, plotted on a Tektronix 4014 terminal, and then to screen dump hard copies made for permanent reference. Figures 8, 9, and 10 are samples of such output. The format of A/I buffer files are also identical, so that the A/I data file plotting program is capable of plotting such data from either program. A sample of this program's output is shown in Figure 11. The design of the programs is well suited for expandability. In order to add a new operation, a new opcode is defined, an additional small selection and opcode insertion code segment placed into the programming mode, a line added to the program listing routine, and a new subroutine call added to the execution mode. The actual subroutine to execute the new operation is linked into the whole by adding to the linking command in the appendix. The hardware is also well suited for expansion. All that is necessary in order to add additional IEEE-488 devices to the system is an additional set of PDBs, ODBs, and a standard cable. For simple binary controlled devices, there are numerous additional lines available for both input and control available in the system. Drivers are written to mimic those contained in this report, and linked in with relative ease.









MIZPLT OUTPUT, A/I BUFFER FILE OF QUICK-AND-DIRTY AMPLITUDE

MEASUREMENTS FROM A SERIES OF 64 PULSE SETS, NOISE SUBTRACTED

Figure 11.
A/I Buffer Plot from Auxiliary Plotting Program

VII. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The authors wish to give our thanks and appreciation to our typist, Meg Griffith and Janet Krokowski for reformatting and preparing this rather lengthly report for publication.

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APPENDIX

PROGRAM BUILDING COMMAND FILES

APPENDIX

PROGRAM BUILDING COMMAND FILES

A. The command for compiling the Lifetime program:

```
R FORTRA
OUP:LIFTIM.LFO,LST:LIFTIM=INP:LIFTIM.LIF/I:THR
OUP:CVTSCF.LFO,LST:CVTSCF=INP:CVTSCF.LIF/I:THR
OUP: NAMCLN.LFO, LST: NAMCLN=INP: NAMCLN.LIF/I: THR
OUP: EXECUT.LFO, LST: EXECUT=INP: EXECUT.LIF/I: THR
OUP: GETNAM.LFO, LST: GETNAM=INP: GETNAM.LIF/I: THR
OUP:OUTPRO.LFO, LST:OUTPRO=INP:OUTPRO.LIF/I:THR
OUP: GOTOMA.LFO, LST: GOTOMA=INP: GOTOMA.LIF/I: THR
OUP: PROGRM.LFO, LST: PROGRM=INP: PROGRM.LIF/I: THR
OUP: INPROG.LFO, LST: INPROG=INP: INPROG.LIF/I: THR
OUP: SETUP.LFO, LST: SETUP=INP: SETUP.LIF/I: THR
OUP:LISTPR.LFO,LST:LISTPR=INP:LISTPR.LIF/I:THR
OUP: ERABUF.LFO, LST: ERABUF=INP: ERABUF.LIF/I: THR
OUP: ACQSCF.LFO, LST: ACQSCF=INP: ACQSCF.LIF/I: THR
OUP: INCEXT.LFO, LST: INCEXT=INP: INCEXT.LIF/I:THR
OUP: ACUMMP.LFO, LST: ACUMMP=INP: ACUMMP.LIF/I: THR
OUP: ACUMSP.LFO, LST: ACUMSP=INP: ACUMSP.LIF/I: THR
OUP: INTGRT.LFC, LST: INTGRT=INP: INTGRT.LIF/I: THR
OUP: AIBIN. LFO, LST: AIBIN=INP: AIBIN. LIF/I: THR
OUP: AIBOUT. LFO, LST: AIBOUT = INP: AIBOUT. LIF/I: THR
OUP: AMPCUR.LFO, LST: AMPCUR=INP: AMPCUR.LIF/I: THR
OUP: PLOTIT.LFO, LST: PLOTIT=INP: PLOTIT.LIF/I: THR
OUP: AMPDAT.LFO, LST: AMPDAT=INP: AMPDAT.LIF/I: THR
OUP: MV2AI.LFO, LST: MV2AI = INP: MV2AI.LIF/I: THR
OUP: DATIN.LFO, LST: DATIN=INP: DATIN.LIF/I: THR
OUP: DATOUT.LFO, LST: DATOUT=INP: DATOUT.LIF/I: THR
OUP: DIFAB.LFO, LST: DIFAB=INP: DIFAB.LIF/I: THR
OUP: ERAAIB.LFO, LST: ERAAIB=INP: ERAAIB.LIF/I: THR
OUP: TYPAIB.LFO, LST: TYPAIB=INP: TYPAIB.LIF/I: THR
OUP: WFCR. LFO, LST: WFCR=INP: WFCR. LIF/I: THR
OUP: AMPLIT.LFO, LST: AMPLIT=INP: AMPLIT.LIF/I: THR
OUP: GETVAL.LFO, LST: GETVAL=INP: GETVAL.LIF/I: THR
OUP: CHNFIT.LFO, LST: CHNFIT=INP: CHNFIT.LIF/I: THR
OUP: CHNLIF.LFO, LST: CHNLIF=INP: CHNLIF.LIF/I: THR
OUP:STORE.LFO,LST:STORE=INP:STORE.LIF/I:THR
OUP: RESTOR.LFO, LST: RESTOR=INP: RESTOR.LIF/I: THR
OUP: AMPQND.LFO, LST: AMPQND=INP: AMPQND.LIF/1: THR
OUP: PLTAIB.LFO, LST: PLTAIB=INP: PLTAIB.LIF/I: THR
```

B. The command to link the LIFTIM program together:

```
R LINK
OUP:LIFTIM, MAP:LIFTIM=INP:LIFTIM.LFO, INP:CVTSCF.LFO/C
INP:NAMCLN.LFO, INP:EXECUT.LFO, INP:GETNAM.LFO/C
INP:GOTOMA.LFO, INP:PROGRM.LFO, INP:RESTOR.LFO/C
INP:FORLIB.SIM, INP:IEELIB, HSCALF, VSCALF/C
INP:DATA, INP:NUMSA, INP:PLTLIB/C
INP:ERABUF.LFO, INP:ACQSCF.LFO, INP:INCEXT.LFO/C
```

INP:AMPQND.LFO,INP:ACUMMP.LFO,INP:PLOTIT.LFO/C
INP:MV2AI.LFO,INP:DATIN.LFO,INP:DATOUT.LFO/C
INP:DIFAB.LFO,INP:ERAAIB.LFO,INP:PLTAIB.LFO/C
INP:TYPAIB.LFO,INP:WFCR.LFO,/C
INP:OUTPRO.LFO,INP:INPROG.LFO/O:1/C
INP:ACUMSP.LFO,INP:AIBIN.LFO,INP:AIBOUT.LFO/C
INP:INTGRT.LFO,INP:AMPLIT.LFO,INP:GETVAL.LFO/C
INP:AMPDAT.LFO,INP:AMPCUR.LFO/C
INP:LISTPR.LFO/O:1/C
INP:SETUP.LFO/O:1/C
INP:CHNFIT.LFO,INP:STORE.LFO

C. The command to generate a Lifetime program listing:

PRINT OPCODE.LIF, COMPIL.LIF, LINKER.LIF, CHAIN.LIF
PRINT LIFTIM.LIF, SETUP.LIF, PROGRM.LIF, LISTPR.LIF
PRINT OUTPRO.LIF, INPROG.LIF, STORE.LIF, RESTOR.LIF
PRINT EXECUT.LIF, ERABUF.LIF, ACUMSP.LIF, ACUMMP.LIF, ACQSCF.LIF
PRINT DATIN.LIF, DATOUT.LIF, INCEXT.LIF, GETNAM.LIF, NAMCLN.LIF
PRINT DIFAB.LIF, AMPDAT.LIF, AMPCUR.LIF, AMPQND.LIF, AMPLIT.LIF
PRINT INTGRT.LIF, WFCR.LIF, PLOTIT.LIF, CVTSCF.LIF, GETVAL.LIF
PRINT TYPAIB.LIF, ERAAIB.LIF, MV2AI.LIF, AIBIN.LIF, AIBOUT.LIF
PRINT CHNLIF.LIF, GOTOMA.LIF
PRINT CHNLIF.LIF, EXPFIT.LIF

D. The command to compile the Multiphoton program:

R FORTRA

OUP: MULTIP. MZO, LST: MULTIP=INP: MULTIP. MIZ/I: THR OUP:CVTSCF.MZO,LST:CVTSCF=INP:CVTSCF.MIZ/I:THR OUP: NAMCLN.MZO, LST: NAMCLN=INP: NAMCLN.MIZ/I: THR OUP: EXECUT.MZO, LST: EXECUT=INP: EXECUT.MIZ/I:THR OUP:GETNAM.MZO,LST:GETNAM=INP:GETNAM.MIZ/I:THR OUP:OUTPRO.MZO,LST:OUTPRO=INP:OUTPRO.MIZ/I:THR OUP:GOTOMA.MZO, LST:GOTOMA=INP:GOTOMA.MIZ/I:THR OUP:PROGRM.MZO,LST:PROGRM=INP:PROGRM.MIZ/I:THR OUP: INPROG.MZO, LST: INPROG-INP: INPROG.MIZ/I: THR OUP: SETUP.MZO, LST: SETUP=INP: SETUP.MIZ/I: THR OUP:LISTPR.MZO,LST:LISTPR=INP:LISTPR.MIZ/I:THR OUP: ERABUF.MZO, LST: ERABUF=INP: ERABUF.MIZ/I: THR OUP:ACQSCF.MZO,LST:ACQSCF=INP:ACQSCF.MIZ/I:THR OUP: INCEXT.MZO, LST: INCEXT=INP: INCEXT.MIZ/I: THR OUP: ACUMMP.MZO, LST: ACUMMP=INP: ACUMMP.MIZ/I:THR OUP:ACUMSP.MZO,LST:ACUMSP=INP:ACUMSP.MIZ/I:THR OUP: INTGRT.MZO, LST: INTGRT=INP: INTGRT.MIZ/I:THR OUP: AIBIN. MZO, LST: AIBIN=INP: AIBIN. MIZ/I: THR OUP: AIBOUT.MZO, LST: AIBOUT=INP: AIBOUT.MIZ/I: THR OUP:AMPCUR.MZO,LST:AMPCUR=INP:AMPCUR.MIZ/I:THR OUP: MAKPLT.MZO, LST: MAKPLT=INP: MAKPLT.MIZ/I: THR OUP: AMPDAT.MZO, LST: AMPDAT=INP: AMPDAT.MIZ/I: THR OUP:MV2AI.MZO,LST:MV2AI=INP:MV2AI.MIZ/I:THR OUP:DATIN.MZO.LST:DATIN=INP:DATIN.MIZ/I:THR OUP:DATOUT.MZO,LST:DATOUT=INP:DATOUT.MIZ/I:THR

```
OUP:DIFAB.MZO,LST:DIFAB=INP:DIFAB.MIZ/I:THR
OUP: ERAAIB.MZO, LST: ERAAIB=INP: ERAAIB.MIZ/I: THR
OUP: TYPAIB.MZO, LST: TYPAIB=INP: TYPAIB.MIZ/I: THR
OUP:WFCR.MZO,LST:WFCR=INP:WFCR.MIZ/I:THR
OUP: AMPLIT. MZO, LST: AMPLIT=INP: AMPLIT. MIZ/I: THR
OUP:GETVAL.MZO,LST:GETVAL=INP:GETVAL.MIZ/I:THR
OUP: AMPOND.MZO, LST: AMPOND=INP: AMPOND.MIZ/I: THR
OUP:PLTAIB.MZO,LST:PLTAIB=INP:PLTAIB.MIZ/I:THR
R MACRO
OUP: MOVBUR.MZO, LST: MOVBUR=INP: MOVBUR.MIZ
OUP: SHUTTR.MZO.LST: SHUTTR=INP: SHUTTR.MIZ
OUP: JOLTS . MZO , LST: JOLTS = INP: JOLTS . MIZ
OUP:LASER.MZO,LST:LASER=INP:LASER.MIZ
     E. The command to link the multiphoton program together:
R LINK
OUP: MULTIP, MAP: MULTIP=INP: MULTIP. MZO, INP: EXECUT. MZO, INP: MAKPLT. MZO/C
INP: DATA, INP: NUMSA, INP: GOSFOR, INP: PRTERR/C
INP: NAMCLN.MZO, INP: GETNAM.MZO/C
INP: FORLIB.SIM, INP: HSCALF, INP: VSCALF/C
INP: CVTSCF.MZO, INP: ACUMMP.MZO, INP: ACQSCF.MZO, INP: ACUMSP.MZO, INP: IEELIB/O:1/C
INP:PROGRM.MZO/0:1/C
INP:LISTPR.MZO/0:1/C
INP:SETUP.MZO/0:1/C
INP: AMPQND.MZO, INP: INTGRT.MZO, INP: AMPLIT.MZO/C
INP:GETVAL.MZO, INP:AMPDAT.MZO, INP:AMPCUR.MZO/C
INP:PLTAIB.MZO/O:1/C
INP:GOTOMA.MZO, INP:ERABUF.MZO, INP:INCEXT.MZO/C
INP:LASER.MZO,INP:MOVBUR.MZO/C
INP: MV 2AI.MZO, INP: DATIN.MZO, INP: DATOUT.MZO/C
INP:DIFAB.MZO, INP:ERAAIB.MZO, INP:SHUTTR.MZO/C
INP: TYPAIB.MZO, INP: WFCR.MZO/C
INP:OUTPRO.MZO, INP:INPROG.MZO, INP:JOLTS.MZO/C
INP:AIBIN.MZO,INP:AIBOUT.MZO
     F. The commands to build IEELIB, The IEEE-488 library:
R MACRO
INP: ENDIT, LST: ENDIT=INP: ENDIT.ODB
INP:RATC,LST:RATC=INP:RATC.ODB
INP:DIGDAT, LST:DIGDAT=INP:DIGDAT.ODB
INP:UNTL,LST:UNTL=INP:UNTL.ODB
INP: RBB, LST: RBB=INP: RBB.ODB
INP: MAKLSN, LST: MAKLSN=INP: MAKLSN.ODB
INP:MODDIG, LST:MODDIG=INP:MODDIG.ODB
INP:ATC, LST:ATC=INP:ATC.ODB
INP: MAKTLK, LST: MAKTLK=INP: MAKTLK.ODB
INP:LLO,LST:LLO=INP:LLO.ODB
INP:GTL, LST:GTL=INP:GTL.ODB
INP:RSCF.LST:RSCF=INP:RSCF.ODB
```

INP:MODTV,LST:MODTV=INP:MODTV.ODB
INP:GRATOF,LST:GRATOF=INP:GRATOF.ODB

```
INP: REASC1, LST: REASC1 = INP: REASC1.ODB
INP:DUMP,LST:DUMP=INP:DUMP.PDB
INP:GETSCF, LST:GETSCF=INP:GETSCF.PDB
INP: DUMPSA, LST: DUMPSA=INP: DUMPSA.PDB
INP:DIGSA, LST:DIGSA=INP:DIGSA.ODB
INP: NUMSA, LST: NUMSA=INP: NUMSA
INP:DATA, LST:DATA=INP:DATA
INP: HSCALF, LST: HSCALF = INP: HSCALF
INP:VSCALF, LST:VSCALF=INP:VSCALF
INP:CIF,LST:CIF=CIF
INP:LSNR,LST:LSNR=LSNR
INP: TALKIT, LST: TALKIT=TALKIT
INP:OFFLIN, LST:OFFLIN=INP:OFFLIN.ODB
INP: NOWAIT, LST: NOWAIT=INP: NOWAIT. ODB
INP: REDSA, LST: REDSA=INP: REDSA.ODB
INP:SEMICO, LST:SEMICO=INP:SEMICO.ODB
```

INP:SEMIGO, LST:SEMIGO=INP:SEMIGO.ODB

R LIBR

INP: IEELIB, LST: IEELIB=INP: ENDIT, INP: RATC, INP: DIGDAT, INP: UNTL/C INP: RBB, INP: MAKLSN, INP: MODDIG, INP: ATC, INP: MAKTLK, INP: LLO/C INP: GTL, INP: RSCF, INP: MODTV, INP: GRATOF, INP: REASC1, INP: DUMP/C INP: GETSCF, INP: DUMPSA, INP: DIGSA, INP: OFFLIN, INP: SEMIGO/C INP: CIF, INP: TALKIT, INP: LSNR, INP: NOWAIT, INP: REDSA, INP: SEMICO

DELETE/NOQ INP:ENDIT.OBJ,INP:RATC.OBJ,INP:DIGDAT.OBJ,INP:UNTL.OBJ
DELETE/NOQ INP:RBB.OBJ,INP:MAKLSN.OBJ,INP:MODDIG.OBJ,INP:ATC.OBJ
DELETE/NOQ INP:MAKTLK.OBJ,INP:LLO.OBJ,INP:GTL.OBJ,INP:RSCF.OBJ
DELETE/NOQ INP:MODTV.OBJ,INP:GRATOF.OBJ,INP:REASC1.OBJ,INP:DUMP.OBJ
DELETE/NOQ INP:GETSCF.OBJ,INP:DUMPSA.OBJ,INP:DIGSA.OBJ,INP:OFFLIN.OBJ
DELETE/NOQ INP:CIF.OBJ,INP:LSNR.OBJ,INP:TALKIT.OBJ
DELETE/NOQ INP:NOWAIT.OBJ,INP:REDSA.OBJ,INP:SEMICO.OBJ,INP:SEMIGO.OBJ

G. The linkage map for the Lifetime program:

RT-11 LINK V06.01 Load Map
Title: LIFTIM Ident: FORV02

. ABS.	000000 001000	(RW,I,	GBL, ABS,	ovr)			
		\$USRSW	000000	\$RF2Al	000000	\$HRDWR	000000
		.VIR	000000	\$NLCHN	000006	\$SYSV\$	000012
		\$WASIZ	000152	\$LRECL	000210	\$TRACE	004737
\$OHAND	001000 000106	(RW,I,	GBL, REL,	CON)			
		\$OVRH	001002	O\$ READ	001024	O\$DONE	001036
		\$ODF1	001102	\$ODF2	001104		
\$OTABL	001106 000152	(RW,D,	GBL, REL,	OVR)			
OTS\$ I	001260 027674	(RW,I,	LCL, REL,	CON)			
		\$\$OTSI	001260	ADF\$IM	001260	ADF\$PM	001266
		SUF\$PM	001272	SUF\$MM	001276	ADF\$MM	001310
		SUF\$ IM	001320	SUF\$SM	001324	ADF\$SM	001330
		ADF\$ I P	001350	ADF\$PP	001356	SUF\$PP	001362
		SUF\$MP	001366	ADF\$MP	001400	SUFSIP	001410

```
SUF$SP
         001414
                  ADF$SP
                           001420
                                    SCVTFB
                                            001440
$CVTFI
                  $CVTCB
                          001454
         001440
                                    $CVTCI
                                            001454
$CVTDB
                  $CVTDI
                          001454
         001454
                                    CIC$
                                            001466
CID$
                                            001466
         001466
                  CLC$
                          001466
                                    CLD$
$DI
         001466
                  CIF$
                          001476
                                    CLF$
                                            001476
$RI
         001476
                  CIL$
                          001610
                                    CLIS
                                            001614
$CVT1F
                  $CVTIC
         001616
                          001632
                                    $CVTID
                                            001632
CCI$
         001644
                  CDI$
                          001644
                                    $IC
                                            001644
$ID
         001644
                  CFI$
                           001660
                                    $IR
                                            001660
RCI$
         001744
                  GCO$
                          002714
                                    FCO$
                                            002722
ECO$
         002726
                          002734
                  DCO$
                                    ADF$1S
                                            003656
ADF$PS
         003664
                  SUF$PS
                          003670
                                    SUF$MS
                                            003674
ADF$MS
         003706
                  SUFSIS
                          003716
                                    SADDF
                                            003724
$SUBF
                  SUF$SS
                                    $SBR
         003740
                          003752
                                            003752
ADF$SS
         003756
                  $ADR
                          003756
                                    ADD$
                                            003772
DIF$PS
         004416
                  DIF$MS
                          004422
                                    DIF$IS
                                            004432
$DIVF
         004440
                  DIF$SS
                          004452
                                    $DVR
                                            004452
MUF$PS
                                            004754
         004740
                  MUF$MS
                          004744
                                   MUF$IS
$MULF
                  MUF$SS
         004762
                          004774
                                    $MLR
                                            004774
DII$PS
         005304
                  DIIŞMS
                          005312
                                    DII$IS
                                            005316
DII$SS
         005320
                  $DVI
                           005320
                                    $OTI
                                            005456
$$OTI
         005460
                  $SETOP
                          005670
                                   $$SET
                                            007342
$XFI
         007636
                  XFI$
                          007650
                                    $PWRI
                                            007650
$INITI
         010126
                  ASSIGN
                          010244
                                    IOR$
                                            010670
AND$
         010674
                  EQV$
                          010702
                                            010704
                                    XORS
NMI$1M
        010720
                  NMI$1I
                          010732
                                    BLE$
                                            010742
BEQ$
         010744
                  BGT$
                          010752
                                    BGES
                                            010754
BRA$
         010756
                  BNE$
                          010762
                                    BLT$
                                            010764
CAI$
         010774
                  CAL$
                          011002
                                    $CLOSE
                                            011032
CLOSE
         011610
                  CMF$PS
                          011634
                                    CMF$MS
                                            011640
CMF$ IS
        011654
                  $CMPF
                          011662
                                    CMF$SS
                                            011674
$CMR
         011674
                  CMF$PI
                          011706
                                    CMF$MI
                                            011712
CMF$ I I
         011722
                  CMF$SI
                          011726
                                    CMF$PP
                                            011740
CMF$MP
         011744
                  CMF$IP
                          011754
                                    CMF$SP
                                            011760
CMF$PM
        011770
                  CMF$MM
                          011774
                                    CMF$ I M
                                            012004
CMF$SM
        012010
                  OCI$
                          012042
                                    ICI$
                                            012050
$ECI
         012064
                  OCO$
                          012244
                                    ICO$
                                            012252
CPL$SM
        012450
                  CPI$SM
                          012454
                                    CPF$SM
                                            012460
CPD$SM
        012472
                  SDUMPL
                          012504
                                    ENCS
                                            012632
         012636
$ENC
                  DEC$
                          012644
                                    $DEC
                                            012650
$OPNER
        013034
                  $CHKER
                          013072
                                    $IOEXI
                                            013116
$EOL
         013164
                  EOL$
                          013166
                                    $ERRTB
                                            013302
$ERRS
         013407
                  EXIT
                           017150
                                    $FCHNL
                                            017154
$FIO
         020016
                  $$FI0
                          020022
                                    MOF$IS
                                            021166
         021174
                          021202
MOF$ OS
                  MOF$MS
                                    MOF$PS
                                            021214
MOF$SM
        021220
                  MOF$SP
                          021230
                                   MOF$OM
                                            021234
MOF$ OA
         021244
                  MOF$OP
                          021250
                                    MOF$MM
                                            021254
        021266
                  MOF$MP
                          021274
MOF$MA
                                    MOF$PM
                                            021302
MOF$PA
         021306
                  MOFSPP
                          021312
                                    $GETFI
                                            021316
$GETRE
                  STTYIN
                          021430
        021354
                                    JMISP
                                            021564
JMI$M
         021566
                  JMC$
                           021572
                                    ADI$SS
                                            021624
ADI$SA
         021630
                  ADI$SM
                          021634
                                    ADI$IS
                                            021640
         021644
ADI$ I A
                  ADISIM
                           021650
                                    ADI$MS
                                            021654
AD I $MA
                  ADI$MM
                                    CMI$SS
                                            021670
         021660
                          021664
```

			_		
CMISSI	021674	CMISSM	021700	CMI\$IS	021704
CMI\$II	021710	CMI\$IM	021714	CMI\$MS	021720
CMI\$MI	021724	CMI\$MM	021730	IFR\$	021734
\$IFR	021740	\$\$1FR	021744	IFR\$\$	021776
i fw\$	022020	\$1FW	022024	\$\$1FW	022030
IFW\$\$	022066	ILW\$	022136	SILW	022142
TVS\$	022262	\$TVS	022264	MOISSS	023076
MOL\$SS	023076	MOI\$SM	023102	MOI\$SA	023106
MOISIS	023112	MOL\$ IS	023112	REL\$	023112
MOISIM	023116	MOI\$IA	023122	MOI\$MS	023126
MOISMM	023132	MOI\$MA	023136	MOI\$0S	023142
MOI\$0M	023146	MOI\$OA	023152	MOI\$1S	023156
MOI\$1M	023164	MOI\$1A	023172	ICI\$S	023200
ICI\$M	023204	ICI\$P	023210	ICI\$A	023212
DCI\$S	023216	DCI\$M	023222	DCI\$P	023226
DCI\$A	023230	CMI\$IP	023234	CMI\$SP	023236
CMI\$MP	023244	CMI\$PP	023254	CMI\$PS	023260
CMI\$PI	023266	CMI\$PM	023274	MOI\$IP	023302
MOI\$SP	023304	MOI\$PP	023312	MOI\$MP	023316
MOI\$PS	023326	MOI\$TT	023334	MOISPA	023310
MOI\$OP	023350	MOI\$1P	023356	SUI\$IP	023342
SUI\$SP	023370	SUISPP	023376	SUI\$MP	023300
SUI\$PS	023370		023370		
ISN\$		SUI\$PM	023440	SUI\$PA	023426 023454
•	023434	\$ISNTR		LSN\$	
\$LSNTR	023460	SUISSS	023614	SUISSA	023620
SUI\$SM	023624	SUISIS	023630	SUISIA	023634
SUI\$ IM	023640	SUISMS	023644	SUI\$MA	023650
SUI\$MM	023654	CML\$IS	023660	CML\$SS	023666
CML\$ IM	023674	CML\$SM	023676	CML\$MS	023702
CML\$MM	023706	MOL\$SM	023712	MOL\$SA	023716
MOLSMS	023722	MOL\$MM	023732	MOL\$MA	023736
MOL\$SP	023742	MOL\$PP	023750	MOL\$MP	023754
MOL\$PM	023764	MOL\$PS	023772	MOL\$PA	023776
MOL\$IM	024004	MOL\$IA	024012	MOL\$ IP	024020
LLF\$	024030	LEQ\$	024032	LGT\$	024040
LGE\$	024042	LNE\$	024052	LLT\$	024054
CML\$PS	024060	CML\$PI	024066	CML\$PM	024076
TSL\$S	024104	TSL\$M	024110	TSL\$I	024114
TSL\$P	024122	NMI\$II	024130	NMI\$MI	024166
NMI\$PI	024174	NPI\$II	024204	NPI\$MI	024210
NPI\$PI	024214	\$\$OPCL	024220	\$\$\$ERR	024332
\$\$\$DIS	024354	\$OSTMI	024456	\$OSTM	024462
\$PSE	025612	\$PSES	025646	BAH\$	025676
PSE\$	025712	\$PUTRE	025756	RET\$L	026264
RET\$ F	026270	RET\$ I	026276	RET\$	026300
IRR\$	026334	\$IRR	026340	IRW\$	026364
\$1RW	026370	\$GETIN	026744	\$SETIN	027002
DEF\$	027110	\$DEF	027114	\$PUTBL	027210
\$GETBL	027420	\$EOFIL	027604	SEOF2	027620
SAVRG\$	027640	THRDS	030016	SAVR4\$	030020
SSTPS	030104	STP\$	030112	SSTP	030112
FOO\$	030116	\$EXIT	030136	SOTIS	030262
\$\$OTIS	030264	TSI\$S	030404	TSDSS	030410
TSF\$S	030414	TSD\$M	030420	TSF\$M	030420
	_				

```
030420
                        TSISM
                                         TSD$ I
                                                  030424
                                                           TSF$ I
                                                                   030424
                                                  030430
                        TSI$I
                                         TSD$P
                                                           TSF$P
                                                                   030430
                                 030424
                        TSI$P
                                 030430
                                          TV L$
                                                  030436
                                                           STVL
                                                                   030436
                        TVFS
                                                  030444
                                                           TVD$
                                 030444
                                          STVF
                                                                   030452
                        $TVD
                                 030452
                                                  030460
                                                           $TVQ
                                          TVQ$
                                                                   030460
                                                  030466
                        TVP$
                                                           TV I$
                                 030466
                                          $TVP
                                                                   030474
                        $TVI
                                 030474
                                          SWAIT
                                                  030630
                                                           $VRINT
                                                                   030672
                        SAFSIM
                                 030704
                                          SAF$SM
                                                  030706
                                                           SVFSIM
                                                                   030720
                        SVF$SM
                                 030722
                                          SAF$MM
                                                  030742
                                                           SVF$MM
                                                                   030746
                                                  030754
                                                           SVF$IP
                        SAF$IP
                                          SAF$SP
                                                                   030766
                                 030752
                                                                   031014
                        SVF$SP
                                 030770
                                          SAF$MP
                                                  031010
                                                           SVF$MP
                                                  031022
                        SAI$IM
                                 031020
                                          SAI$SM
                                                           $BOUND
                                                                   031026
                                          SV I$SM
                                                  031054
                        SV I$ IM
                                 031052
                                                           SAI$MM
                                                                   031064
                                          SAL$IM
                                                  031074
                        SV I $MM
                                 031070
                                                           SAL$SM
                                                                   031076
                        SVL$IM
                                          SV L$ SM
                                                  031106
                                                           SAL$MM
                                 031104
                                                                   031114
                        SVL$MM
                                 031120
                                          SAL$IP
                                                  031124
                                                           SAL$SP
                                                                   031126
                        SVL$IP
                                          SV L$SP
                                                  031136
                                                           SAL$MP
                                 031134
                                                                   031144
                        SVL$MP
                                 031150
OTS$P
        031154 000054
                          (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
SYS$I
        031230 000042
                          (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
                        RCHAIN 031230
        031272 000000
USER$I
                          (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
$CODE
        031272 023130
                          (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
                                                           SORTIT
                        $$OTSC 031272
                                         CVTSCF
                                                  032242
                                                                   032320
                        NAMCLN
                                033012
                                          EXECUT
                                                  033314
                                                           GETNAM
                                                                   035364
                        GOTOMA
                                 035514
                                          PROGRM
                                                  035610
                                                           GETBUF
                                                                   040474
                                                  041052
                        GETFIL
                                 040720
                                          RESTOR
                                                           ERABUF
                                                                   042130
                        ACQSCF
                                 042414
                                          INCEXT
                                                  042512
                                                           INCR
                                                                   042576
                        AMP QND
                                 043202
                                          BASLIN
                                                  043470
                                                           ACUMMP
                                                                   043604
                                                  045030
                        SUMIT
                                 044524
                                         MAKPLT
                                                           PICTUR
                                                                   045554
                                 046044
                                          SCANER
                                                  046540
                                                           PLOTER
                                                                   046720
                        AXES
                        LABEL
                                 047442
                                          INITT
                                                  050312
                                                           MV2AI
                                                                   050432
                        DATIN
                                 050470
                                          INP
                                                  051200
                                                           DATOUT
                                                                   051662
                                 052372
                                         DIFAB
                                                  053054
                                                           ERAAIB
                                                                   053212
                        OUP
                                          TYPAIB
                                                  054204
                                                           WFCR
                                                                   054344
                        PLTAIB 053306
OTS$0
        054422 001036
                          (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
                        $$OTSO 054422 $OPEN
                                                  054422
        055460 000000
SYS$0
                          (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
$DATAP
        055460 005456
                          (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
OTS$D
        063136 000052
                          (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
                        NHCLN$ 063142
OTS$S
        063210 000004
                          (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
                         $AOTS
                                 063210
SYS$S
        063214 000004
                          (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
                         $SYSLB 063214 $LOCK
                                                  063216
                                                           $CRASH 063217
$DATA
        063220 000712
                          (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
        064132 000000
USER$D
                          (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
.$$$$.
        064132 000000
                          (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
DATA
        064132 002000
                          (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
                                 064132
                         DATA
VSCALF
        066132 000024
                          (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
                         VSCALF 066132
HSCALF
        066156 000024
                          (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
                         HSCALF 066156
```

```
066202 000004
NUMSA
                         (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
                        NUMSA
                                 066202
        066206 004000
BUFFA
                         (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
        072206 004000
                         (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
BUFFB
BUFFD
        076206 004000
                         (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
CNTRL
        102206 000426
                         (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
        102634 000220
                         (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
ID
        103054 000312
MUPROG
                          (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
        103366 000632
ΑI
                         (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
        104220 000014
PLT
                          (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
CURSOR
        104234 000022
                         (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
PLTLIM
        104256 000004
                          (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
        104262 003744
                        ENDIT
                                 104262
                                                  104270
                                                           DIGDAT
                                                                    104304
                                          RATC
                        UNTL
                                 104316
                                                  104326
                                                           MAKLSN
                                         RBB
                                                                   104420
                        MODDIG
                                 104430
                                         MAKTLK
                                                  104442
                                                           LLO
                                                                    104452
                        GTL
                                 104460
                                         RSCF
                                                  104466
                                                           REASC1
                                                                   104516
                        GETSCF
                                 104532
                                          DUMP SA
                                                  104560
                                                           DIGSA
                                                                    104620
                        OFFLIN
                                 104632
                                          SEMIGO
                                                  104642
                                                           CIF
                                                                    104652
                        BYTCNT
                                 105754
                                                  105756
                                          CKSUMR
                                                           CKSUMF
                                                                    105760
                        OUTWRD
                                 105770
                                                           ENDDEL
                                         DWA
                                                  105772
                                                                   106004
                        EOIFLG
                                 106006
                                                  106010
                                                           NOWAIT
                                         WAITFL
                                                                    106012
                        REDSA
                                 106016
                                         DUMP
                                                  106032
                                                           ATC
                                                                    106066
                        TALKIT
                                 106074
                                          LSNR
                                                  106416
                                                           SETTRM
                                                                   107150
                                 107176
                        CSR
                                                  107202
                                                           LINOUT
                                          BELL
                                                                   107236
                        ALFMOD
                                 107302
                                          MOVE
                                                  107336
                                                           DRAW
                                                                    107346
                        TRMOUT
                                 107626
                                                  107672
                                                           VTMODE
                                          TKMODE
                                                                    107736
                        DELAY
                                 110036
                                         VTPAGE
                                                  110056
                                                           ERASE
                                                                    110156
Segment size = 110226 = 18507. words
OTS$ I
        110230 000150
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
                        MUI$PS
                                 110230
                                         MUI$MS
                                                  110236
                                                           MUI$IS
                                                                    110242
                        MUISSS
                                 110244
                                          $MLI
                                                  110244
                                                           ABS
                                                                    110324
                        MOF$RS
                                 110342
                                                  110350
                                         MOF$RM
                                                           MOF$RA
                                                                   110360
                        MOF$RP
                                 110364
                                         CML$MI
                                                  110370
                                                           CML$SI
                                                                   110372
SYS$I
        110400 000000
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
USER$ I
        110400 000000
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
        110400 007532
$CODE
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
                        OUTPRO@ 110400
                                         INPROG@ 110602
                                                           ACUMSP@ 111004
                        AIBIN @ 111340
                                         AIBOUT@ 112056
                                                           INTGRT@ 112526
                                         AMPLIT
                        TRAP
                                 113134
                                                  113566
                                                           GETVAL 114056
                        AMPDAT@ 114724
                                         AMPCUR@ 115074
OTS$0
        115132 000000
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
        115132 000000
SYS$0
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
$DATAP
        115132 000450
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
OTS$D
        115602 000000
                          (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
OTS$S
        115602 000000
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
SYS$S
        115602 000000
                          (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
        115602 000356
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
$DATA
                          (RW,D,LCL, REL, CON)
USER$D
        116160 000000
        116160 000230
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
                        GRAFIN 116160
Segment size = 006160 = 1592.
```

```
110230 000000
OTS$I
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
        110230 000000
SYS$I
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
        110230 000000
USER$ I
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
        110230 003624
$CODE
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
                        LISTPR@ 110230
        114054 000000
OTSSO
                         (RW, I, LCL, REL, CON)
        114054 000000
SYS$0
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
        114054 003632
SDATAP
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
        117706 000000
OTS$D
                         (RW,D,LCL, REL, CON)
        117706 000000
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
OTS$S
        117706 000000
SYS$S
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
        117706 000020
$DATA
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
USERSD 117726 000000
                         (RW,D,LCL, REL, CON)
Segment size = 007476 = 1951. words
        110230 000000
OTS$ I
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
        110230 000042
SYS$I
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
                        CHAIN
                                110230
        110272 000000
USERSI
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
$CODE
        110272 002772
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
                        SETUP @ 110272 CHNFIT@ 112126
                                                          STORE
                                                                   112206
        113264 000000
OTS$0
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
        113264 000000
SYSSO
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
$DATAP
        113264 002202
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
        115466 000000
OTS$D
                         (RW,D,LCL, REL, CON)
OTS$S
        115466 000000
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
SYS$S
        115466 000000
                         (RW,D,LCL, REL, CON)
$DATA
        115466 000104
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
USER$D
        115572 000000
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
Segment size = 005342 = 1393. words
```

The linkage map for the Multiphoton program:

RT-11 LINK V06.01 Load Map Tue 10-Jan-84 01:47:32 MULTIP.SAV Title: MULTIP Ident: FORV02

```
ABS.
        000000 001000
                        (RW,I,GBL,ABS,OVR)
                       $USRSW 000000 $RF2A1
                                                000000
                                                        SHRDWR
                                                                000000
                        .VIR
                               000000 $NLCHN
                                                000006
                                                        $SYSV$
                                                                 000012
                       $WASIZ
                               000152 $LRECL
                                                000210
                                                        $TRACE
                                                                004737
$OHAND
       001000 000106
                        (RW,I,GBL,REL,CON)
                       $OVRH
                                001002 OSREAD
                                                001024
                                                        O$ DONE
                                                                001036
                       $ODF1
                                001102
                                        $ODF2
                                                001104 -
$OTABL
        001106 000406
                        (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
OTS$ I
        001514 024204
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
                       $$OTSI 001514 ADF$IM 001514
                                                        ADF$PM 001522
```

```
SUF$PM
        001526
                 SUF$MM
                          001532
                                   ADF$MM
                                           001544
SUF$ IM
        001554
                 SUF$SM
                          001560
                                   ADF$SM
                                           001564
ADF$IP
        001604
                 ADF$PP
                          001612
                                   SUF$PP
                                            001616
SUF$MP
        001622
                 ADF$MP
                          001634
                                   SUF$IP
                                            001644
SUF$SP
        001650
                 ADF$SP
                          001654
                                   $CVTFB
                                            001674
$CVTFI
        001674
                 $CVTCB
                          001710
                                   $CVTCI
                                            001710
$CVTDB
        001710
                 $CVTDI
                          001710
                                   CIC$
                                            001722
CID$
        001722
                 CLC$
                          001722
                                   CLD$
                                            001722
$DI
        001722
                 CIF$
                          001732
                                   CLF$
                                            001732
$RI
        001732
                 CIL$
                          002044
                                   CLI$
                                            002050
$CVTIF
        002052
                 $CVTIC
                          002066
                                   $CVTID
                                            002066
CCI$
        002100
                          002100
                                   $IC
                                            002100
                 CDI$
$ID
        002100
                 CFI$
                          002114
                                   $IR
                                            002114
RCI$
        002200
                 GCO$
                          003150
                                   FCOS
                                            003156
ECO$
        003162
                 DCO$
                          003170
                                   ADF$IS
                                            004112
        004120
                          004124
                                   SUF$MS
                                            004130
ADF$PS
                 SUF$PS
                          004152
                                   $ADDF
                                            004160
ADF$MS
        004142
                 SUF$1S
$SUBF
        004174
                 SUF$SS
                          004206
                                   $SBR
                                            004206
ADF$SS
        004212
                 $ADR
                          004212
                                   ADD$
                                            004226
                          004656
                                            004666
DIF$PS
        004652
                 DIF$MS
                                   DIF$IS
                                            004706
$DIVF
        004674
                 DIFSSS
                          004706
                                   $DVR
MUF$PS
        005174
                 MUF$MS
                          005200
                                   MUF$IS
                                            005210
        005216
                 MUF$SS
                          005230
                                   $MLR
                                            005230
$MULF
                          005546
                                            005552
MUI$PS
        005540
                 MUI$MS
                                   MUI$IS
MUI$SS
                          005554
                                            005662
        005554
                 SMLI
                                   $OTI
SSOTI
        005664
                 SSETOP
                          006074
                                   $$SET
                                            007546
$INITI
        010042
                 IOR$
                          010160
                                   AND$
                                            010164
        010172
                          010174
                                   NMI$1M
                                            010210
EQV$
                 XOR$
        010222
                          010232
                                   BEQ$
                                            010234
NMI$1I
                 BLES
BGT$
        010242
                 BGE$
                          010244
                                   BRA$
                                            010246
BNE$
        010252
                 BLT$
                          010254
                                   CAI$
                                            010264
                                            011100
        010272
                 $CLOSE
                          010322
                                   CMF$PS
CAL$
CMF$MS
                 CMF$ IS
                          011120
                                   $CMPF
                                            011126
        011104
CMF$SS
        011140
                 SCMR
                          011140
                                   CMF$PI
                                            011152
CMF$MI
        011156
                  CMF$ I I
                          011166
                                   CMF$SI
                                            011172
CMF$PP
        011204
                 CMF$MP
                          011210
                                   CMF$IP
                                            011220
         011224
                  CMF$PM
                          011234
                                   CMF$MM
                                            011240
CMF$SP
CMF$IM
        011250
                  CMF$SM
                          011254
                                   OCI$
                                            011306
         011314
                  $ECI
                          011330
                                   OCO$
                                            011510
ICI$
         011516
                  CPL$SM
                          011714
                                   CPI$SM
                                            011720
ICO$
        011724
                          011736
                                   $DUMPL
                                            011750
CPF$SM
                  CPD$SM
         012076
                          012102
                                   DEC$
                                            012110
ENCS
                  $ENC
SDEC
         012114
                  SOPNER
                          012300
                                   $CHKER
                                            012336
        012362
                          012430
                                   EOL$
                                            012432
$10EXI
                  $EOL
                          012653
                                   EXIT
                                            016414
$ERRTB
         012546
                  $ERRS
         016420
                  $FIO
                          017262
                                   $$FI0
                                            017266
$FCHNL
MOF$ IS
        020432
                 MOF$0S
                          020440
                                   MOF$MS
                                            020446
MOF$PS
         020460
                 MOF$SM
                          020464
                                   MOF$SP
                                            020474
                  MOF$0A
                          020510
                                   MOF$OP
                                            020514
MOF$ OM
         020500
         020520
                  MOF$MA
                          020532
                                   MOF$MP
                                            020540
MOF$MM
                          020552
                                   MOF$PP
                                            020556
MOF$PM
         020546
                  MOF$PA
                                   JMI$P
                                            020772
         020562
                          020636
$GETRE
                  $TTYIN
JMI$M
         020774
                  JMC$
                           021000
                                   ADI$SS
                                            021032
                          021042
                                   ADI$IS
                                            021046
ADI$SA
         021036
                  ADI$SM
```

					_
ADI\$ I A	021052	ADI\$ IM	021056	ADI\$MS	021062
ADI\$MA	021066	ADI\$MM	021072	CMI\$SS	021076
CMI\$SI	021102	CMI\$SM	021106	CMI\$IS	021112
CMI\$II	021116	CMI\$IM	021122	CMI\$MS	021126
CMI\$MI	021132	CMI\$MM	021136	IFR\$	021142
\$ I F R	021146	\$\$1FR	021152	ifr\$\$	021204
i PW\$	021226	\$IFW	021232	\$\$IFW	021236
IFW\$\$	021274	ILW\$	021344	\$ILW	021350
TVS\$	021470	\$TVS	021472	MOI\$SS	022304
MOL\$SS	022304	MOI\$SM	022310	MOI\$SA	022314
MOI\$IS	022320	MOL\$IS	022320	REL\$	022320
MOI\$IM	022324	MOI\$IA	022330	MOI\$MS	022334
MOI\$MM	022340	MOI\$MA	022344	MOI\$0S	022350
MOI\$OM	022354	MOI\$OA	022360	MOI\$1S	022364
MOI\$1M	022372	MOI\$1A	022400	ICI\$S	022406
ICI\$M	022412	ICI\$P	022416	ICI\$A	022420
DCI\$S	022424	DCI\$M	022430	DCI\$P	022434
DCI\$A	022436	CMI\$IP	022442	CMI\$SP	022444
CMI\$MP	022452	CMI\$PP	022462	CMI\$PS	022466
CMI\$PI	022474	CMI\$PM	022502	MOI\$IP	022510
MOI\$SP	022512	MOI\$PP	022520	MOI\$MP	022524
MOI\$PS	022534	MOI\$PM	022542	MOI\$PA	022550
MOI\$OP	022556	MOI\$1P	022564	SUI\$ IP	022574
SUI\$SP	022576	SUI\$PP	022604	SUISMP	022610
SUI\$PS	022620	SUISPM	022626	SUI\$PA	022634
ISN\$	022642	\$ISNTR	022646	LSN\$	022662
SLSNTR	022666	SUISSS	023022	SUI\$SA	023026
SUI\$SM	023032	SUI\$IS	023036	SUI\$IA	023042
SUISIM	023046	SUISMS	023052	SUI\$MA	023056
SUI\$MM	023062	CML\$IS	023066	CML\$SS	023074
CML\$ IM	023102	CML\$SM	023104	CML\$MS	023110
CML\$MM	023114	MOL\$SM	023120	MOL\$SA	023124
MOLSMS	023130	MOLSMM	023140	MOL\$MA	023144
MOL\$SP	023150	MOL\$PP	023156	MOL\$MP	023162
MOL\$ PM	023172	MOLSPS	023200	MOL\$PA	023204
MOL\$ IM	023212	MOL\$IA	023220	MOL\$IP	023226
LLE\$	023236	LEQ\$	023240	LGT\$	023246
LGE\$	023250	LNE\$	023260	LLT\$	023262
CML\$PS	023266	CML\$PI	023274	CML\$PM	023304
TSL\$S	023312	TSL\$M	023316	TSLSI	023322
TSLSP	023330	NMI\$II	023336	NMI\$MI	023374
NMISPI	023402	NPI\$II	023412	NPI\$MI	023416
NPI\$PI	023422	\$PUTRE	023426	RET\$L	023734
RET\$F	023740	RET\$ I	023746	RET\$	023750
\$PUTBL	024004	\$GETBL	024214	\$EOFIL	024400
\$EOF2	024414	SAVRG\$	024434	THRD\$	024612
\$STPS	024614	STP\$	024622	\$STP	024622
FOO\$	024626	ŞEXIT	024646	\$OTIS	024772
\$\$0TIS	024774	TSI\$S	025114	TSD\$S	025120
TSF\$S	025124	TSD\$M	025130	TSF\$M	025130
TSI\$M	025124	TSD\$1	025136	TSF\$1	025136
TSI\$I	025130	TSD\$P	025134	TSF\$P	025134
TSI\$P	025134	TV L\$	025146	\$TVL	025146
TVF\$	025154	\$TVF	025154	TVD\$	025162
	·/ • / 1 / 7	~ · · ·	シモンエンマ	Y + DA	V = 7 1 U L

```
$TVD
                                                  025170
                                                           $TVO
                                 025162
                                         TVQ$
                                                                   025170
                        TVP$
                                          STVP
                                                           TV I$
                                                                   025204
                                 025176
                                                  025176
                        $TVI
                                 025204
                                          $WAIT
                                                  025340
                                                           $VRINT
                                                                   025402
                                                           SVFSIM
                        SAF$ IM
                                 025414
                                         SAF$SM
                                                  025416
                                                                   025430
                                                  025452
                                                           SVFSMM
                        SVF$SM
                                 025432
                                         SAF$MM
                                                                   025456
                        SAF$IP
                                                  025464
                                                           SVF$IP
                                                                   025476
                                 025462
                                         SAF$SP
                        SVF$SP
                                 025500
                                         SAF$MP
                                                  025520
                                                           SVF$MP
                        SAISIM
                                 025530
                                         SAI$SM
                                                  025532
                                                           SBOUND
                                                                   025536
                                          SV I$SM
                                                           SAI$MM
                        SVI$IM
                                 025562
                                                  025564
                                                                   025574
                        SV I $MM
                                                  025604
                                                           SAI$SP
                                                                   025606
                                 025600
                                         SAI$IP
                        SVI$IP
                                 025616
                                          SV I$SP
                                                  025620
                                                           SAI$MP
                                                                   025630
                                                  025640
                                                           SAL$SM
                        SV I $MP
                                 025634
                                         SAL$ IM
                                                                   025642
                        SVL$IM
                                          SVL$SM
                                                  025652
                                                           SAL$MM
                                 025650
                                                                   025660
                                                  025670
                        SVL$MM
                                                           SAL$SP
                                                                   025672
                                 025664
                                          SAL$IP
                        SVL$IP
                                 025700
                                          SVL$SP
                                                  025702
                                                           SAL$MP
                                                                   025710
                        SVL$MP
                                 025714
OTS$P
        025720 000054
                         (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
        025774 000000
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
SYS$ I
        025774 000000
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
USER$I
        025774 010574
$CODE
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
                        $$OTSC 025774
                                                  026574
                                                          MAKPLT
                                                                   030636
                                         EXECUT
                                                  031736
                                                           SCANER
                                                                   032400
                                031412
                                         AXES
                        PICTUR
                                                  033224
                        PLOTER
                                 032560
                                         LABMDP
                                                           SETMDP
                                                                   034666
                                                  035452
                        DRWMDP
                                 035156
                                         ERATXT
                                                           TYPMDP
                                                                   035630
                                                  036136
                                                           GETNAM
                        PRTERR 036010
                                         NAMCLN
                                                                   036440
        036570 001036
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
OTS$0
                        $$OTSO 036570
                                         SOPEN
                                                  036570
        037626 000000
SYS$0
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
                          (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
$DATAP
        037626 001420
OTS$D
        041246 000006
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
                         NHCLN$
                                041252
OTS$S
        041254 000002
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
                        $AOTS
                                 041254
        041256 000000
SYS$S
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
        041256 001720
                          (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
SDATA
        043176 000000
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
USER$D
        043176 000000
                          (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
.$$$$.
DATA
        043176 002000
                         (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
                                 043176
                         DATA
VSCALF
        045176 000024
                          (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
                        VSCALF 045176
HSCALF
        045222 000024
                         (RW.D.GBL, REL, OVR)
                         HSCALF 045222
NUMSA
        045246 000004
                         (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
                                 045246
                         NUMSA
BUFFA
        045252 004000
                         (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
BUFFB
        051252 004000
                          (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
BUFFD
        055252 004000
                          (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
CNTRL
        061252 000424
                          (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
ID
        061676 000220
                          (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
MUPROG
        062116 000310
                          (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
AI
        062426 000632
                          (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
        063260 000014
                          (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
PLT
CURSOR
        063274 000022
                          (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
```

```
063316 000004
                          (RW,D,GBL,REL,OVR)
PLTLIM
        063322 003506
                          (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
GOSFOR
                         INITGA 063322
                                         STARTG
                                                  063454
                                                           CLRMDP
                                                                    063520
                        WFMDP
                                 063536
                                         PHYSAD
                                                  063572
                                                           DLINE
                                                                    063612
                        OLINE
                                         CIRCLE
                                 063636
                                                  063664
                                                           ELLIPS
                                                                    063712
                        DPOINT
                                                                    064004
                                 063740
                                         OPOINT
                                                  063762
                                                           TEXT
                         ITEXT
                                 064022
                                         DFILL
                                                  064040
                                                           OFILL
                                                                    064066
                                                           COLOR
                        DCLEAR
                                 064114
                                         OCLEAR
                                                  064130
                                                                    064144
                        COLT
                                 064164
                                                  064202
                                                           RGM
                                                                    064222
                                          DMA
                        WGM
                                 064246
                                         XRMDP
                                                  064272
                                                           WMDP
                                                                    064312
                         RMDP
                                 064332
                                          SETCLR
                                                  064352
                                                           SETMOD
                                                                    064370
                         SETOVR
                                 064406
                                         GOSIN
                                                  064424
                                                           DISPLA
                                                                    064440
                                         PICMOV
                        SETZOM
                                 064456
                                                  064500
                                                           GRID
                                                                    064522
                        WINDOW
                                 064540
                                                  064560
                                                                    064576
                                         MOVIE
                                                           CURSOR
                        CRSOFF
                                 064620
                                          WFTRM
                                                  064634
                                                           DRAGON
                                                                    064650
                        DRGOFF
                                 064666
                                          CHECK1
                                                  064702
                                                           CHECK2
                                                                    064716
                        USRPGM
                                 064732
                                          DELAY
                                                  065000
                                                           XNOP
                                                                    065016
                        SETTXT
                                 065032
                                          CLRTXT
                                                  065046
                                                           SETGR
                                                                    065062
                                          SETOVD
                        CLRGR
                                 065076
                                                  065112
                                                           CLROVD
                                                                    065130
                                                           SETEXT
                        WAITVR
                                         RCALL
                                                  065162
                                                                    065200
                                 065146
                                          JUMP
                                                  065230
                                                           XGOS
                                                                    066744
                         CLREXT
                                 065214
MAPRO
        067030 000010
                          (RW, I, LCL, REL, CON)
                        MAPRO
                                 067030
Segment size = 067040 = 14096. words
        067042 000270
OTS$ I
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
                                                  067054
                                                                    067054
                         $XFI
                                 067042 XFI$
                                                           $PWRI
SYSSI
        067332 000000
                          (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
USER$I
        067332 000000
                          (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
$CODE
        067332 002426
                          (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
                         CVTSCF
                                067332
                                         SORTIT
                                                  067410
                                                           ACUMMP@ 070102
                         SUMIT
                                 071022 ACOSCF@ 071326
                                                           ACUMSP@ 071424
OTS$0
        071760 000000
                          (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
SYS$0
        071760 000000
                          (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
SDATAP
        071760 000222
                          (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
OTS$D
        072202 000000
                          (RW,D,LCL, REL, CON)
OTS$S
        072202 000000
                          (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
SYS$S
        072202 000000
                          (RW,D,LCL, REL, CON)
$DATA
        072202 000122
                          (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
USER$D
        072324 000000
                          (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
        072324 002666
                          (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
                                 072324
                                                  072332
                                                           DIGDAT
                                                                    072346
                         ENDIT
                                          RATC
                        UNTL
                                 072360
                                          RBB
                                                  072370
                                                           MAKLSN
                                                                    072462
                                                                    072514
                                                  072504
                        MODDIG
                                 072472
                                          MAKTLK
                                                           LLO
                         GTL
                                 072522
                                          RSCF
                                                  072530
                                                           REASC1
                                                                    072560
                         GETSCF
                                 072574
                                          DUMP SA
                                                  072622
                                                           DIGSA
                                                                    072662
                                                           CIF
                                                                    072714
                                 072674
                                          SEMIGO
                                                  072704
                         OFFLIN
                                 074016
                                          CKSUMR
                                                  074020
                                                           CKSUMF
                                                                    074022
                         BYTCNT
                         OUTWRD
                                 074032
                                          DWA
                                                  074034
                                                           ENDDEL
                                                                    074046
                         EOIFLG
                                 074050
                                          WAITFL
                                                  074052
                                                           NOWAIT
                                                                    074054
                                                                    074130
                                 074060
                                          DUMP
                                                  074074
                                                           ATC
                         REDSA
                         TALKIT
                                 074136
                                          LSNR
                                                   074460
Segment size = 006150 = 1588.
                                 words
```

```
067042 000000
OTS$I
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
        067042 000000
SYS$I
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
        067042 000000
USER$ I
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
        067042 004016
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
SCODE
                        PROGRM@ 067042 GETBUF
                                                  072502 GETFIL 072726
        073060 000000
OTS$0
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
        073060 000000
SYS$0
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
        073060 004136
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
$DATAP
OTS$D
        077216 000000
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
OTS$S
        077216 000000
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
SYS$S
        077216 000000
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
        077216 000050
$DATA
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
USER$D
        077266 000000
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
Segment size = 010224 = 2122. words
        067042 000000
OTS$ I
                          (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
        067042 000000
SYS$I
                         (RW, I, LCL, REL, CON)
        067042 000000
USER$ I
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
$CODE
        067042 004100
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
                        LISTPR@ 067042
        073142 000000
OTS$0
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
        073142 000000
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
SYS$0
SDATAP
        073142 004044
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
OTSSD
        077206 000000
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
OTS$S
        077206 000000
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
        077206 000000
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
SYS$S
        077206 000030
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
SDATA
        077236 000000
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
USER$D
Segment size = 010174 = 2110. words
OTS$ I
        067042 001664
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
                        DII$PS
                                067042
                                         DIISMS
                                                  067050
                                                          DII$IS
                                                                   067054
                        DIISSS
                                 067056
                                         $DVI
                                                  067056
                                                          ILR$
                                                                   067166
                                 067172
                                         ABS
                                                  070516
                                                          STK$L
                                                                   070534
                        $ILR
                                 070540
                                                  070544
                                                                   070554
                        STK$I
                                         STK$F
                                                          LCI$
                        LCO$
                                 070622
                                         MOF$RS
                                                  070662
                                                          MOF$RM
                                                                   070670
                                                  070704
                        MOF$RA 070700
                                         MOF$RP
                                                          MOI$RS
                                                                   070710
                                         MOI$RM
                                                  070714
                                                          MOI$RP
                                                                   070720
                        MOL$RS 070710
                        MOI$RA 070722
SYS$I
        070726 000030
                         (RW.I.LCL.REL.CON)
                                 070726
                                                  070736
                                                                   070746
                        IPEEK
                                          IPOKE
                                                          ITTINR
        070756 000000
USER$I
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
        070756 007062
$CODE
                          (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
                        SETUP @ 070756
                                         AMPOND@ 072456
                                                          BASLIN
                                                                   072760
                        INTGRT@ 073074
                                         TRAP
                                                  073444
                                                          AMPLIT
                                                                   074076
                                         LAPI
                                                  076300
                                074304
                                                          LAB2
                                                                   076346
                        GETVAL
                                                  076672
                                                                   076740
                        LAB3
                                 076414
                                         LAB4
                                                          INITCU
                        ERACUR 077130
                                         DRWCUR
                                                  077254
                                                          AMPDAT@ 077632
                        AMPCUR@ 100002
OTS$0
        100040 000000
                          (RW.I.LCL, REL, CON)
SYS$0
        100040 000000
                          (RW.I.LCL.REL,CON)
$DATAP
        100040 002622
                          (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
```

```
102662 000000
OTS$D
                         (RW,D,LCL, REL, CON)
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
        102662 000000
OTS$S
        102662 000004
SYS$S
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
                        $SYSLB 102662 $LOCK
                                                 102664
                                                         $CRASH 102665
        102666 001100
$DATA
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
       103766 000000
USER$D
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
Segment size = 014724 = 3306. words
        067042 002414
OTS$ I
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
                                                         $$OPCL
                        CLOSE
                                067042
                                        $GETFI
                                                067066
                                                                 067124
                        $$$ERR
                                067236
                                        $$$DIS
                                                067260
                                                         $0STMI
                                                                 067362
                        $OSTM
                                067366
                                        IRR$
                                                070516
                                                         $IRR
                                                                 070522
                        I RW$
                                070546
                                        $IRW
                                                 070552
                                                         $GETIN
                                                                 071126
                        $SETIN
                               071164
                                        DEF$
                                                 071272
                                                         $DEF
                                                                 071276
                        SAVR4$
                               071372
        071456 000000
                         (RW, I, LCL, REL, CON)
SYS$I
        071456 000000
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
USER$ I
$CODE
        071456 006206
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
                        PLTAIR@ 071456 GOTOMA@ 071730
                                                         ERABUF@ 072024
                        INCEXT@ 072310
                                                 072374
                                                         MV2AI @ 073000
                                        INCR
                        DATIN @ 073036
                                        INP
                                                 073546
                                                         DATOUT@ 074230
                                        DIFAB @ 075422
                        OUP
                                074740
                                                         ERAAIB@ 075560
                        TYPAIB@ 075654
                                        WFCR @ 076014
                                                         OUTPRO@ 076072
                                        AIBIN @ 076476
                                                         AIBOUT@ 077214
                        INPROG@ 076274
OTS$0
        077664 000000
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
        077664 000000
                         (RW,I,LCL, REL, CON)
SYS$0
        077664 000634
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
$DATAP
OTS$D
        100520 000044
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
        100564 000002
OTS$S
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
        100566 000000
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
SYS$S
        100566 000300
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
$DATA
        101066 000000
                         (RW,D,LCL,REL,CON)
USER$D
        101066 000220
                         (RW,I,LCL,REL,CON)
                        LASER @ 101066 MOVBUR@ 101146 SHUTTR@ 101226
                        JOLTS @ 101252
Segment size = 012244 = 2642.
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H. Typical cross reference table

************* CROSS REFERENCE TABLE FOR MULTIP.MIZ ************

ROUTINE (OVERLAY SEGMENT)	CALLS	ROUTINE(S) (OVERLAY SEGMENT)
ACQSCF (SEG1)		CIF (SEG1), CVTSCF (SEG1)
ACUMMP (SEG1)		CIF (SEG1), CVTSCF (SEG1)
ACUMSP (SEG1)		CIF (SEG1), CVTSCF (SEG1)
AIBIN (SEG5)		INCEXT (SEG5)
AIBOUT (SEG5)		INCEXT (SEG5)
AMPCUR (SEG4)		AMPLIT (SEG4)
AMPDAT (SEG4)		AMPLIT (SEG4)
AMPLIT (SEG4)		GETVAL (SEG4)
AMPOND (SEG4)		SCANER (ROOT), BASLIN (SEG4)

```
CVTSCF (SEG1)
                                                    *** NONE ***
DATIN (SEG5)
                                                    INCEXT (SEG5)
DATOUT (SEG5)
                                                    INCEXT (SEG5)
DIFAB (SEG5)
                                                    *** NONE ***
ERAAIB (SEG5)
                                                    *** NONE ***
ERABUF (SEG5)
                                                    *** NONE ***
EXECUT (ROOT)
                                                    OVERLAID EXECUTION MODULES
GETNAM (ROOT)
                                                    NAMCLN (ROOT)
GETVAL (SEG4)
                                                    WFMDP (ROOT), INITCU (ROOT)
                                                    LAB1 (ROOT), LAB2 (ROOT),
                                                    LAB4 (ROOT), ERACUR (ROOT)
                                                    DRWCUR (ROOT), TYPMDP (ROOT)
GOTOMA (SEG5)
                                                    *** NONE ***
INCEXT (SEG5)
                                                    *** NONE ***
INPROG (SEG5)
                                                    GETNAM (ROOT)
INTGRT (SEG4)
                                                    GETVAL (SEG4), TRAP (SEG4)
JOLTS (SEG5)
                                                    *** NONE ***
LASER (SEG5)
                                                    *** NONE ***
LISTPR (SEG?)
                                                    *** NONE ***
MAKPLT (ROOT)
                                                    PICTUR (ROOT), AXES (ROOT),
                                                    SCANER (ROOT), PLOTER (ROOT)
                                                    LABMDP (ROOT), DRWMDP (ROOT)
                                                    TYPMDP (ROOT), SETMDP (ROOT)
                                                    ERATXT (ROOT), GOSFOR (ROOT)
MOVBUR (SEG5)
                                                    *** NONE ***
MULTIP (ROOT)
                                                   SETUP (SEG4), PROGRM (SEG2),
                                                   GOTOMA (SEG5), EXECUT (ROOT),
                                                   OUTPRO (SEG5), INPROG (SEG5),
                                                  LISTPR (SEG?)
MV2AI (SEG5)
                                                   *** NONE ***
NAMCLN (ROOT)
                                                   *** NONE ***
OUTPRO (SEG5)
                                                  GETNAM (ROOT)
PLTAIR (SEG5)
                                                  SETMDP (ROOT), AXES (ROOT),
                                                  SCANER (ROOT), PLOTER (ROOT)
                                                  LABMDP (ROOT)
PROGRM (SEG2)
                                                  GETBUF (SEG2), GETFIL (SEG2)
SETUP (SEG4)
                                                  GETNAM (ROOT)
SHUTTR (SEG5)
                                                  *** NONE ***
                                                  *** NONE ***
TYPAIB (SEG5)
WFCR (SEG5)
                                                  *** NONE ***
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